

Richard Wagner

Der Fliegende Holländer

(The Flying Dutchman)

OUVERTURE.

Allegro con brio. $\text{♩} = 72$.

Piccolo.

Flauti I. II.

Oboi I. II.

Clarinetti I. II in B (sib).

Corno inglese.

Corni I. II in F (Fa).

Corni III. IV in D (Ré).

Fagotti I. II.

Trombe I. II in F (Fa).

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in Du. A (Ré La).

Arpa.

Violini.

Viola.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

f *p* *molto cresc.* *molto marcato* *sempre più f* *p* *cresc.* *molto cresc.* *molto cresc.* *molto cresc.* *molto cresc.* *molto cresc.*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Picc.

The score is for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer*. It features a variety of instruments including Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Clar.), Horns (Corni I II and III IV), Bassoon (Fag.), Trombone (Tromba I II and Tromboni), Tuba (Tuba), Timpani (Timp.), Violin (Vl.), Viola, Violoncello (Vcl.), and Contrabass (Cb.). The score is marked *Picc.* and includes dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f molto marcato*. The music is written in a key signature of one flat and a 3/4 time signature. The score is arranged in a standard orchestral layout with woodwinds and brass in the upper staves, strings in the lower staves, and percussion in the middle. The woodwinds and brass parts are marked with *ff* (fortissimo) and the strings with *f molto marcato* (f marcato molto). The percussion part is marked with *f molto marcato*. The score is written in a key signature of one flat and a 3/4 time signature. The music is written in a standard orchestral layout with woodwinds and brass in the upper staves, strings in the lower staves, and percussion in the middle. The woodwinds and brass parts are marked with *ff* (fortissimo) and the strings with *f molto marcato* (f marcato molto). The percussion part is marked with *f molto marcato*.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first five grouped by a brace on the left. The second system consists of five staves, also with the first three grouped by a brace. The music is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of 3/4. The score is characterized by a dense texture of chords and moving lines. Dynamic markings are prominent, including *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs, indicating a complex and expressive piece.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page features a complex arrangement of staves. The upper section consists of ten staves, with the first two being vocal lines and the remaining eight being instrumental. The lower section consists of five staves of piano accompaniment. The score is marked with various dynamics, including *ff* (fortissimo), *f* (forte), and *stacc.* (staccato). The notation includes a variety of note values, rests, and articulation marks. The key signature is D major, and the time signature is 3/4. The score is written in a traditional musical notation style with a clear layout of staves and dynamic markings.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first two grouped by a brace on the left. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. It features a variety of note values, including half notes, quarter notes, and eighth notes, with many notes beamed together. Dynamic markings such as *f*, *ff*, and *fff* are used throughout. The second system consists of five staves, also with the first two grouped by a brace. This system is characterized by a more rhythmic and melodic texture, with frequent use of slurs and staccato markings. Dynamic markings include *f*, *ff*, *stacc.*, and *fff*. The notation includes various accidentals and articulation marks.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

A

The musical score consists of two systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line features a melodic line with various dynamics such as *dimin.*, *più dimin.*, and *p*. The piano accompaniment includes a right-hand part with chords and a left-hand part with a rhythmic pattern. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts, with the vocal line ending in a measure marked *in A (La)*. The piano accompaniment includes a right-hand part with chords and a left-hand part with a rhythmic pattern. The score is marked with various dynamics and performance instructions, including *dimin.*, *più dimin.*, *p*, *più p*, and *div*. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The score is marked with a large 'A' at the top right and a smaller 'A' at the bottom right.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob.
Clar.
Corni.
Fag.
Timp.
Viola.
Vcl.
Cb.

sempre più p *pp*

Flauti. Andante. ritard. a tempo ritard. a tempo

Oboi. I. *p dolce* *p*

Clar. *p dolce*

Corno ingl. *p dolce* *p* *pp*

Corni in F (Fa) *p dolce* *p* *p* *più p*

Corni in A (La). *p dolce* *p* *p* *pp*

Fag. *p dolce* *a tempo* *ritard.* *a tempo* *pp*

Andante.

Animando un poco.

Fl.
pp
Ob.
pp
Clar.
pp
Cor. ingl.
p marcato
I.
pp
Corni.
p
poco cresc.
Tromboni.
p
poco cresc.

Animando un poco.

poco cresc. - - - - - *dimin.*

B

Cor. ingl.
dimin. - - - - - *pp*
(Corno ingl. tacet)
dimin. - - - - - *più p*
dimin. - - - - - *più p*
Fag.
IV. *p*
I. *p*
Tromboni.
II. III. *pp*
I. II. *f*
Tuba.
più p *pp*
pp *accel.* *f*
Timp.
pp *p molto cresc.*

B

accel.

f

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Picc. Tempo I.

Fl. I. D. *f* *dimin.* *p*

Ob. *f* *dimin.* *p*

Clar. *p* *f* *p cresc.* *f* *dimin.*

I. H. *p* *f* *p cresc.* *f* *dimin.*

Corni III. IV in D (Re) *p* *f* *p cresc.* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Fag. *p* *f* *p cresc.* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Trombe. *f*

Tromboni. *f*

Tuba. *f*

Timp. *f*

Tempo I.

vi. *f* *p* *p cresc.* *f* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Viola. *f* *p* *p cresc.* *f* *f* *trem.* *dimin.* *p*

Vcl. *f* *p* *p cresc.* *f* *f* *trem.* *dimin.* *p*

Cb. *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *dimin.* *p*

Tempo I.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first two staves being vocal lines and the remaining eight being piano accompaniment. The piano part includes a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and two additional bass staves. The second system consists of five staves, all of which are piano accompaniment, including a grand staff and two additional bass staves. The score is marked with various dynamics: *cresc.* (crescendo), *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *dim.* (diminuendo). The second system also includes *trem.* (trémolo) markings. The music is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat major/D minor) and a 2/4 time signature.

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This system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for the vocal line, with dynamics *p cresc.* and *ff*. The next two staves are for the piano accompaniment, with dynamics *f* and *ff*. The bottom three staves are for the cello and double bass, with dynamics *f* and *ff*. The score features complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings throughout.

This system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top two staves are for the vocal line, with dynamics *p cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*. The next two staves are for the piano accompaniment, with dynamics *f* and *ff*. The bottom staff is for the cello and double bass, with dynamics *f* and *ff*. The score includes a *(div.)* marking and various dynamic markings.

Accel.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The first seven staves are grouped by a brace on the left. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The sixth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The seventh staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The eighth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The ninth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score includes dynamic markings such as *p cresc.* and *ff*. The tempo marking *Accel.* is located at the top right of the system.

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The third staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fourth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score includes dynamic markings such as *p cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*. The tempo marking *Accel.* is located at the bottom right of the system. The word *trem.* is written above the first three staves.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page features two systems of staves. The first system consists of ten staves, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The second system consists of five staves, primarily for piano accompaniment. The score is marked with various dynamics and articulations.

System 1 (Top):

- Staff 1: *ff*
- Staff 2: *ff*
- Staff 3: *f*
- Staff 4: *f*
- Staff 5: *f*
- Staff 6: *f*
- Staff 7: *f*
- Staff 8: *ff* (with *a 3* marking)
- Staff 9: *f*
- Staff 10: *f*

System 2 (Bottom):

- Staff 1: *f stacc.*
- Staff 2: *f stacc.*
- Staff 3: *f stacc.*
- Staff 4: *f stacc.*
- Staff 5: *f stacc.*

Dynamic markings *ff* and *f* are used throughout. The first system concludes with *fp cresc.* and *ff* markings. The second system concludes with *f stacc.* markings.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains 18 staves of music, organized into two systems of nine staves each. The top system includes a vocal line (Soprano) and an orchestra. The bottom system features a piano accompaniment. The score is marked with a dynamic of *ff* (fortissimo) throughout. The key signature changes from D major to B-flat major across the page. The notation includes various rhythmic values, slurs, and articulation marks such as *tr* (trills) and *a 3.* (triplets). The piano part in the bottom system features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth-note runs and chords.

D

molto espressivo
p

p marcato
I.
II.
III.
p

molto espressivo
p

trem.
sp
trem.
sp
p
più p
più p
p

D

Detailed description: This page of a musical score for Wagner's 'Der Fliegende Holländer' contains two systems of staves. The top system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The piano part features a prominent tremolo in the right hand and a melodic line in the left hand. Dynamics range from piano (*p*) to piano fortissimo (*sp*). The bottom system continues the piano accompaniment with similar textures and dynamics. The score is marked with 'D' at the beginning and end of the systems.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

molto espressivo

Ob. *p* *cresc.* *f* *sempre più f*

Cl. *p* *cresc.* *f* *sempre più f*

Cor. *cresc. poco a poco*

Fg. *p* *cresc.* *f* *sempre più f*

Viol. *cresc. poco a poco* *cresc.*

Viola *cresc.*

Vell. *cresc.* *cresc. poco a poco*

Fl. *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

Ob. *f* *ff* *ff* *ff*

Cl. *f* *ff* *ff* *ff*

Cor. *più f* *f* *più f* *p*

Fg. *più f* *ff* *ff* *ff*

Tromb. *mf* *più f* *ff* *ff*

Tromboni. *mf* *più f* *ff* *ff*

Viol. *f* *ff* *trem.* *ff*

Viola *f* *ff* *Prem.* *ff*

Vcll. *f* *p*

Cb. *f* *p*

mf cresc. *f* *p*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

E

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Cor.

Fg.

Tromb.

Tromboni. III.

Tuba

Timp. in C u F. (Ut Fa).

Viol.

Viola

Vcll

Cb.

E

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. The score is arranged in a standard orchestral format with multiple staves. At the top, the tempo is marked 'Picc.' and a large section marker 'E' is present. The instruments listed on the left include Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Cor Anglais, Bassoon, Trombone, Tuba, Timpani (in C and F), Violin, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. The score contains various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *ff*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *trem.*. A large 'E' is also written at the bottom of the page, likely indicating the end of a section or a specific rehearsal mark.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, with the second staff starting with a dynamic marking of *f*. The next two staves are piano accompaniment, with the first staff marked *f* and containing the instruction "(Fa) in F". The bottom four staves are further piano accompaniment, with the first staff marked *f* and the last staff marked *f* *tr* *f* *p* *cresc.*. The second system consists of five staves, all marked *f*, featuring a complex piano accompaniment with many sixteenth notes and trills.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal parts, with the first staff starting with a fermata and the second staff with a melodic line. The remaining eight staves are for the orchestra, including woodwinds, strings, and a cello/bass line. The second system consists of six staves, primarily for the orchestra, featuring a complex rhythmic pattern of sixteenth notes. Dynamic markings 'più f' and 'f' are placed throughout the score. The page is numbered '20' at the bottom center.

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The musical score is divided into two systems. The first system features a vocal line at the top and a piano accompaniment below. The vocal line begins with a *ff* dynamic and includes a trill (*tr*) in the final measure. The piano accompaniment consists of several staves, including a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and two bass clef staves. Dynamics are marked as *ff* and *dim.* throughout. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with dense, rhythmic patterns. It includes a grand staff and two bass clef staves. Dynamics are marked as *ff*, *dim.*, and *pizz.* (pizzicato).

F

Flauti I. *p dolce*

Ob. *p dolce*

Cl. *piu p* *p dolce*

Corni *piu p* *p dolce*

Fag. *piu p* *p dolce*

Trombe *p*

Tromboni. *p dolce* *p* III *allein (solo)* *p*

Violino I *piu p* **F**

Picc.

Fl. *piu f* *f*

Ob. *piu f* *f*

Cl. *piu f* *f*

Cor. *piu f* *f*

Fag. *piu f* *f*

Trombe *piu f* *f*

Tromboni. *piu f* *f*

Tuba. *piu f* *f*

Timp. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Viol. *arco* *p cresc.* *f*

Viola. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Vc. *arco* *p cresc.* *f*

Cb. *p cresc.* *f*

cresc. *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page features the following instruments and parts:

- Picc.** (Piccolo): Treble clef, starting with a *p* dynamic.
- Fl.** (Flute): Treble clef, playing sustained notes with *f* dynamics.
- Ob.** (Oboe): Treble clef, playing melodic lines with *f* dynamics.
- Cl.** (Clarinet): Treble clef, playing melodic lines with *f* dynamics.
- Corni.** (Horn): Treble clef, playing sustained notes with *f* dynamics.
- Fag.** (Bassoon): Bass clef, playing melodic lines with *f* dynamics.
- Tromba.** (Trombone): Treble clef, playing sustained notes with *f* dynamics.
- Tromboni. I.** (Trumpet I): Bass clef, playing melodic lines with *f* dynamics.
- Tuba.** (Tuba): Bass clef, playing sustained notes with *f* dynamics.
- Timp.** (Timpani): Bass clef, playing sustained notes with *f* dynamics.
- VI.** (Violin I): Treble clef, playing a rhythmic pattern with *fp* dynamics.
- Viola.** (Viola): Treble clef, playing a rhythmic pattern with *fp* dynamics.
- Ve.** (Violoncello): Bass clef, playing a rhythmic pattern with *fp* dynamics.
- Cb.** (Contrabass): Bass clef, playing sustained notes with *f* dynamics.

The score is divided into two systems. The first system covers measures 1 through 4, and the second system covers measures 5 through 8. Dynamics range from *p* (piano) to *fp* (fortissimo).

This musical score page features two systems of music. The upper system consists of ten staves: five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Bassoon) and five piano staves (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass). The vocal parts are marked with dynamics such as *p* and *f*. The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings like *pp* and *f*, along with performance instructions such as *IV*, *III*, and *trem.*. The lower system consists of five piano staves, primarily for the strings, with dynamic markings of *f*, *pp*, and *cresc.*, and the instruction *trem.* appearing in the first staff. The score is written in a complex key signature and includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and articulation marks.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first five grouped by a brace on the left. It features various dynamic markings including *più f* and *ff*. The second system consists of five staves, with the first four grouped by a brace on the left. It includes performance instructions such as *molto marcato* and *ff*. The score is marked with a 'G' at the top right and bottom right.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for woodwinds: Flute (1), Clarinet (1), Bassoon (1), Bassoon (2), and Contrabassoon. The bottom five staves are for strings: Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass. The music is in 3/4 time and features a prominent *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic. The woodwinds play sustained notes with long slurs, while the strings play a rhythmic accompaniment. The second system consists of five staves, likely for a brass section including Trumpets, Trombones, and Tuba. It features dense, rhythmic patterns with *ff* dynamics. The overall texture is thick and dramatic, characteristic of Wagner's orchestration.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines. The next four staves are for the piano, with the first two marked *marcato* and the last two *f marcato*. The bottom two staves are for the cello and double bass, with the instruction *In D u. A. (Re La.)* written below the bass line. The music features a complex harmonic structure with various accidentals and dynamic markings such as *f* and *mf*. A first ending bracket labeled *I. II.* is present in the piano part.

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top two staves are vocal lines. The next two staves are for the piano, with the first marked *trem.* and *mf*, and the second marked *f*. The bottom staff is for the cello and double bass, marked *mf*. The music features a complex harmonic structure with various accidentals and dynamic markings such as *f* and *mf*. The piano part includes a tremolo effect and a first ending bracket.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal parts, with lyrics written below them. The lyrics are: *più f*, *mf*, *più f*, *f*. The next two staves are piano accompaniment. The bottom six staves are for the orchestra, including strings and woodwinds. The score features various dynamics such as *mf*, *f*, and *pp*. There are also markings for *pp.* and *pp.* in the upper staves. The music is written in a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top two staves are vocal parts, with lyrics written below them. The lyrics are: *f*, *p cresc.*, *f non legato*. The next two staves are piano accompaniment. The bottom staff is for the orchestra. The score features various dynamics such as *f*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *non legato*. There are also markings for *pp* and *pp.* in the upper staves. The music is written in a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first five grouped by a brace on the left. The second system consists of five staves, with the first three grouped by a brace on the left. The music is written in a key signature of one flat and a 3/4 time signature. The score includes various dynamic markings such as *mf cresc.*, *p cresc.*, *f*, and *dim.*. Performance instructions include *III. IV nach D. (muta en Ré.)* and *molto espressivo*. The notation features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and uses fermatas and slurs to indicate phrasing. The bottom of the page contains the page number 29.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The second system consists of five staves, primarily piano accompaniment. The score is marked with various dynamics and performance instructions.

System 1 (Staves 1-10):

- Staff 1: *p cresc.*, *f*, *poco f*
- Staff 2: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 3: *p cresc.*, *f*, *poco f*
- Staff 4: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 5: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 6: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 7: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 8: *mf marcato*, *mf*
- Staff 9: *p*
- Staff 10: *p*

System 2 (Staves 11-15):

- Staff 11: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f trem.*
- Staff 12: *p cresc.*, *f molto espress. dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 13: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 14: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*
- Staff 15: *p cresc.*, *f dim.*, *poco f*

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of two systems of staves. The top system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The vocal lines are marked with dynamics such as *p* and *più f*. The piano accompaniment includes a grand staff with treble and bass clefs, and a separate bass line. The piano part is marked with *p*, *più f*, and *poco f*. The bottom system continues the piano accompaniment, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs, and a separate bass line. The piano part is marked with *pp* and *più f*. The score is written in a key signature of one flat and a 4/4 time signature. The page is numbered 31 at the bottom.

Stringendo

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top staff is a vocal line with a melodic line and a lower line. The remaining staves are for the orchestra. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). The tempo marking *Stringendo* is present at the top right. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic hairpins.

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. The top staff is a vocal line. The remaining staves are for the orchestra. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte), *pp* (pianissimo), and *mf sempre* (mezzo-forte sempre). The tempo marking *Stringendo* is present at the bottom right. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic hairpins.

J
un poco ritenuto

a tempo

Musical score for the first system, measures 1-12. The score includes multiple staves with complex notation, including dynamics like *piu f*, *ff*, *dimin.*, *p*, *dolce*, and *pp*. A vocal line is present with the instruction *in D u. A. (Ré La)*.

Musical score for the second system, measures 13-24. The score continues the complex notation from the first system, with dynamics like *piu f*, *ff*, and *p*. The tempo marking *a tempo* is repeated at the end.

J
un poco ritenuto

a tempo

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The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system consists of ten staves, and the second system consists of five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, time signatures, notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system features a variety of rhythmic patterns and melodic lines, with dynamics ranging from *f* to *p* and *cresc.* markings. The second system continues the musical development, with a prominent *trem.* marking in the upper staves and *cresc.* markings in the lower staves. The score is a complex orchestral arrangement, typical of Wagner's style.

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Ritenu

a tempo

The musical score is divided into two systems. The first system is marked "Ritenu" and "a tempo". It features a piano introduction with various dynamics including *ff*, *p*, *p dolce*, *pp*, and *cresc.*. The second system is marked "Ritenu" and "a tempo" and features a more active piano accompaniment with frequent crescendos and dynamic markings like *ff*, *p*, and *pp*. The score includes multiple staves for piano and bass instruments.

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Ritenuato

a tempo

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, and the remaining eight are instrumental. The score begins with a *ff* dynamic and a *Ritenuato* tempo marking. It then transitions to *a tempo*. The dynamics fluctuate, including *ff*, *dimin.*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *piu cresc.*. The key signature changes from one sharp to two sharps. The notation includes various note values, rests, and slurs.

The second system of the musical score consists of five staves. It begins with a *ff* dynamic and a *Ritenuato* tempo marking. The first staff features a tremolo effect (*trem.*). The score then transitions to *a tempo*. Dynamics include *ff*, *dimin.*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *piu cresc.*. The key signature changes from two sharps to one sharp. The notation includes tremolos, slurs, and various note values.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ritenu

K
a tempo

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top staff is a vocal line with a melodic line and a lower line. The remaining staves are for piano accompaniment, including strings and woodwinds. Dynamic markings include *ff*, *dimin.*, *p*, and *cresc. poco a poco*. The tempo marking **K** a tempo is positioned above the second staff.

The second system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top staff is a vocal line with a melodic line and a lower line. The remaining staves are for piano accompaniment, including strings and woodwinds. Dynamic markings include *ff*, *trem.*, *dimin.*, *p*, and *cresc. poco a poco*. The tempo marking **K** a tempo is positioned above the second staff. The system concludes with the tempo marking **Ritenu** and *cresc.*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This page of the musical score for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer* contains 16 staves of music. The score is divided into two systems. The first system (staves 1-10) features a vocal line at the top and a piano accompaniment below. The vocal line has dynamic markings of *f*, *più f*, and *ff*. The piano accompaniment includes a *marcato marcato* section with first, second, and third endings. The second system (staves 11-16) continues the piano accompaniment with intricate rhythmic patterns. Dynamic markings of *f*, *più f*, and *ff* are used throughout to indicate the intensity of the music.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of 11 staves, with the top five staves grouped by a brace on the left. The music is written in G major and 3/4 time. It features a complex texture with multiple melodic lines and a strong rhythmic drive. Dynamic markings include *cresc.*, *ff*, *p*, and *sempre f*. The second system consists of 5 staves, with the top three staves grouped by a brace on the left. This system continues the musical material with similar dynamics and textures. The page concludes with a double bar line and dynamic markings *ff*, *p*, *ff*, and *sempre f*.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This page of a musical score for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer* contains two systems of music. The first system (measures 1-8) features a vocal line in the upper staff and piano accompaniment in the lower staves. The piano part includes a complex texture with multiple voices, including a prominent bass line with repeated eighth-note patterns. The second system (measures 9-16) continues the vocal and piano parts, with the piano accompaniment becoming more active and rhythmic. The score is written in a key signature of two sharps (D major) and a time signature of 4/4. Dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *v* (accent) are indicated throughout. The page number 41 is centered at the bottom.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image displays a page of musical notation for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*. The score is arranged in two systems. The first system consists of ten staves: a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) for piano, followed by two staves for cello, and two staves for double bass. The piano part features a complex melodic line with many slurs and ties, marked with dynamics such as *p*, *p dolce*, and *cresc.*. The cello and double bass parts provide harmonic support, with the cello part also marked with *p dolce* and *cresc.*. The second system includes a grand staff for piano and two staves for cello and double bass. The piano part in this system is characterized by a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes with triplets, marked with *p* and *cresc.*. The cello and double bass parts are marked with *pizz.* (pizzicato) and *p*. The key signature is D major, and the time signature is 3/4.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, with the upper staff containing a melodic line and the lower staff containing a supporting line. The remaining eight staves are for the piano accompaniment, including the grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and three additional staves. The score is in 2/4 time and the key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The music features dynamic markings of *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). There are several measures with rests, and a prominent five-measure rest in the vocal line towards the end of the system. The piano accompaniment includes complex rhythmic patterns and arpeggiated figures.

The second system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, and the remaining eight staves are for the piano accompaniment. The score is in 2/4 time and the key signature has two sharps. The music features dynamic markings of *f* (forte), *p dolce* (piano dolce), and *cresc.* (crescendo). The piano accompaniment includes arpeggiated figures and triplet patterns. The vocal lines are more active in this system, with the upper staff featuring a melodic line and the lower staff providing harmonic support. The piano accompaniment includes complex rhythmic patterns and arpeggiated figures.

Musical score for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer*, measures 1-10. The score is written for a full orchestra and includes dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The music features complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines across multiple staves.

Musical score for Wagner's *Der Fliegende Holländer*, measures 11-20. This section includes dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *pizz.*, *arco*, and *p molto tenuto*. The music features complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines across multiple staves.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system features a vocal line at the top with trills (tr) and fortissimo (ff) markings, and a piano accompaniment with various textures. The second system features a piano accompaniment with a prominent sixteenth-note figure in the right hand, marked *sempre ff*, and a bass line with sixteenth-note accompaniment.

Un poco ritenuto.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top staff is a vocal line with trills (tr) and a fermata. The second and third staves are for the first and second violins, both marked *p dolce*. The fourth, fifth, and sixth staves are for the first, second, and third violas, all marked *ff*. The seventh and eighth staves are for the first and second cellos, both marked *ff*. The ninth and tenth staves are for the first and second basses, both marked *ff*. The system concludes with a *p* dynamic marking and a trill.

The second system consists of two staves. The top staff is a vocal line marked *p dolce* with a triplet. The bottom staff is a bass line with a triplet.

The third system consists of four staves. The top three staves (violin I, violin II, and viola) feature rapid sixteenth-note passages, each marked *stacc.*. The bottom staff (bass) features a similar rapid sixteenth-note passage, also marked *stacc.*, with some notes marked with a '6'.

Un poco ritenuto.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves: five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Bassoon) and five piano accompaniment staves (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass). The vocal lines feature long, sweeping melodic phrases with dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The piano accompaniment includes sustained chords and melodic lines, with dynamic markings like *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The second system consists of five staves: two vocal staves and three piano accompaniment staves (Violin I, Violin II, and Double Bass). The vocal lines continue with melodic phrases, including a *rull.* (rullando) marking. The piano accompaniment features *pizz.* (pizzicato) markings and dynamic markings like *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The score is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature.

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system features vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts include a soprano line with lyrics and a bass line. The piano accompaniment consists of a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. Dynamic markings such as *f*, *più f*, and *ff* are present throughout. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with more complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic changes, including *mf* and *ff*. The score is written in a key signature of two flats and a common time signature.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves, with the first five grouped by a brace on the left. The second system consists of five staves, with the first three grouped by a brace on the left. The music is written in a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *più f* (pianissimo), along with accents and slurs. The bottom two staves of the second system feature complex rhythmic patterns with sixteenth notes and sixteenth rests, often marked with a '6' above the notes. The score is a page from a larger work, as indicated by the page number 52 at the bottom.

Erstes Echo
1^{tes} Echo

Zweites Echo
2^{tes} Echo

f dim *p* *cresc.* *f*

mf cresc. *cresc.* *mf cresc.*

Matrosen während der Arbeit.
Sailors at work.
Marinai lavorando.

Ho - jo - he!
Yo - ho - o!
Jo - ho - è!

Hallo-jo!
Holla-ho!
Joho-ho!

Ho - jo - he!
Yo - ho - o!
Jo - ho - è!

Hallo-jo!
Holla-ho!
Joho-ho!

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. The score is arranged in a system with multiple staves. At the top, there are several staves for woodwinds and strings, with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *p*. The middle section features a vocal line with lyrics in German. The lyrics are:

Ho - jo - he! Hallo-jo!

Yo - ho - o! Holla-ho!

Jo - ho - e! Johoho!

The lyrics are repeated three times across the vocal line. Below the vocal line, there are more staves for instruments, including a bass line with a *f dim.* marking. The score is written in a key signature of two flats and a 4/4 time signature.

This musical score page contains the following elements:

- Instrumental Staves:** Multiple staves for various instruments, including woodwinds, strings, and piano. Dynamics include *f*, *più f*, *ff*, and *p*. Some staves are marked with *a 2*.
- Vocal Staves:** Two vocal staves with lyrics in German. The lyrics are:
Halle-jo!
Holla-ho!
Joho-ho!
Halle-jo!
Holla-ho!
Joho-ho!
Holle- Holle- Holle- Holle- Holle-
Yo - - a-ho! Yo - - a-ho! Yo - - a-ho!
Holle- holle- Holle- holle- Holle- holle-
Holle- holle- Holle- holle- Holle- holle-
- Dynamic Markings:** *f*, *più f*, *ff*, *p*, *a 2*.
- Tempo/Performance Indicators:** *tr* (trills), *ff* (fortissimo), *p* (piano).

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob.
Clar.
Cor. in F. (Fa)
Cor. in B basso.
Fag.
Timp.

Viol. I.
Viol. II.
Viola.

Daland.

Vcllo.
Cbasso

Sie - ben Mei - len fort trieb uns der Sturm vom sich - ren Port. So nah' dem
Twenty miles a - way The storm has driv'n us from the bay! My voy - - age
 Set - te miglia al - men dal por - to lun - ge ne spin - se il vento! Ve - der - - age la

Vcllo.
Cbasso

Ziel nach lan - - ger Fahrt, war mir der Streich noch auf - ge -
o'er, so near the port, Fate thus de - lights my will to
 me - - ta si vi - ein, non poter - la toc - car... de - stin cru -

Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp.
Viol.
Viola
Steuermann.
Dal.

spart! so nah'dem Ziel nach langer Fahrt, war mir der Streich noch auf - ge - spart!
thwart! My voy - age o'er, so near the port, Fate thus de - lights my will tothwart!
del! Co - si pres - so alla me - ta, no non po - ter - - la toc - car!

Steuermann vom Bord durch die hohen Hände rufend:
Steersman onboard, calling through his hands.
Il Pilota dal bastimento, tenendo la cavità delle mani presso la bocca.

Hol Ca - pi - tãn!
Cap - tain, a - hoy!
Ehi! Ca - pi - tan!

Am Bord bei euch, wie steht's?
A - hoy! on board what news?
A bor - do, di, com' è?

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Clar.

Fag.

Timp.

Haus, child, sì. Sen - ta, mein Kind, Sen - ta was there e qua - si al co - re glaubt' ich schon zu um - ar - - men; with smiles of ten - der greet - ing; stringer Sen - ta mi - a; da Ah! e a un

p cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Clar.

Cor.

Fag.

piu f

piu f

piu f

bläs't es aus dem Teu - felsloch her - aus! Wer baut auf Wind, baut auf Sa - tan's Er - bar - men, wer baut auf curs - - ed wind, by Sa - tan's art be - guiled! Why didst thou change, my fond hopes thus de - frut - ing? Why didst thou trat - - to sea - te - - nar - si l'in - ferno! Chialven - to cre - de, a Sa - tan cre - de, chialven - to

piu f

Ob. a 2
 Clar. a 2
 Cor. *poco f*
 Fag. a 2
 3 Tromb.
 Timp.
 Daland.

Wenn so währ't er tob - - te, währ't's nicht lang. (am Bord)
 A storm, so vio - - lent, can noi last. (on board)
 Bu - fe - - - ra for - - te lun-ga non e. (dal bastimento)

poco f *p* *dim.* *p* *più p*

Fl.
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 Timp.

He, Bur-sche!
 My suit-ors,
 Ehi! marinar!

p dolce *p dolce* *pp* *pp dolce* *pp* *pp*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Picc.

Fl. *pp cresc.*

Ob. *pp cresc.*

Clar. *pp cresc.*

Cor. *p* I. Solo *p cresc.*

Fag. *p marc.* I. Solo *p marc.* *p cresc.*

Timp. *p marc.* *p cresc.*

Viol. *pp cresc.* *trem.* *p cresc.*

pp *div. in 3 parti* *pp cresc.* *mf cresc.*

pp cresc. *mf cresc.*

Picc.

Fl. *p cresc.*

Ob. *cresc.*

Clar. *cresc.*

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *p dim.*

Fag. *p* *cresc.*

Timp. *cresc.* *p dim.*

Viol. *div. in 3 parti* *p cresc.* *cresc.* *p dim.*

f *pp* *cresc.* *p dim.*

f *pp* *cresc.* *p dim.*

Steuermann. *f* *mf cresc.* *f* *Er gähnt.*
ff ppppp *Egli sbadiglia.*

Più vivo. $\text{♩} = 84.$

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 80.$ Più vivo.

Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Viol.

Er rüttelt sich auf als ihm der Schlaf kommt.
and tries to shake off the sleep that is coming over him.
Il Pilota che si sente venir sonno, si scuote e canta.

Steinermann. Steersman. Il Pilota.

Mit Ge-wit-ter und Sturm aus fer-nem Meer, mein Mä-del, bin dir nah! Ue-ber thurm-ho-he Fluth vom Sü-den her, mein
On the wings of the storm, from distant lands, Be-lor-ed, home I fly! From the bil-lows that break on southern straits, Be-
Fra tem-pe-ste e for-tu-ne il lung'o er-rar vi-ci-no al fine or è: è var-ca-to già l'in-fi-ni-to mar, mia

Più vivo. $\text{♩} = 84.$

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 80.$ Più vivo.

Ob. Moderato. $\text{♩} = 104.$
Clar. *p*
Cor *p*
Fag. *p*
Timp.

un poco acceler.

Viol. *p*
cresc.
Bass *p*
cresc.

Mä-del, ich bin da! Mein Mä-del, wenn nicht Süd-wind wär, ich nim-mer wohl kãm' zu dir; ach lie-ber Süd-wind, blas' noch mehr! Mein
lor-ed, here am I! Dear mai-den, bless the good south wind That hurries me home to thee! Blow, southern bree-zes, strong and kind, My
bel-la, son con te! Nè a ri-va mai sa-rei, se non sof-fias-se del Sud il ven-to; oh! sof-fia as-sai, ven-to del Sud, fa

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 104.$

un poco acceler.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob. Lento. Più vivo.

Clar.

Cor.

Fag. pp

Viol. p

hab' an dich gedacht! Durch Ge-wit-ter und Meer vom Moh-renstrand hab' dir 'was mit ge-bracht.
in-age dwelt with me; And now through the wind's and water's roar A-gain I come to thee!
 bel-la, a te pen-sai; di pro-cel-le sfi-dan-do o-gni fu-ror, un do-no a te re-cai.

Lento. Più vivo.

Ob. accelerando

Clar. cresc.

Cor. pp

Fag. pp

Viol. pp div.

Mein Mä-del, preis' den Süd-wind hoch, ich bring dir ein gül-den Band!
I bring my lore a gol-den band To twine in her gol-den hair;
 Nè tuo il te-sor sa-ria, se non sof-fias-se del Sud il ven-to.

Ach,
 Ah,
 Ah!

accelerando Allegro.

ritard. Moderato. più lento accelerando

Cor. *pp cresc.*

Fag. *pp*

Tuba. *pp cresc.*

Timp. *ff*

trem. *pp* *trem.* *cresc.*

ff dim. *p* *pp* *cresc.*

Der Steuermann fährt auf und sieht nach dem Steuer; überzeugt, dass nichts geschehen, setzt er sich wieder und brummt den Anfang seines Liedes. Nêa ri-va mai sa - rei del Sud...

Mein Mä-del, wenn nicht Südwind wär'...
Dear maiden praise the good southwind...

Er schläft von Neuem ein.
He falls asleep again.
Riaddormentandosi.

ff *pp cresc.*

accelerando

Picc. ritard. Molto più lento. ♩ = 72.

Picc. *p* *f* *p*

Fl. *p* *f* *p*

Ob. *p* *f* *p*

Clar. b *p* *f* *p*

3 Tromb. *p* *più p*

div. in 3 parti *trem.* *f* *p* *più p*

p *f* *p* *più p*

Stumm und ohne das geringste Geräusch zieht die gespenstische Mannschaft des Holländers die Segel auf u.s.w.
Noiselessly, and without a word, the spectral crew of the "Dutchman" furl the sails, etc.

Silenzioso e senza il minimo strepito l'equipaggio fantastico dell'Olandese ammajna le vele.

p *più p*

ritard. Molto più lento. ♩ = 72.

No 2. Arie.

Sostenuto. ♩ = 50.

Piccolo.

Flauti

Oboi.

Clarinetti in B. (Sib.)

Corni vent. in F. (Fa.)

Corni ordin. in C. (Ut.)

Fagotti.

Trombe vent. in F. (Fa.)
ordin. in D. (Re.)

Tromboni I.II.III.

Tuba.

Timpani in C.u.G.
(Ut. Sol)

Violini.

Viola.

Holländer.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Sostenuto. ♩ = 50.

Più moto *Rec.* *Sostenuto*

tra - - gen! Dein Trotz ist beugsam, doch e - wig mei - ne Qual!
 fur - - ther; Thy rage will pass my tor - ture knows no end.
 co - - ra... E ri - ba - dir la mia ca - te - na e - terna.

Più moto *fp Rec.* *Sostenuto* *pp*

Rec. *Allegro. ♩ = 80.* *Rec. ten.*

lento
 Das Heil, das auf dem Land ich su - che, nie werd'ich es fin - den!
 My hope, to find on earth re - demp - tion, never shall see ful - fillment.
 Co - lei che sulla ter - ra io cer - co, mai tro - var non pos - so!

Euch, des Weltmeers Flu - then, bleib ich ge -
 Thou, un - rest - ing o - cean, Thou art my
 voi, fiot - ti del ma - re, ben io sa - rò fe -

Rec. *Allegro. ♩ = 80.* *Rec. f*

poco riten.

a tempo

First system of the musical score, featuring a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line includes dynamic markings such as *f*, *dim.*, and *p*. The piano accompaniment includes markings like *cresc.* and *f*.

Second system of the musical score, including a vocal line with lyrics and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "furcht - bar Grab, trieb mein Schiff ich zum Klip - pen - grund, doch ach! mein Grab, es schloss sich nicht! / dread - ed grave, Where treach'rous cliffs rose bare and steep - But ah! no grave would ope for me! / sco - gli lon - da sal - za non tra - ssi il mio piè? — E pur son vi - vo per rio de - stin!". The score includes dynamic markings like *f dim.*, *p dolce pp*, and *più p*.

Third system of the musical score, featuring the woodwind section. Instruments listed include Fl., Ob., Clar., Cor., Fag., Tromb., and Timp. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f* and *p*.

Fourth system of the musical score, including a vocal line with lyrics and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are: "Ver - höh - - nend droht' ich dem Pi - ra - - ten, in wil - - dem / Where e'er a pi - rate flag was flaunt - ed, I rushed on / Vi - di il pi - ra - - ta sull'O - ce - a - - no, pu - gnaì, — ma in-". The score includes dynamic markings like *f* and *p*.

Fl.
 Qb.
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 Viol.

Kam - pfe hofft' ich Tod „Hier“ rief ich, zei - ge dei - ne Tha - ten,
 death with fren - zied zeal, „Here“ cried I, „show your cour - age raunt - ed!
 va - no vol - li mo - rir: „Vien“ gli ho gri - da - to, vien ia fe - rir,

Ob.
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 Tromb. ord. in D. (Re)
 Tromb.
 Timp. in H. (Si)
 Viol.

Cor. ord. mutata in H. (Si)

Von Schä - tzen voll ist Schiff und Boot!“ Doch ach! — des Meer's bar - barscher
 My ship has treas - ures worth your steel!“ But ah! — the foe, in wild dis -
 che do - ro e gem - me carco ho il na - vil! E pur! — quel vi - le non s'ar - re

Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Tromb.
Timp. tr
Viol.

p *pp* *p* *pp* *p* *tr* *pp* *p* *tr* *p* *tr* *p* *tr* *p* *tr* *p*

in H.(Si)

Sohu schlägt bang das Kreuz und flieht da - vou.
- may Raised high the cross and fled a - way.
- stö; si fè - la cro-ce, ratto vo - löl

Wie oft in Mid roaring
Oh! quan-te

arco *p*

p *cresc. poco a poco* *p* *cresc. poco a poco* *cresc. poco a poco* *Muta in C.(C)* *cresc. poco a poco* *tr* *cresc. poco a poco* *arco* *cresc. poco a poco* *arco* *cresc. poco a poco* *cresc. poco a poco*

Mee - - res tief - - sten Grund stürzt' ich voll Seh - - sucht
whirl - - pools, wild and deep, - long I've plunged in -
vol - - te mo - - ris bra - mando il ciel sfi - dan - - do, bal -

Pe.

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Cor. *ff*

Tromb. vent in F. (Fa) *ff*

Timp. C. G. (Ut. Sol) *ff* tr *pp* tr *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr*

ff dim. *p* *piu p*

ff *ff*

trem. *p* *piu p*

Molto passionato. $\text{♩} = 84$

Cl. *a 2* *p* *cresc.* *piu cresc.*

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *piu cresc.*

Fag. *p* *cresc.*

Tuba *p* *cresc.* *piu cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

Molto passionato. $\text{♩} = 84$

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Fl. *p*

Ob.

Cl.

Cor. *piu f* *ff* *mf* *f* *ff*

Tromb. vent. in F. (Fa) *f* *piu f* *ff* *mf* *f* *ff*

Tuba *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

geh. *f* *piu f* *ff* *mf* *ff* *mf*
all! *piu f* *ff* *mf* *ff* *mf*
 ten - - de!

Tag *ff* *mf* *f* *ff* *mf*
 Day *ff* *mf* *f* *ff* *mf*
 O *ff* *mf* *f* *ff* *mf*

des Ge - rich - tes!
 of de - struc - tion!
 del giu - di - zio

Jüng - - - ster
 Judge - - - ment
 su - pre - - mo

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Tromb. vent. in F. (Fa) *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Tuba *p* *cresc.* *ff*

Tag! *p* *cresc.* *ff*
 day!
 di!

Wann brichst du an in mei - ne Nacht?
 When shall thy morning dawn for me?
 vie-m a com-pir tuo fa - - to!

Wann dröhnt er,
 Thou tram - pet,
 Ro - vi - na

Vello e Basso. *p* *cresc.* *ff*

der Ver-nich-tung Schlag, mit dem die Welt zu-sam-men-kraecht?
soud the crash of doom *At whose dread blast the stars shall flee!*
 sul cre-a-to, e la mia not-te ver-ra co-sì!

Wann al-le Tod-ten auf-er-stehn, wann al-le Tod-ten auf-er-stehn, dann wer-de
At last, when all the dead shall rise. At last, when all the dead shall rise, Then death will
 E quan-doi mor-ti, quan-doi mor-ti sor-ge-ran-no, al-lo-ra io

Nº 3. Scene, Duett und Chor.

Nº 3. Scene, Duet and Chorus.

Nº 3. Scena, Duetto e Coro.

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 84.$ accelerando

Piccolo.

Flauti I. II.

Oboi I. II.

Clarinetti I. II in B. (Si^b).

Corni ventile in F. (Fa). *Imo*

Corni I - IV in F. (Fa).
auf der rechten Seite des Theaters.

Corni I. II in F. (Fa).
auf der linken Seite des Theaters.

Corni ordinare in C. (Ut). *II. p*

Fagotti i. II. *p*

Trombe ordinare in C. (Ut).

Trombe ventile in F. (Fa).

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in G u. D. (Sol. Re).

Violini. *p*

Viola. *mf cresc.*

Steuermann.

Holländer.

Daland. *mf cresc.*

Chor der Matrosen.

Violoncello. *p dolce*

Contrabasso. *mf cresc.*

Moderato. $\text{♩} = 84.$ accelerando

Daland kommt aus der Cajüte; er sieht sich nach dem Winde um und erblickt das fremde Schiff.
Daland comes out of the cabin; he looks around to note the weather, and spies the strange vessel.
Daland esce dalla cabina, guarda il tempo e scorge il vascello dell' Olandese.

Fl. a 2
Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Viol.
Steuermann.
Steersman.
Il Pilota.

Allegro. $\text{♩} = 80.$ ritenuto

Steuermann sich schlaftrunken halb aufrichtend.
Steersman, half aroused from deep sleep.
Il Pilota alzandosi a metà stordito dal sonno.

Daland, sich nach dem Steuermann umsehend.
Daland, turning to the Steersman.

Dalando volgendosi al Pilota.

He! Hol - la! Steu - er - mann!
Hey! Steers - man! Steers - man!
Ehi! o - la! pi - lo - - ta!

'Sist nichts. 'sist nichts!
All's well! All's well!
Cos' è cos' è?

„Ach, lie - ber Süd - wind blas' noch
„Blow southern bree - zes, strong and
„Ah, sof - fia assai ven - to del

Allegro. $\text{♩} = 80.$ ritenuto

Fl.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Viol.

mehr! - mein Mü - - del -
kind! My loved one -
„ud, mia bel - - - la -

Daland den Steuermann aufrüttelnd.

Daland, shaking the steersman.
Dalando scuotando il Pilota.

Du siehst nichts?
See'st thou nought?
Guar - da là!

Gelt, du wa - chest brav, mein Bursch!
Ha! Tru - ly thou watch - est well!
Ben! ve - gli - as - ti as - ai brav'uomo!

Dort liegt ein Schiff.
Yan - der's a ship.
Giun - to è un va - seel,

Wie lan - ge
How long, then,
non lo scor -

Vivace.

Ob.
 Cor. vent. in F. (Fa)
 Cor. I-IV. in F auf der rechten Seite des Theaters. als Echo.
 Cor. I II. in F. auf der linken Seite des Theaters als zweites Echo.
 Cor. ord. in C. (Ut)
 Fag.
 Viol.

Steermann rasch auffahrend.
Steersman, rising hastily.
Il Pilato alzandosi prontamente.

Er setzt schnell das Sprachrohr an und ruft über Bord.
Takes the speaking-tube and calls out.

Zum Teufel auch!
The Devil's in't!
 Per bac-coëver!

Ver-zeiht mir, Ca - pi - tan!
Good cap-tain, grant me par - don!
 per-don mio ca - pi - tan!

Imbocca tosto il portavoce, e grida all' equipaggio
dell' Olandese.

Wer da?
A hoy there!
 Chi è là?

schiefst du schon?
hast thou slept?
 ge-sti ancor?

Lange Pause; man hört das Echo den Ruf zweimal wiederholen.
Long silence; the call is twice repeated by the echo.
 Lunga Pausa; l'eco ripete due volte questo grido.

Vivace.

Ob.
 Clar.
 Cor. vent. in F. (Fa)
 Cor. I-IV auf dem Theater.
on the scene
 sulla scena.
 Cor. I. II. auf dem Theater.
on the scene
 sulla scena.
 Cor. ord. in C. (Ut)
 Fag.
 Viol.

wie vorher.
as before.
 come sopra.

Lange Pause, abermaliges Echo.
Silence, and an echo.

Wer da?
A hoy there!
 Chi è là?

Pausa ed eco.

Es scheint, sie sind ge-rad' so faul als wir.
Like us, the la-zzy crew are all a-sleep.
 Mi par che co-me noi sien pig-ri anch' es-si.

Ob.
Clar.
Cor. I.H. vent. in F im Orchester. (Cor. auf d. Th. tacent.)
Cor. I.H. ord. in C im Orchester. (Cor. auf d. Th. tacent.)
Fag.
Viol.
wie vorher.
as before.
come sopra.
Gebt Ant - wort! Schiff und Flagge?
Re - ply! Your name and coun - try!
Il no - me e la bandie - ra?
Daland erblickt den Holländer am Lande.
Daland, spying the Dutchman on shore.
Lass' ab! Mich dünkt ich sel'den Ca - pi -
Gire o'er! I think I see the cap - tain
Ta - ci, ve - der mi sem - bra il ca - pi -

Lento. ♩ = 66.
Cor.
Tromboni.
Tuba.
Viol.
Ohne seine Stellung zu verlassen.
without changing his position.
dopo una pausa.
Den Holländer anrufend.
Calling to the Dutchman.
Invocando l'Olandese.
Langes Stillschweigen.
Long silence.
Lungo silenzio.
Weit komm ich
Fir o - rer
Io ven - go da lon -
tän! He! Hol-la! See-mann! Nen-ne dich! Wess' Lan - des?
there! Hey! A-hoy there! Cap - tain, An - swer! Whence com'st thou?
tan! Ehi! O - là! nocchie-ro! chi se - - i? da do-ve vie - ni?
Lento. ♩ = 66.

Animato. $\text{♩} = 60.$

Tromboni.
Tuba. *pp*
Viol.

her: ver - wehrt bei Sturm und Wet - ter ihr mir den An - ker - platz?
seas. So long the storm is blow - ing, May we find har - bour here?
 tan! sol - ca - to hoil ma - re in - te - ro qui sfug - go all' u - ra - gan!

Be - hüt' es Gott! Gast -
By heav - ens yes! We
 Ri - posa or qui; del

p

Animato. $\text{♩} = 60.$

pp
pp
p
p
p

an das Land gehend.
going ashore
 andando a terra.

Hol - län - der.
A Dutch - - man!
 O - lan - de - se!

freund - schaft kennt der See - mann. Wer bist du?
sail - ors help each o - ther! Who art thou?
 ma - re siam figli en - tram - bi! Chi se - i?

Gott zum Gruss!
God be with you!
 Tac - com - pag - ni il ciel!

So trieb auch dich der
And so the storm has
 Te pur get - ta - va a

p

Viol.

Sturm an die - sen nack - ten Fel - sen - strand? Mir ging's nicht bes - ser; we - nig Mei - len nur von hier ist mei - ne Hei - math, fast er -
cast you al - so on this treach'rous coast! I too, have suffered; bare - ly twen - ty miles From here, my home a - waits me; near - ly
 que - ste roc - cieil ven - to al par di me. Sol po - che mig - lia lun - ge son dal mio tet - to; in - van lot - ta - i col

p

Cor. vent. in G. (Sol.) **Un poco Allegro.** **Lento.**

Cor. ord. in D. (Ré.)

Tromboni.

Viol.

reicht, musst ich auf's Neu' mich von ihr wen-den. Sag, wo-her kommst du? Hast Scha-den du ge - - noni-men?
home, When I was forced my course to al-ter! *Say, where is thy home? And is thy res-sel damaged?*
 mar; for-za mi fu qui-vi an-co-rar-mi. Dim-mi, don-de vie-ni? Qual dan-no sof-fri-va il tuo va-scel-lo?

Un poco Allegro. **Lento.**

Cor. vent. in G. (Sol) **Lento.** ♩ = 66. *ten.* *ten.*

Cor. ord. in D. (Ré)

Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timp. G. D. (Sol. Ré.)

Viol.

Mein Schiff ist fest; es lei-det kei-nen Scha-den.
My ship is safe; *no harm has e-ver reached her.*
 Nes-su-noin ver: tant' è si-cu-ro e for-te.

Lento. ♩ = 66

Moderato, non troppo lento $\text{♩} = 60$.

Clar. Imo Solo. *p sempre*

II. *p sempre*

Fag. *p sempre*

Tromboni. *pp arco* *p sempre*

Viol. *pp arco* *p sempre*

pp arco *p sempre*

pp *p sempre*

Mit Ausdruck, aber ohne Leidenschaft.
 With expression, but without passion.
 Con espressione, ma senza passione.
con portamento

Durch Sturm und bösen Windver-schla-gen,
 From shore to shore for e-ver ba-nished,
 Con-tra-ri ven-ti, or-ri-bi-li pro-

p *p sempre* *p sempre*

Moderato, non troppo lento $\text{♩} = 60$.

Imo Imo Solo.

irr' auf den Was-ern ich um-her; wie lan-ge? weiss ich kaum zu sa-gen,
 Sport of the bil-lows, tem-pest-tost, I know not how the years have ra-nished,
 cel-le mi so-spin-se-ro o-gnor di ri-va in ri-va, o-

schon zähl' ich nicht die Jah - - re mehr. Un - mög - lich dünkt mich's, dass ich
All count of time to me is lost. In er - - ry clime, to man be-
 gner, o - - gno - ra di mar in mar. Ah! tut - - ti so dir, ab! si so

nen - - te die Län - - der al - - le, die ich fand: das Ei - - - ne nur, nach
long - - ing My ro - - ring foot the sail has pressed: But thou the goal of
 dir i li - - di in - nu - me - - ri del mondo: un u - - ni - ca ter - ra, la

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

dem ich bren - ne, ich find' es nicht, mein Hei - math - land! Das Ei - - ne
 all my long - ing, When find I thee, my land of rest? But thou, the
 mia na - ti - va sol non po - te - i non po - tei tro - var, un u - ni - ca

nur, nach dem ich bren - ne, ich find' es nicht, mein Hei - math -
 goal of all my long - ing, When find I thee, my land of
 ter - ra, la mia na - ti - va sol non po - te - i, non po - te - i tro -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Lento. ♩ = 66.

land!
rest?
var!

Ver - gön - ne mir auf kur - ze Frist dein
Oh, lend me but the shel - ter of thy
Mi sia o - spi - tal per po - co il tet - to

Lento. ♩ = 66.

Haus, und dei - ne Freund - schaft soll dich nicht ge - reün! Mit Schä - tzen al - ler Ge - gen - den und
home, And of thy kind - ness thou shalt ne'er re - pent! With trea - sures brought from ev' - ry clime and
tuo e l'a - mi - stà non sa - rà ste - ril don. De' più ra - ri te - sor do - gni pa -

Zo - nen ist reich mein Schiff be - la - den; willst du han - deln, so sollst du si - cher dei - nes Vor - theils
count - ry My ship is rich - ly la - den! Wilt thou bar - ter, The bet - ter bar - gain shall be sure - ly
e - se ho car - co il mio na - vi - glio: a me con - sen - ti; ed a - vrà pre - mio l'o - spi - ta - li -

Fl.
Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.

f *sf* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

bie-*te!* Daland voll Erstaunen den Inhalt der Kiste übersehend. Den Preis?
ask thee. *gazing with amazement into the chest.* *Their price?*
 tof-*tro.* -*pien, di stupore.* Il prez-*zo?*

Wie? Ist's möglich! Die-se Schätze! Wer ist so reich, den Preis da-für zu bie-ten?
Heavens! what see I! All these je-wels! where is the man could hope their price to of-fer?
 Che? Fia ve-ro? Queste gio-je! Chi è si ric-co. da of-frir tal prezzo?

Ob. *Solo.*
 Clar. *fp* *pp* *p Solo.*
 Cor. *fp* *pp* *p Solo.*
 Fag. *fp* *pp* *p*

p *fp* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p*

So e-ben hab' ich ihn ge-nannt: dies für das Ob-dach ei-ner einz'-gen Nacht! Doch, was du
Tis not so great, the price I ask, Tis but the shel-ter of a sin-gle night! This that thou
 è ver tal nome io pur gli die-di, tut-to per ri-co-vrar-mi sol u-na not-te. Pur quan-to

$\text{♩} = 66.$
a tempo. più animato

ten. colla parte

cresc. *f ten.* *f ten.* *f ten.* *f ten.* *f ten.* *f ten.*

p cresc. *p cresc.* *più cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.*

ten. colla parte *ten. colla parte* *più animato*

f ten. *f ten.* *f ten.* *f ten.* *f ten.* *f ten.* *f ten.*

p cresc. *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.*

ad lib. ritard.

All meinen Reichthum biet' ich dir, wenn bei den Dei-nen du mir neu - e Heimath giebst!
 Glad-ly Ill give thee all I have So I may find with thee a home. a home at last!
 Ti do-no tut-ti ite - so - ri miei se nel-la tu - a u - na pa - tria a me dai.

p cresc. *f ten. colla parte* *p* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *p cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *p* *p cresc.* *più animato. ♩ = 66.*

p cresc. *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.*

p cresc. *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.*

p *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p*

Hast du ei-ne Tochter? Sie sei mein
 Hast thou a daughter? Let her be
 U-na fi - glianon ha-i? Mia mo-glie

Was muss ich hö - ren? Für-wahr, ein treues Kind.
 Can I be-lieve thee! I have! the best of children!
 Che inten-doan-co - ra! Sì, l'ho ca-ra e fe-del.

p *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.* *più cresc.*

Allegro giusto. ♩ = 66.

This system contains the first vocal entry. The vocal line for 'Weib!' (mine! sia!) is marked *ff*. The vocal line for 'Daland.' (freudig betroffen. joyfully pieno di gioja) is marked *p*. The orchestral accompaniment includes strings and woodwinds, with dynamic markings such as *ff*, *dim.*, *p*, *più p*, and *pp*. The tempo is *Allegro giusto* with a quarter note equal to 66 beats.

Allegro giusto. ♩ = 66.

This system continues the musical score, featuring a Clarinet part and vocal lines with German and Italian lyrics. The tempo remains *Allegro giusto*. The lyrics are:

Tochter sein Weib! Er selbst spricht aus den Ge - dan - ken! Fast fürcht ich wenn un - ent - schlossen ich bleib, er müsst' im Vor - sat - ze
 daughter his bride! This marriage my fortunes would al - ter! Quick! I must bind him at once to my side Lest he from his promise should
 gio - jah nel cor! mia fi - glia in i - spo - sa ei chie - de! Che? sa - rà ver? Quanta gio - jah nel cor! è il cie - lo che lo con -

te. Nie werd' ich die Heimath er - rei - - - chen, zu was - - - kommt mir der
 me No so - luce my rich - es can of - - - fer, What good to me the ir
 ta. Tra - mon - te - - rà la stel - - - la ne - mi - - - ca a

ein, voll Ent zücken!
 gree, ye, most gladly!
 do - no. tal do - no!

Wie? Hör' ich recht? Meine Tochter sein Weib? Er selbst spricht
 Heard I a - right! My daughter his bride! My for - tunes this
 Che? sa - ria ver? mi - a fi - - glia per spo - sa ei

Gü - ter Ge - winn? Lässt du zu dem Bund dich er - wei - - - chen. Oh! so
 glitt - - ring stora? Oh, take all the gold that I prof - - - fer! Gin - me
 me co - si: lu - ce dà - mor no - vel - la ri - - -

aus den Ge - danken, er selbst spricht ihm aus! Fast fürcht' ich, wenn un - ent - schlossen ich bleib, er
 mar - riage would al - ter, would al - ter in - deed! Quick! I must bind him at once to my side, Lest
 chie - - de a me, sa - rà ver? sa - rà ver? Eil ciel che lo con - si - - glia, il

Fl.
Cl.

nimm mei - ne Schä - tze da - hin, oh! — so nimm mei - ne Schä - tze da - hin!
ou - ly a home once more! Give, — oh give me a home once more!
 schia - re - - rà i miei di, ri - - - schia re - - rà i miei di,

müsst' im Vor - sa - tze wanken, im Vor - sa - tze wanken, fast, fürcht' ich, müsst' im Vor - sa - tze wan - - ken.
he from his pro - mise should falter, for fear he should fal - - ter! From his pro - mise I fear he might fal - - ter!
 ciel che tut - to — ve - de, che tut - to ve - de. è il ciel che tut - to — ve - de;

Ob.

Lässt du zu dem Bund dich er - wei - chen, oh! — so nimm mei - ne Schä - tze da -
Oh, take all the gold that I prof - fer, Give, — oh give me a home once
 lu - - ce da - mor no - vel - la ri - - - schia re - - rà i miei

Wüsst' ich ob ich wach o - der träu - me! Kann ein Ei - - dam will - kom - - me - ner
What luck! Am I wak - - ing or dream - ing? Could al - li - - ance more flat - - ter - ing
 quel che bra - ma - - va io stes - so. im - plo - - ra - e - - gli da

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Oboe solo.

Tochter, mit treuer Kindes-lieb er - ge - - ben mir; sie ist meinStolz, das höch - ste mei - ner
daughter, the pearl of children, true as she is fair; She is my pride, my one and on - ly
 mi - a e ma-ma sempre di fe - de - - le a - mor; ell' è l'or - go - - glio del pa-ter - no

Gu - ter, meinTrost im Unglück, meine Freud' im Glück, meinTrost im Unglück, mei - ne Freud' im
tree - sure, My help in trouble and my crown of joy! My help in trouble and my crown of
 tet - to, nel duol con - for-to e gio-ja nel pia - cer. nel duol con - for-to e gio - ja nel pia -

Oboi

Dem Va - - ter stets be-wahr' sie ih - - re Lie - be! Ihm treu, wird sie auch treu dem
 Her love for thee thy daugh - ter still shall che - rish, Once true, she should be true to
 Seil ge - - ni - tor da - mor co - stan - te ell' a - ma, lo spo - - so pur a - me - rà de -

Glück!
 joy!
 cer.

Fl.

Gat - ten sein.
 him she weds.
 gua - lea - mor.

Du giebst Ju - we - - len, un - schätz - ba - re Per - - len, das höch - ste Klei - nod doch, ein
 Great are thy trea - sures, rich the hoon thou bring - - est, Yet rich - er still my gift, a
 Tu m'of - fri gem - me, pre - zi - o - se per - - le, ma nul - la so - noal par di

Du giebstes mir?
Shall she be mine?
 E lof-fria me?

treu-es Weib:
faith-ful wife!
 fi-do-a-mor.

ich ge-be dir mein Wort.
Yes! her's my hand up-on it!
 Ti do la mia pa-ro-la.

Mich rührt dein Loos;
I pi-ty thee;
 Mi fa do-lor ve-

f *p* *p espressivo*

frei-ge-big, wie du bist, zeigst E-del-muth und ho-hen Sinn du mir;
thou hast a gen'rous heart, And no-ble is thy na-ture and thy mien.
 der-ti gra-mo tan-to, e mo-stri ge-ne-ro-soe no-bil cor.

den Ei-dam wünschlich
I choose thee for my
 un-ge-ne-ro qual

p *cresc.* *f* *risoluto*

Haß Dank!
My thanks!
Or di.

so, und wür'dein Gut auch nicht so reich, wählt' ich doch kei-nen An- dern!
 son; yea w'erethy wealth not half so great, none o- ther should con- tent me!
 te, se fos- se sai men ric- co. an- cor con- tento io see- glie- re - i.

Werd' ich die Toch-ter heut noch sehn?
 And shall I see thy child to- day?
 la fi- glia tua quan- do ve- drò?

Der näch- ste günst' - ge Wind bringt uns nach Haus; du sollst sie
 The next good wind will bring us swift- ly home, Then shalt thou
 To- sto che sof - fi fa- vo- re- vol ven- to tu la ve-

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 76$.

Fag. Tromb. Tuba. Timp.

für sich.
aside
fra sè.
lento

So ist sie mein! Wird sie mein En-gel sein? Wenn aus der Qua len
She shall be mine! Is my re-demp-tion nigh? Dare I at last, through
La spo-se - rù! Lan-ge - lo mio sa - rà? Se nel - la in-

schin, und wenn sie dir ge fällt...
see her. If she please thine eye—
drai e sel - la piace a te—

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 76$.

Clar. Cor. Fag. Timp.

Schreck - ge - wal - ten, die Schn - sucht nach dem Heil? mich treibt, ist mir's er laubt mich fest zu
years of sor - row. Look for an end of all my pain? Durns there for me a gold - en
ter - mi - na - bi - le o - scu - - ri - tà dell' a - - ui - ma bril - la la lu - ce, la lu - ce

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 76$.

Oboi.

treibt. *pain?*
 2?
 giebt. Die ihm an die-se Kü - ste brach-ten, ihr Win - de sollt ge - seg - net sein!
hand! My thanks be thine thou swel - ling wa - ter, Whose rage a fa - ther's hearth has blest!
ra co-tanto-e si be - ne - fi - ca for - tu - na a ri - tro-var!

ist mir's er - laubt, mich fest zu hal - ten an ei -
Dawns there for me a gold - en mor-row? Shall heal -
 Ri - piom - be - rò, ah! sì, nel tur - bi - ne di -

Ha, wo - nach al - le Vä - ter
The prize de - sired for ev' - ry
 Un ric - coe no - bil ge - ne -

- ner Hoffnung, die mir bleibt?
ing hope be born a - gain?
 - mia sciagu - ra an - ti - - ca?

Darf
Dare
 Ah!

ich in je - nem Wahn
I be - lieve in my
 sol - che - rò an - cor

noch schmach - ten,
sal - va - tion?
 l'ò - cé - a - no

trachten, ein rei - cher Ei - dam, er ist mein! Bloss hab ich
daughter, A weal - thy bride groom, stands con - fess! Bè! mine then
 ro io lo so - gna - va ogno - ra; mè da - to, il so - gno av - ve - rasi

fest zu hal - ten,
to hold with cau - tion
 was sich so schon
The good that for -
 al - tro non so, - to es smile hath, zù n.

von selbst mir giebt,
non so bra - mar,

Flauti

Clar.

Solo

pp

più p *dolce* *meno p*

dass sich ein En - gel mir er - weicht? Der Qua - len, die mein Haupt um -
Has some good an - gel heard my prayer? Of all my bit - ter trib - u -
 ma - le - di - cen - do a te, a te? Di mia, di mi scia - gu - ra an -

p

was sich so schön von selbst mir giebt! Ha, wonach al - le Vä - ter trachten, ein reicher Ei - dam, er ist
The good that for - tune's smile hath giv'n. Ha! what is sought for ev' - ry daughter, A wealthy bridegroom, stands con -
 un ric - co ge - ne - ro so - gnai, un ric - co ge - ne - ro so - gnai o - gnor, o - gnor io lo so -

più p *meno p*

più p *meno p*

Flauti

Ob.

Clar.

p *cresc.* *f* *p* *cresc.*

cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *cresc.*

nach - ten, er - sehn - tes Ziel hätt' ich er - reicht? Ach! oh - ne Hoff - nung
lu - tion Dare I be - lieve the goal is there? Ah! though so long of
 ti - ca ri - piom - be - rò nel tur - bi - ne? Ah! sol - che - rò an -

p

mein! Ein rei - cher Ei - dam, er ist mein!
fest! A wealth - y bride - groom stands con - fest!
 gnai, e il so - gno av - ve - ra - si o - mai!

f *mf* *mf*

mf *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim. p*
mf *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim. p*
mf *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim. p*
mf *dim.* *p* *pp* *f* *dim. p*

wie ich bin, geb' ich mich doch der Hoff - nung hin! Ach! oh - ne Hoff - nung
 hope be - reft, At last I feel one hope is left! yea, though so long of
 cor l'o - ce - - a - no ma - le - - di - cen - - do a te? Ah! sol - che - ro an -

Für-wahr, blos hab' ich fest zu hal - ten, für-wahr, blos hab' ich
 The prize de - sired for er' - ry daughter. A wealth - y bridegroom,
 Un ric - co, un ric - co e no - bil genero so - gna - i e il sogno av -

dim. *pp* *f* *dim. p*
dim. *pp* *f* *dim. p*
dim. *pp* *f* *dim. p*
dim. *pp* *f* *dim. p*

p *cresc.* *f*
p *cresc.* *f*
piu p *cresc.* *f*
piu p *cresc.* *f*

wie ich bin, geb' ich mich doch der Hoff - nung hin!
 hope be - reft, At last I feel one hope is left!
 cor l'o - ce - - a - no ma - le - - di - cen - - do a te?

fest zu hal - ten, was sich so schön von selbst mir giebt. Ge - prie - sen seid, des Sturm's Ge - walt' die
 stands confest, A wealth - y bridegroom stands con - fest! My thanks be thine, thou swell - ing wa - ter, whose
 ve - ra - si, al - tro non so, non so bra - mar. Sia glo - ria, glo - ria a vo - i, ter - ri - bi - li

cresc. *f*
cresc. *f*
cresc. *f*
cresc. *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Cor.

Fg.

Trbe.vent. in G. (Sol).

Trbni.

Tuba

Timp.

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

Ist mir's er - laubt mich fest zu hal - ten an ei-ner Hoffnung. die mir bleibt?
Of all my bit - ter trib - u - lu - tion, Dare I be-lieve the goal is there?
 Dim - mi fa - tal. fa - tal mio demone. ah! dimmi, di! lu - sin - gaell'è?

ihr an die-sen Strand mich triebt! Die ihn — an die - se Kü - ste — brach - ten, ihr Win-de, sollt ge - seg - net sein!
rage a father's hearth has blest; The prize — desired for ev' - ry — daught - er, A wealthy bridegroom stands con - fest!
 fiot-tidel mar, che nau - fra-ga a que - - sti — li - di i - no - spi-ti tra - e-ste la mia pro - ra.

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *mf* *f* *p cresc.*

The musical score consists of several staves. The vocal line (soprano) is written in G major and 4/4 time. The piano accompaniment includes the first and second violins, violas, cellos, and double basses. The score features dynamic markings such as *f*, *dim.*, *cresc.*, *p*, and *fp*. There are also performance instructions like *a 2* and *tr* (trills). The lyrics are provided in three languages: German, French, and English.

doch ————— geb'ich mich doch der Hoff - nung hin; oh - ne Hoff - nung. wie ich bin, geb'ich mich
knor ————— *one hope is left, one hope is left; Though so long of hope be - rest, At last I*
cor, ————— *an - cor l'o - cè - a - no. si, sol - che - ro an - cer l'o - cè - a - no ma - le - di -*

geb' froh ————— ich Haus und Toch - ter hin. dem Mann mit Gut und ho - hem Sinn, geb' froh ich
I glad - - ly give my daught - er's hand. Where wealth and worth u - - nit - ed stand, I gladly
un ric - - coe no - bil ge - - ne - ro m'è da - to o - - mai al - - tro bra - mar, bram non

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Vivace, ma non troppo presto. $\text{♩} = 72$.

Steuermann am Bord.
Steersmann on board.
Il Pilota a bordo.

Süd - wind! Süd - wind!
South - wind! South - wind!
Ven-to del Sud! Ven-to del Sud!

hin!
left!
è?
Das Wetter hat sich völlig aufgeklärt,— der Wind ist umgeschlagen.
The storm has quite subsided, and the wind changed.
La tempesta è cessata, il vento cangia.

hin!
hand!
so!

Matrosen die Mützen schwenkend.
Sailors, waving their caps.
Marinai agitando i beretti.

ff
Hal-lo-ho!
Ho-la-ho!
Ho-ho-è!
ff
Hal-lo-ho!
Ho-la-ho!
Ho-ho-è!

Vivace, ma non troppo presto. $\text{♩} = 72$.

Cor. vent. in F. (Fa)

p

f

p

p

p

p

p

pp

p

Du siehst, das Glück ist gün-stig dir,
Good for - - tune now for thee pre - rails!
 Ve - - di la sor-te, ei ar-ri-de già,

der Wind ist gut die See in Ruh'.
The wind is fair, the tem - pest o'er,
 propizio eil ven - - to tran-quil - lo eil mar.

Fl. I.

Fl. II.

Cl. I. *mf*

Cl. II. *mf*

pp

pp

tr

pp

ten.

ten.

So-gleich die An-ker lich-ten wir, und-se-geln froh der Hei-math zu.
Well weigh the an-chor; spread the sails, Then hasten on for home once more.
 La nuova pa-triat'ten-de. è là, salpa-teo-mai, o ma-ri-nar.

First system of musical notation, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The piano part features a prominent bass line with a melodic motif.

Second system of musical notation, primarily piano accompaniment. It shows a complex texture with multiple voices in the piano part.

Darfich dich bit - ten, so se-gelst du vor-an; der Wind ist frisch, doch meine Mann - - schaft müd; ich
 If I may coun - sel, 'twere best you leave us here, The wind is fresh, my crew are wear - - y still. We'll
 Tu mi pre-ce - di, io poi ti se-gui-rò; il ven - - toè buon, ma le-qui-pag - - gio è stan-co; lo

Matrosen. Während sie die Segel aufziehen
 Sailors. Spreading the sails
 Marinai ponendosi al lavoro per levar l'ancora e spiegare le vele.

Ho! Ho! Ho! Ho! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-he!
 Yo - - ho! yo - - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho!
 Ho ho ho ho! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è!

Ho! Ho! Ho! Ho! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-he! Hallo-he!
 Yo - - ho! yo - - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho! Holla - ho!
 Ho ho ho ho! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è! Hoho - è!

11. poco riten.

Cor. in F. (Fa).
Cor. in Es. (Mi b).
Fag.
Tromb.
Timp.

Holl.

Schiff ist schnell, es holt dich si-cher ein.
bark is swift, she'll o - vertake thee soon.
scel-loè leg-gie-ro. ti raggiun-ge-ra. Dal.

Du glaubst? Wohl-an! Es mö-ge denn so sein! Lieb wohl! —
Well, well! So be it! I hope thy words prove true! Farewell! —
Lo cre - - di? Sia. Sic-co-me di-ci tu! Sta ben! —

poco riten.

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor. in F. (Fa).
Cor. in Es. (Mi b)
Fag.
Timp.

a tempo

Gewiss! I shall! Daland an Bord seines Schiffes gehend.
Lo spero! Andando a bordo di suo vascello.
Daland goes on board.

Mög-st heu-te du mein Kind noch seh'n! Hei! Wie die Se - gel schon sich bläh'n! Hallo!
And may'st thou see my child to - day! Ha! how the good wind swells the sails! Hallo!
Mia fi-glia og-gi tu ve-drai. Ehi già le ve - le si gon - fia - no! Hollo!

a tempo

Piccolo.

cresc.

Trombe ord. in F. (Fa).

Maestoso.
Soli.

2^{do} e 3^{to} Soli.

Er gibt ein Signal auf der Schiffspfeife.
Gives a signal on the whistle.
Dà un segnale col fischietto del bastimento.

Das Schiff wird losgemacht.
The anchor is weighed.
Levando l'ancora.

Hal-lo!
Hal-lo!
Hol-lò!

Frisch, Jun-gen greifet an!
Now, com-rades, all to work!
All' er - ta, a la-vo - rar!

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It includes staves for piccolo, trumpets, and vocal parts. The score is in F major and 2/4 time. It features dynamic markings like 'cresc.', 'ff', and 'Maestoso'. There are also performance instructions such as 'Soli' and '2^{do} e 3^{to} Soli'. The bottom part of the page contains lyrics in German, Italian, and English, along with a vocal line.

Cor. ord. in (B Sib) basso.

Matrosen, im Absegeln jubelnd.
Sailors, joyously, as they sail away.
Marinai, piegando le vele, pieni di gioia.

Mit Ge-wit-ter und Sturm aus fernem Meer, mein Mäd-el, bin dir nah!
On the wings of the storm, from distant lands, Be-lov-ed, home I fly!
Fratem-pe-ste-e for-tu-ne il lun-go er-rar vi-ci-noal fi-ne-or è!

Mit Ge-wit-ter und Sturm
On the wings of the storm
Fratem-pe-ste-e for-tune

mein Mäd-el bin dir nah!
Be-lov-ed, home I fly!
vi-ci-noal fi-ne-or è!

Hur-
Hur-
Ur-

Hur-
Hur-
Ur-

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a vocal line and multiple piano accompaniment staves. The middle system features a piano part with complex arpeggiated figures. The bottom system contains two vocal lines with lyrics in German and English, and a piano accompaniment. The score includes dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f*, and performance instructions like *tr* (trills) and *v* (accents). The lyrics are:

 German:

 rah! Ue-ber thurmho-he Fluth vom Sü-den her, mein Mäd-el, ich bin da!

 rah! E var-ca-to già l'in-fi-ni-to mar, mia bel-la, son con te!

 English:

 rah! From the bil-lows that break on southern strands, Be-lor-ed, here am I!

 rah! E var-ca-to già mar, mia bel-la, son con te!

 The vocal lines are marked with *ff* and *f*. The piano accompaniment in the middle system features intricate arpeggiated patterns with accents and slurs. The bottom system includes a piano part with similar arpeggiated figures and a vocal line with lyrics. The score is written in a standard musical notation with various clefs and time signatures.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Tempo I.

The musical score consists of two systems. The first system includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The second system features a vocal line with lyrics and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are in German and English. The tempo is marked 'Tempo I.' and the dynamics include 'ff' (fortissimo).

Lyrics:

Mä - del verlangt nach mir!	Ho ho!	Ho! jo-lo-ho!	Ho ho ho ho ho!	Ho! ho!
loved one a - wait-eth me!	Yo - - ho!	Ho - hol-la-ho!	yo - ho - ho - ho - ho!	Yo - - ho!
la-mormio con-ten - to!	Ho - - ho - - - ho!	Jo ho ho!	Ho ho ho ho ho!	Ho! ho!

ho! Jo-lo-ho! ho! ho ho ho ho — ho!
ho! Yo-ho ho ho ho ho ho! Yo - - ho!
ho! Jo-ho ho ho ho ho ho ho — ho!

Der Holländer besteigt sein Schiff. Der Vorhang fällt.
The Dutchman goes on board his ship. Curtain.
L'Olandese va nel suo vascello. Cala la tela.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system consists of ten staves, and the second system consists of six staves. The music is written in a minor key and features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamics are marked *ff* (fortissimo) throughout. The score includes vocal lines, piano accompaniment, and a cello/bass line. The second system features complex sixteenth-note passages in the piano and cello/bass parts, with some measures marked with '24' and '12' above the notes.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, with the first staff starting with a vocal line and the second with a piano accompaniment. The remaining eight staves are for the piano, with the first two staves of the piano part featuring a melodic line and the lower staves providing harmonic support. The second system consists of seven staves. The top two staves are for the piano, featuring a complex texture of sixteenth-note patterns and octaves, marked with *ff* and *f sempre*. The bottom five staves of the second system are for the piano, with the first two staves continuing the sixteenth-note patterns and the remaining three staves providing harmonic support. The score is written in a key signature of two flats and a time signature of 3/4. The tempo is marked *f sempre* throughout.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ende des 1^{sten} Aufzugs.
End of Act I.
Fine dell' Atto I.

Zweiter Aufzug.

ACT II.

ATTO II.

Introduction.

Introduction.

Preludio.

Allegro maestoso. $\text{♩} = 63.$

Piccolo.

Flauti I. II.

Oboi I. II.

Clarinetti I. II. in B (Sib).

Corni ventile in F (Fa).

Corni ordin. in B (Sib) basso.

Fagotti I. II.

Trombe ordin. in F (Fa).

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in B. F. (Sib) (Fa).

Violini.

Viola.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Allegro maestoso. $\text{♩} = 63.$

più Allegro.

The first system of the musical score consists of seven staves. The top staff is a vocal line in G major, marked *ff*. The piano accompaniment is spread across six staves, including a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a double bass line. The piano part features a complex texture with many sixteenth notes and chords, also marked *ff*. The key signature has one flat (F major or D minor).

The second system of the musical score consists of seven staves. The vocal line is marked *ff* and *vivace*, showing a more active melodic line with many sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment is also marked *ff* and includes a grand staff and a double bass line. The piano part features a complex texture with many sixteenth notes and chords, also marked *ff*. The key signature has one flat (F major or D minor).

più Allegro.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This image displays two systems of musical notation for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*. The first system consists of ten staves, with the top two staves grouped by a brace. The second system also consists of ten staves, with the top two staves grouped by a brace. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo). The score is written in a key signature of two flats and a time signature of 3/4. The first system shows a complex texture with multiple voices and instruments, while the second system continues this texture with more intricate melodic lines and rhythmic patterns. The page number 146 is located at the bottom center.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This image displays two systems of musical notation for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*. The first system consists of ten staves, including vocal lines and orchestral parts for strings, woodwinds, and brass. The second system continues the orchestral parts, featuring complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings. The score is written in a key signature of one flat and a 2/4 time signature. Dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *a 2* (second ending) are clearly visible throughout the piece.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is divided into two systems. The first system contains the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line features a melodic phrase with a trill. The piano accompaniment is characterized by a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes with accents. The double bass line includes trills. The second system continues the piano accompaniment with intricate sixteenth-note passages in both hands. The dynamic marking *f sempre* is present in every staff. The key signature is one flat, and the time signature is 3/4.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system contains ten staves, and the second system contains six staves. The notation includes various rhythmic values, accidentals, and dynamic markings. The first system features a prominent melodic line in the upper staves, with dynamic markings such as *f*, *dim.*, and *meno f*. The lower staves of the first system include trill markings (*tr*) and dynamic markings like *f*, *dim.*, and *meno f*. The second system continues the musical material with similar dynamic markings, including *meno f* and *dim.*.

Nº 4. Lied, Scene, Ballade und Chor.

Song, Scene, Legend and Chorus. — Canzone, Scena, Ballata e Coro.

Ein grosses Zimmer im Hause Daland's, an den Wänden Bilder von Seegegenständen, Karten u.s.w. An der Hinterwand das Bildniss eines bleichen Mannes mit dunklem Barte und in schwarzer spanischer Tracht. Mary und die Mädchen sitzen um den Kamin herum und spinnen. Senta, in einem Grossvaterstuhle zurückgelehnt, ist in träumerisches Anschauen des Bildnisses an der Hinterwand versunken.

A large room in Daland's house; on the walls are pictures of ships, maps etc. On the back wall hangs a portrait of a man, with pale face and dark beard, wearing a black cloak. Mary and the maids are seated round the stove, spinning. Senta, leaning back in an old-fashioned arm-chair, is lost in dreamy contemplation of the portrait on the wall.

Una camera spaziosa in casa di Dalando, alle pareti laterali diversi disegni di oggetti marittimi, carte geografiche etc. Alla parete del fondo è appeso un quadro rappresentante la figura di un uomo pallido in viso, con barba bruna e vestito nero. Mary e le Damigelle sono sedute intorno al caminetto, e filano. Senta, stesa su di una sedia a braccioli con le braccia incrociate, è assorta nella contemplazione del quadro del fondo.

Allegretto moderato. ♩ = 66.

Allegretto moderato. ♩ = 66.

Nº. Der Dirigent möge an den dazu geeigneten Stellen stets das Tempo zurückhalten suchen, damit es nie zu schnell werde.
Throughout this number the Conductor should hold back the tempo where desirable, that it may not become too hurried.
 Il Direttore procurerà, ai punti convenienti, di rattenere il tempo, affinché non diventi troppo affrettato.

Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Viol. I.
Viol. II.
Viola
Sop.
Alt.
Celli
Bassi

Chor der Mädchen.
Chorus of Maids.
Coro di Damigelle.

Summ' und
Twirl und
Ron - za e

Summ' und
Twirl und
Ron za

brumm, du gu-tes Räd - - - chen, mun-ter, munter dreh' dich um!
whirl, my spindle, gai - - - ly! Mer-ry, merry wheel, spin on!
fisch-a-o mu-li nel - - - lo, gi - ra, gi-ra in tor - - - no a tel

brumm, du gu-tes Räd - - - chen, mun - ter, mun-ter dreh dich um!
whirl, my spindle, gai - - - ly! Mer - ry, mer-ry wheel, spin on!
fisch-a-o mu-li nel - - - lo, gi - ra, gi-ra in-tor-no a tel

arco

Spinn - ne, spin - ne tausend Fäd - chen, gu - tes Rädchen, summ' und
 För - the flax must dwindle dai - by Till our winter's task be
 Tor - ci il fil ro - tondo e bel - lo, all' im - pul - so del mio

Spinn - ne, spin - ne tausend Fäd - chen, gu - tes Rädchen, summ' und
 För - the flax must dwindle dai - by Till our winter's task be
 Tor - ci il fil ro - tondo e bel - lo, all' im - pul - so del mio

pizz.
pizz.
arco

un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 50.

ben tenuto
ben tenuto
p ben tenuto
ben tenuto

brumm'! Mein Schatz ist auf dem Mee - re draus, er denkt nach Haus an's from - me Kind; mein
 done. My lov - er sails the o - cean foam, And thinks of her who spins at home; Then
 pie! Il mio te - sor tra - scor - re il mar e pen - sa og nor al dol - ce a - mor; il

pizz.
pizz.

un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 50.

Gu - tes Räd - chen! Tra - la-ra la - la - la - la - la! Tra - la-ra la -
 Flax must dwin - die! Tra - la-ra! La - la - la - la - la! Tra - la-ra! La -
 la ro - tel - la! Tra - la ra la la la la la!

Summ! Gu - tes Rädchen! Spinnt flei - ssig, Mädchen! Brumm',
 whirl, the flax must dwin - die! Ah! mer - ry spin - die! Ah!
 fi - schia la ro - tel - la! Ah! fi - la, fi - la! Ah!

la - la - la - la! Tra - la-ra la la - la - la - la - la - la - la - la - la -
 la - la - la - la! Tra - la-ra! La - la - la - la - la! La - la - la - la - la!
 la la la la! Tra - la ra la la la la la la la la la!

gu - tes Rädchen! Spinnt! Spinnt flei - ssig, Mädchen, flei - ssig, Mädchen, spinnt!
 Flax must dwin - die! Spin! Spin! mer - ry spin - die, mer - ry spin - die, spin!
 fi - schia e gi - ral fi - la, gar - zón - cel - la, fi - la, fi - la - la!

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal parts, with the second staff marked 'a 2'. The remaining eight staves are for piano accompaniment, including a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a separate bass line. The music is in a key with two sharps (D major) and a 3/4 time signature. It features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various articulations like slurs and accents.

The second system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal parts, with dynamic markings like *pp* and *p*. The remaining eight staves are for piano accompaniment, including a grand staff and a separate bass line. The music continues with similar rhythmic complexity. At the bottom of the system, there are lyrics in German, English, and Italian. The English and Italian lyrics are aligned under the corresponding German lyrics.

Mary.

Eil Flei - ssig,	flei - ssig, wie sie	spin - nen!	Will je - de	sich den Schatz ge -
Ay, ay, girls!	Set the wheel a -	spin - ning!	The prize of	love is worth the
Ehi, bra - ve,	be - nel in ver	si fi - lal	Il	te - sor per ot - te -

Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp

Summ und brumm! du gu-tes Räd-chen, mun-ter, mun-ter dreh' dich
Twirl and whirl, my spin-dle, gai-ly! Mer-ry, mer-ry wheel, spin
Ron-za e fi-schia.o mu-li nel-lo, gi-ra, gi-ra in tor-no a

Summ und brumm! du gu-tes Räd-chen, mun-ter, mun-ter dreh' dich um!
Twirl and whirl, my spin-dle, gai-ly! Mer-ry, mer-ry wheel, spin on!
Ron-za e fi-schia.o mu-li nel-lo, gi-ra, gi-ra in tor-no a tel

pp
pizz.
arco
arco

Fl.
Ob.
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp

um! Spin-ne, spin-ne tau-send Fäd-chen, gu-tes Räd-chen, summ'
on! For the flax must dwin-dle dai-ly, Till our win-ter's task
tel Tor-ci il fil-ro-ton-do e bel-lo, all'im-pul-so del

Spin-ne, spin-ne tau-send Fäd-chen, gu-tes Räd-chen,
For the flax must dwin-dle dai-ly, Till our win-ter's
Tor-ci il fil-ro-ton-do e bel-lo, all'im-pul-so

pizz.
arco

a tempo

gibts dem Kind, — wenns flei-ssig spinnt!
 give to her — that spins the best!
 può pro-var. — che ben fi-
 - löl

Spinnt!
 Ah!

Spinnt!
 Twirl — and
 fi - la, — and

Spinnt!
 whirl — thou
 fi - la, — mer

Flei - - - ssig Mäd - chen!
 Mer - - - ry spin - dle!
 gar - zon - - cel - la!

Brumm!
 Twirl — and
 gi - - ra e

Ja tempo

Gu - - - tes Räd - chen! Tra - - la ra - la - la - la - la - la! Tra - - la - ra - - la -
 Flax - - - must dwin - dle! Tra - - la - ra! La - la - la - la - la! Tra - - la - ra! La -
 la - - - ro - tel - - la! Tra la ra la la la la la! Tra la ra la

Summ,
 whirl, — the gu - - - tes Räd - chen! Spinnt,
 fi - - schia la - - - must dwin - dle! Spin,
 Ah! Ah!

flei-ssig Mädchen! Brumm',
 mer - ry spin - dle! Spin!
 fi - la, fi - la! Ah!

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It features a vocal line with lyrics and a full orchestral accompaniment. The score is written in G major and 3/4 time. The vocal line includes the following lyrics:

la - la - la - la! Tra - - la - ra - - la - la - la - la - la - la - la - la - la!
la - la - la - la! Tra - - la - ra' Lu - la - la - la - la! la - la - la - la - la!
la - la - la - la! Tra - la ra la la la la la la la la la la!

gu - tes Räd - chen! Spinnt! Spinnt flei - ssig, Mäd - chen! Flei - ssig, Mäd - chen, spinnt!
flux must dwin - dle! Spin! Spin! mer - ry spin - dle! mer - ry spin - dle, spin!
fi - schia e gi - ral! Fi - - - la, gar - zon - cel - la, fi - la, fi - - la!

The orchestral accompaniment includes parts for Violins I & II, Violas, Cellos, Double Basses, Flutes, Clarinets, Bassoons, Horns, and Trombones. The score includes various musical markings such as *cresc.*, *arco*, and *ff*.

zu Senta.
to Senta.
a Senta.

Mary.

Du bö - - ses Kind, wenn du nicht spinnst, vom Schatz du kein Ge-schenk ge - winnst.
Thou i - - die child! Wilt thou not spin? A lov - er's gift thou ne'er wilt win!
E tu. cat - ti - va, non vuoi fi - lar? dal tuo te - sor non a - vrai don.

Sie hat's nicht Noth, dass sie sich eilt; ihr Schatz nicht auf dem Mee-re weilt; bringt er nicht Gold, bringt er doch Wild, man
No need has she to hur-ry so, Her lov-er's not at sea, you know! The maid who weds a hunt-er bold, May
Il suo te-sor non var-ca il mar; se non la-vo-ra ell' ha ra-gion; da un caccia-tor bra-mar che val se

Fl. I. Solo. *p* *pp*

Ob. *p* *pp*

Clar. *p* *pp*

Fag. I. Solo. *p* *pp*

più p *pp*

Senta: ohne ihre Stellung zu verändern. *seufzend.*
without changing her position. *sighing.*
immobile nella sua positura. *sospirando.*

Was hast du Kunde mir gegeben, was mir erzähltest, wer er sei, der arme
Why didst thou wake my compassion? Why didst thou tell me of his case? His pit-cous
A che nar-rar-mi la sua istoria? chi e-gli sia dir-mi per-chè? quel po-ver'

più p *pizz.*

Fl. *p*

Clar. *p cresc.*

Cor. *p cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

Fag. *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

p cresc. *p* *cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.*

Mann.
case!
uom!

Gott sei mit dir!
God help thee now!
Sia lei con te!

Die Mädchen. *Ei, ei, ei, eil Was hören wir! Sie seuf-zet um den blei-chen*
The Maids. Eh, eh! Eh, eh! mad, I vow! She's sigh-ing for the ghost-ly
Le Damigelle. Ehi, ehi! Ehi, ehi! di-ce mail So-spi-ra all' uo-mo, pal-li

Ei, ei! Was hören wir! Sie seuf-zet um den blei-chen
Eh, eh! mad, I vow! She's sigh-ing for the ghost-ly
Ehi, ehi! che di-ce mail So-spi-ra all' uo-mo pal-li

p cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.*

p cresc. *f* *p* *cresc.*

Fl. *cresc.*

Ob. *p*

Clar. *p*

Cor. *p cresc.*

Fag. *p*

Den Kopf verliert sie noch da - rum,
Her brain is turned, I sorely fear!
 Per lu - i el - la impaz - zi - see,

nichts hilft es, wenn ich täglich brumm, komm, Senta! Wend' dich doch her - um!
To all I say she lends no ear! Come, Senta! Come and sit you here!
 e nul - la val che ognor le gridi: Vien, Senta, ri - vol - gi - ti di qua!

Mann.
man!
 do!

Da sieht man was ein Bild doch kann.
So fierce a flame can fan - cy fan!
 Oh! guarda, un qua - dro ha tal po - ter!

Vello u. Basso. *p*

mf

p

mf

p

mf

p

mf

p

mf

p

mf

p

Sie hört euch nicht!
She does not hear,
 Në in - ten - der vuoll

Sie ist ver - liebt! Sie ist ver -
the girls in love! The girls in
 Pre - saè da - mor, d'a - mor, d'a -

p *mf* *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p*

liebt!
love!
 mor!
 Sie ist ver- - liebt!
The girl's in love!
 Pre - sa e da - - mor!
Pre - sa e da - - mor!

ver - liebt!
In love!
 da - mor!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Ei, ei!
Eh, eh!
 Ehi, ehi!
 Wenn's nur nicht
'twill sure a
 Pur - ché non
 Wenn's nur nicht
'twill sure a
 Pur - ché non

p *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p*

Hän - del giebt! Denn E - rik hat gar hei - sses Blut. dass er nur kei - nen Schaden thut! Sagt
scand al prove! For E - rik's blood is young and warm, He will might do the man a harm! Take
 na - sca - no que - re - le e ancor di - sgra - zi - e che E - rik ha san - gue ar - den - tel! Se

Hän - del giebt! Denn E - rik hat gar hei - sses Blut. dass er nur kei - nen Schaden thut! Sagt
scand al prove! For E - rik's blood is young and warm, He will might do the man a harm! Take
 na - sca - no que - re - le e ancor di - sgra - zi - e che E - rik ha san - gue ar - den - tel! Se

nichts! care! sa,
 Er schießt sonst wuth-entbrannt den Ne-ben-buh-ler von der Wand! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha,
 Il ri-val fa in pol-vere, il ri-val fa in pol-ve from his frame! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha,
 lachend laughing ridendo

pizz. *p* *arco* *ff* *arco* *ff* *arco* *ff*

ha! Sagt nichts! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!
 ha! Take care! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!
 ha! Ta-ciam! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!
 ha! Sagt nichts! Haha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!
 ha! Take care! Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!
 ha! Ta-ciam! Haha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!
 ha! ha! ha!

Senta. heftig auffahrend, angrily, con vivacità.
 O schweigt mit eu-rem tol-len-La-chen, wollt
 Oh cease! give o'er your sense-less laughter! Your
 Ces-sa-te! con quel fol-le ri-so-o-ma-i!

arco *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p*

Senta.

Oh! Macht dem dummen Lied ein
 Ah! this dull song why thus pro-
 Oh! fi - ni - re - te que - sto

- - - chen! Gu - tes Räd - chen summ' und brumm!
 - - - ly! Till our win - ter's tusk be done!
 - - - lo all' im - pul - so del mio piè.

- - - chen! Gu - - - tes Räd - chen summ' und brumm!
 - - - ly! Till our win - ter's tusk be done!
 - - - lo all' im - pul - so del mio piè.

Ob.
Cl.

En - de' Es - brummt und summt nur vor dem Ohr. Wollt ihr, dass ich mich zu euch wen - - de, so sucht was
 long you' its A - whirl and whirl are empty sound! If I must come and sit a - mong you. Can not some
 can - to E - fi - la e gi - ra so de sol. Vo - le - te che mi volga a vo - - i? miglior can -

Solo.

Ob. *p*

Cl. *p*

p *p* *mf*

p *pp* *p*

p *pp* *p*

be-see-res her-vor!
bet-ter song be-found!
zon can-ta-te a me!

Hört, was ich ra-the: Frau Ma-ry singt uns die Bal-
No! stop your cho-rus! Let Ma-ry sing the ballad
Sen-ti-teilmio con-si-glio: ne can-ti Ma-ry la bal-

Gut! Sin-ge du!
Woll. sing us one!
Ben! can-ta tu!

pizz. *p* *pp* *p* *arco*

pizz. *p* *pp* *p* *arco*

pp *pp* *pp* *pp*

mf *pp*

marc. ma p

fp *fp* *p*

fp *fp* *p*

fp *fp* *p*

la-de-us!
for-us!
la-ta.

Mary.

Be-wah-re Gott, das fehl-te mir!
Now heu-en for-bid! I dare not do it!
Id-dio mi guardi, al-tro non manca!

Den flie-genden Hol-län-der
The Fly-ing Dutchman!
L'O-lan-de-se vo-lan-te

lasst in Ruh!
Let him rest!
ri-po-sar la-sciam!

fp *fp* *fp*

cresc. *fp*
p *cresc.* *fp*
p *cresc.* *fp*
p *cresc.* *f* *pizz.* *p*
p *cresc.* *f* *pizz.* *p*
p *cresc.* *f* *pizz.* *p*
p *cresc.* *f* *pizz.* *p*

Senta.
 Wie oft doch hört' ich sie von dir, ich sing' sie selbst!
 How oft - en have I list - en'd to it! Since she will not,
 Pur quante vol - te da te fu - diil! La can - to io stes - sa at -

Be - wah - re Gott, das fehl - te mir.
 Now heu - en for bid! I dare not do it!
 Mi guar - di Iddio al - tro non manca!

piu p
p Cor. mut. subito in D (Ré).
piu p
arco *pp* *p*
pp *arco* *pp* *p*
p *arco* *pp* *p*

Hört, Mädchen, zu! Lasst mich's euch recht zu Her - zen füh - ren, des Aermsten Loos, es muss euch rüh - ren!
 I'll do my best! If ye have pi - ty, now I'll prove it! His aw - ful doom must sure - ly move it!
 ten - te a me! Che vo toc - car - - vi il co - re. di lui nar - rando la sorte or - ren - da!

**Ballade.
Legend.
Ballata.**

Allegro non troppo. $\text{♩} = 63$.

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. It begins with a Piccolo part in the top staff, followed by Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, and Double Bass. The Tuba and Trombone parts are located in the lower middle section. The score is written in 3/4 time and features a variety of dynamic markings, including fortissimo (ff), forte (f), and diminuendo (dim). Performance instructions such as 'molto marcato' and 'trem.' (tremolo) are used to guide the conductor and performers. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the key signature is indicated by two flats.

Allegro non troppo. $\text{♩} = 63$.

roth die Se - - gel, schwarzder Mast? Auf ho - - hem Bord der blei - che Mann, des
blood the sails, and black the mast? Up - on the deck the ghost - ly man, His
 vil dai ne - ri al - be - ri, con ros - se ve - le e un pal - li - do noc -
 seg - len wollt' er einst ein Cap, er flucht' und schwur mit tol - lem Muth: in
once he strove to cleave the bay; The baf - fled sea - man swore an oath: „I
 tan - do a un ca - po vol - ge - re in - van be - stem - mia e giu - - ra, di -

Schif - - fes Herr, wacht oh - ne Rast. Hui! _____ Wie saust der
long his stream - - ing to the blast? Hui! _____ So pipes the
 chier che lo go - ver - - na. Hui! _____ che orri - - bil
 E - - wig - keit lass' ich nicht ab! Hui! _____ Und Sa - - tan
will not rest till Judgment Day!'' Hui! _____ And Sa - - tan
 sfi - - da e - ter - - ni nem - - bi! Hui! _____ L'o - de Sa -

Wind! Jo-ho-he! Jo-ho-he! Hui! Wie pfeift's im Taul! Jo-ho-he!
wind! Yo-ho-hey! *Yo-ho-hey!* *Hui!* *how shrill it sings!* *Yo-ho-hey!*
 ven - to! Jo he! Jo ho è! Hui! Si - bi - la e fi - schia! Jo he!
 hört's! Jo-ho-he! Jo-ho-he! Hui! Nahm ihm beim Wort! Jo-ho-he!
heard, Yo-ho-hey! *Yo-ho-hey!* *Hui!* *the fu - tul word!* *Yo-ho-hey!*
 tan! Jo ho è! Jo ho è! Hui! la sfi - da ac - cet - ta Jo he!

— ho-jo-he! Hui! Wie ein Pfeil fliegter hin, oh - ne Ziel, ohne Rast, ohne Ruh!
 — Yo-ho-hey! Hui! *Like an ar - row the ship* *fli - eth ou,* *Never resting, for aye!*
 — Jo ho è! Hui! lo so - spin - ge sul mar sen - za fin, senza mai ri - po - sar!
 — ho-jo-he! Hui! Und ver-dammt zieht er nun durchdas Meer, ohne Rast, ohne Ruh!
 — Yo-ho-hey! Hui! *He is doomed o'er the o - cean to roam,* *never resting, for aye!*
 — Jo ho è! Hui! Lo con - dan - na a va - gar sen - za fin, senza mai ri - po - sar!

Più lento. ♩ = 100.

Doch kann dem blei-chen Man - ne Er - lö - sung ein - stens noch wer - den,
 Yet might a wo - man's hand — the doom - ed man de - liv - er,
 Del pal - lid' uo - mo anco - ra po - tria can - gia - re la sor - to
 Doch, dass der ar - me Mann noch Er - lö - sung fän - de auf Er - den,
 Yet from his doom will heuren the wretch - ed man de - liv - er,
 Pur al ca - sti - go un ter - mi - ne il ciel, il cielo ha se - gna - to,

Più lento. ♩ = 100.

fänd' er ein Weib, das bis in den Tod ge - treu ihm auf Er - den. Ach! Wann wirst du, blei - cher See - mann, es fin - den?
 Could he but find one true heart on earth to love him for e - ver. Ah! pal - lid wan - d'rer, — when wilt thou find her?
 don - na in a - mor fe - de - le, in a - mo - re fi - no al - la mor - te. Ah! quan - do, o pal - li - do noc - chier, la tro - ve - ra - i?
 zeigt Got - tes En - gel an, wie sein Heil ihm einst kön - ne wer - den. Ach! Kön - ntest du, blei - cher See - mann, es fin - den!
 Can he but find a maid - en on earth to love him for e - ver. Ah! pal - lid wan - d'rer, — when wilt thou find her?
 un an - ge - lo, un an - gel del cie - lo l'ha de - cre - ta - to. Oh! ven - ga, o pal - li - do noc - chier, ven - ga l'o - ral

gerührt und ergriffen. CHOR Ach! Kön - ntest du, blei - cher See - mann, es fin - den!
 deeply moved. zum 2. Verse. Ah! pal - lid wan - d'rer, — when wilt thou find her?
 commosso e sotto voce. Oh! ven - ga, o pal - li - do noc - chier, ven - ga l'o - ral

Violoncelli senza Cb. trem. pp

Tempo I.

Be - tet zum Him-mel, dass bald ein Weib Treu-e ihm halt!
 Pray ye with me that heu-ven may send her to him soon!
 Che pre-sto in-con-tri don-na fe-del, preghiamo il ciell
 Be - tet zum Him-mel, dass bald ein Weib Treu-e ihm halt!
 Ruise we our prayer that heu-ven may guide him to her soon!
 Che pre-sto in-con-tri don-na fe-del, preghiamo il ciell!

Gegen Ende des Verses kehrt Senta sich gegen das Bild. Die Mädchen hören theil-nahm-voll zu; Mary hat aufgehört zu spinnen.
 Towards the end of this verse, Senta turns towards the portrait. The maids listen with interest, and even Mary has stopped spinning.
 Verso la fine di questa strofe Senta si volge al ritratto. Le Damigelle prestano attenzione, e Mary ha cessato di filare.

Be - tet zum Him - - - - mel!
 Pray we to heu - - - - ren!
 Preghiam, pre - ghia - - - - mo il ciell

Tempo I.

Senta, die schon beim zweiten Verse vom Stuhle aufgestanden war, fährt mit immer zunehmender Aufregung fort.
Senta, who has risen from her chair at the second verse, continues with ever-increasing excitement.
 Senta continua con crescente emozione.

Vor An - - ker al - - le sie - ben Jahr' ein Weib zu frei'n, geht er an's Land; er
As oft us se - - ven years are told, He comes to land, a wife to woo; But
 Sett' an - - ni ei gi - - ra e l'an - co - ra a fon - - do al - fin pre - - ci - pi - ta; di

poco riten. più ritard. Lento. a tempo Allegro.

frei - te al - le sie - ben Jahr' noch nie ein treu - es Weib er fand. Hui! .. Die Se - gel
countless years shure o'er him roll'd, And ne - ver yet has maid been true. Hui' .. then hoist the
 don - na fi - da in trac - cia ei va nè mai la tro - va. Hui! .. Le ve - le at

più p poco riten. più ritard. Lento. ff a tempo Allegro.

auf! Jo-ho-hel Jo-ho-hel Hui! „Den An - ker
 suils! Yo-ho-hey! Yo-ho-hey! Hui! to sea once
 ven - ti! Jo hè! Jo ho è! Hui! „La pro - ra all'

acceler.

los! Jo-ho-he! Jo-ho-he! Hui! „Falsche Lieb', falscheTren'! Auf in See, ohne Rast, ohne
 more! Yo-ho-hey! Yo-ho-hey! Hui! fickle heart! broken faith! Sail a - way, ever on, ever
 on - da! Ho hè! Jo ho è! Hui! „Tornai fiot - tia sol-car sen-za fin, senza mai ri-po-

fp acceler. cresc.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob.
f
 Cl.
f dim.
f dim.
f dim.
f dim.
f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*
p

f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*
f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*
f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*

Mary.

Ich fühl' in mir das Blut ge - rin - nen! Abscheu - lich Bild, du sollst hin - aus! Kommt nur der Va - ter erst nach
It makes my blood run cold to hear her! *Ah! hi - d'vous picture, down you come, As soon as mas - ter reaches*
 Io sen - to in me ge - lar - siil san - gue! Fu - ne - sta im - ma - go spa - ri - rai ap - pe - na qui giun - ga il ge - ni -

Sin - nen!
fear her!
 zi - ta!
 Sin - nen!
fear her!
 zi - ta!

f dim. *p* *più p* *fp*
f dim. *p* *fp*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob.

Clar. in A. (La) *f*

Hörner in A. (La) *f*

Hörner in E. (Mi) *p*

in E.u.A. (Mi e La) *pp*

cresc. *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

cresc. *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

cresc. *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

die in ihrer letzten Stellung verblieben. und von Allem nichts vernommen hatte, wie erwachend und freudig auffahrend.
Senta, who has not moved, and has realized nothing of what is going on around her, seems suddenly to become awake and radiant with joy.
 che era rimasta nell' ultima sua positura, e nulla aveva inteso, come svegliandosi di slancio tutta giuliva.

Der Va-ter kommt?
 My futher here!
 Ar-ri-va il pa - - dre?

Haus. düster.
 home! Erik, gloomily.
 tor. seriamente.

Der Va-ter kommt.
 Her fu - ther's here.
 Or, o - ra ar - riva.

Vom Fel - sen sah sein Schiff ich nah'n.
 I saw his ship; 'twas just in port.
 Da una ru-pe io scor - si vi - ci - no il suo na - vil.

Sopr. 1. Sie sind da:

Sopr. 2. They're home from

Sopr. 3. Es-si son

p dim *cresc.* *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

p *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

cresc.
p cresc.
p
cresc.
cresc.

più cresc.
più cresc.
più cresc.

ausser sich in grosser Geschäftigkeit.
 Mary, *fussily*.
 fuori di sè.

Nun seht, zu was eu'r Treiben frommt! Im Hause ist noch nichts ge - than!
 Now see! your nonsense costs you dear! They'll find the house all out of gear!
 Ec - co! insensa - te e nulla in ca - sa, nulla in ca - sa è fat - to an - cor!

heim. Sie sind da - heim! Sie sind da - heim! Sie sind da -

sea! They're home from sea! They're home from sea! They're home from

quà, son quà, son quà! Es - si son quà, son quà, son

più cresc.
più cresc.

più cresc.

più cresc.

più cresc.

mf cresc.

più cresc.

Nun seht, zu was eür Treiben frommt! Im Hau-se ist noch nichts ge - than!
 Now see! your nonsense costs you dear! They'll find the house all out of gear!
 Ec - co! insensa - te e nulla in ca - sa, nul - la in ca - sa è fat - to an - cor!

Die Mädchen
 keeping the
 trattenen -

Halt!
 No!
 Fer - me

heim!
 sea!
 quä!

Auf, eilt hin - aus!
 Come, come a - way!
 Su, le - ste, andiam!

heim!
 sea!
 quä!

Auf, eilt hin - aus!
 Come, come a - way!
 Su, le - ste, andiam!

heim!
 sea!
 quä!

Auf, eilt hin - aus!
 Come, come a - way!
 Su, le - ste, andiam!

Auf, eilt hin - aus!
 Come, come a - way!
 Su, le - ste, andiam!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Prestissimo possibile. $\text{♩} = 100.$

zurückhaltend.
maids back.
dole.

halt! Ihr blei - het fein im Haus! Das Schiffsvolk kommt mit lee - rem Ma - gen.
 No! at home you all must stay! The sail - ors sure are faint with hunger.
 là! Or - mai res - tar con - vien! I ma - ri - nai man - giar vor - ran - no.

aus! Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu
 way! How can we wait an in - stant
 là! là! Quan - te do - man - de e che que -

aus!
way!
diam.

Prestissimo possibile. $\text{♩} = 100.$

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

staccato
p
staccato
pp
pp staccato
pp
pp staccato
pp staccato

p
p
p

In Küch und Kel-ler, säu-met nicht!
So to the kit-chen off you go!
Al-la cu-ci-na, non tar-diam!

fra-ge-n!
lon-ger!
stio-ni!

Ich hal-te mich vor Neu-gier nicht!
So ma-ny things we want to know!
Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio - si - tà!

Ach! wie viel hab ich ihn zu fra-ge-n!
How can we wait an in-stant long-er!
Quan-te do-man-de e che que-stio-ni!

Ich hal - te mich vor Neu-gier
So ma - ny things we want to
Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio - si -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Piccolo.

Lasst euch nur von der Neu-gier pla - - - - gen!
 Well, you must wait a lit - tle long - - - - er!
 Le - ste, al la - vor! po - tre - te po - - - - i.

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra - - - - gen, ich hal - te mich vor Neu-gier
 No, no, no! not an in - stant long - - - - er. So ma - nythings we want to
 Che do - man - - - de che que - stio - ni, oh! quan - - - - tà, oh! quanta abbi-am cu - rio - si -

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra - - - - gen, ich hal - te mich vor Neu-gier
 No, no, no! not an in - stant long - - - - er. So ma - nythings we want to
 Che do - man - - - de che que - stio - ni, oh! quan - - - - ta, oh! quanta abbi-am cu - rio - si -

nicht!
 know!
 tà!

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra - - - - gen
 How can we wait an in - stant long - - - - er
 Quan - te do - mande e che que - stio - - - - ni

Vor Al - lem geht an eu - re Pflicht!
 And first your du - ties you must do!
 ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di - sfar!

nicht! Schon gut! So bald nur auf - ge - tra - - - - gen, hält hier uns län - ger kei - ne
 know! Will, will! Than du - ty love is strong - - - - er, yet we must first our du - ty
 ta! Eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - - - - re, chi ci rat - tien? cor - ria - mo

gen! Ich hal - te mich vor Neu - gier nicht! Mich hält hier län - ger kei - ne Pflicht, kei - ne
 er! So ma - ny things we want to know! Yet we must first our du - ty do! du - ty
 ni! Oh! quanta ab - biam cu - rio - si - ta! Chi ci rat - tien? cor - ria - mo là, cor - ria - mo

pizz.
arco
p *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes piano accompaniment for the right and left hands, with dynamics *p*, *cresc.*, and *più cresc.* indicated. The second system features vocal lines with lyrics in German and English. The third system continues the vocal lines with more lyrics. The fourth system shows the piano accompaniment for the vocal lines, with dynamics *p*, *cresc.*, and *più cresc.* indicated.

Lyrics:

Lasst von der Neu - gier euch nur pla - gen, vor Al - lem geht an
 Yes, you must wait a lit - tle long - er, And you must first your
 Le - ste, al la - vor! po - tre - te pot o - gni bra - - ma ri

Lyrics:

Pflicht. Schon gut, schon gut! So bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns kei - ne
 do! Yes, yes, yes, yes! Than du - ty love is stronger, yet we must first our du - ty
 la! Eb - ben, eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat - tien? cor - ria - mo

Lyrics:

Pflicht. Schon gut! So - bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns kei - ne Pflicht, so
 first! Yes, yes! Than du - ty love is stron - ger, yet we must first our du - ty do! Than
 la! Eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat - tien? cor - ria - mo la! Com -

più cresc.

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *più f*

f *ben tenuto*

f *ben tenuto*

f *ben tenuto*

eu - - re Pflicht' Geht an eu - - re Pflicht! Vor Al-lem geht an eu - re
 du - - ty do! first your du - - ty do! Yes, you must first your du - ty
 com - - pen - sar, o - gni bra - - - ma, ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di -

Pflicht, so - bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält uns hier län - - - ger kei - ne
 do! Than du - ty love is strong - er, yet we must first our du - ty
 là! fi - ni - te no - stre cu - re, cor - ria - mo là! cor - ria - mo

Pflicht, -o bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält uns hier län - - - ger kei - ne
 do! Than du - ty love is strong - er, yet we must first our du - ty
 là! fi - ni - te no - stre cu - re, cor - ria - mo là! cor - ria - mo

bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns kei - ne Pflicht, hält uns hier län - ger kei - ne
 du - ty love is strong - er; yet first our du - ty we must do, yes, first our du - ty we must
 piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat - tien? cor - ria - mo là! chi ei rat - tien? cor - ria - mo

f *arco* *ben tenuto*

f

The musical score consists of several systems. The top system shows piano accompaniment for the first system, with dynamics *ff* and *f*. The second system features vocal lines with lyrics in German, Italian, and English, and dynamics *più f* and *ff*. The third system continues the vocal lines with lyrics and dynamics *f* and *ff*. The bottom system shows piano accompaniment for the second system, with dynamics *f* and *ff*.

Lyrics:

German:
 Pflicht! Vor Al-lem geht an eu-re Pflicht! Vor Al-lem geht an eu-re
 do! Yes, you must first your du-ty do! yes, you must first your du-ty
 star. ogn' al-tra bra-ma sod-di-sfar! Le-ste, al la-vor! le-ste, al la-

Italian:
 Pflicht, hält hier uns län-ger kei-ne Pflicht
 do! yes, we must first our du-ty do! first our du-ty do!
 là! cor-ria-mo là! cor-ria-mo là! là!

English:
 Pflicht, hält uns hier län-ger kei-ne Pflicht, hält uns kei-ne Pflicht!
 do, yes, first our du-ty we must do, we must our du-ty do!
 là! chi ci rat-tien? cor-ria-mo là! cor-ria-mo là!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of several systems. The top system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The middle system contains the vocal line with German and English lyrics. The bottom system includes piano accompaniment.

Lyrics:

Pflicht! Lasst euch nur von der Neu-gier pla-gen! Vor Al-lem geht an eu-re
do! you must wait just a lit-tle long-er; And first your
 vor! al la-vo-ro! po-tre-te po-i, ogn'al-tra bra-ma sod-di-

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra-gen, Ach, wie viel! Ich hal-te mich vor Neu-gier nicht, ich hal-te mich
How can we wait! So ma-ny things we want to know! How can we wait and wait, when we've so much we would
 Quan-te do-man-de e qua-i que-stio-ni, qua-i! Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio-si-tà, cu-rio-si-

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra-gen, wie viel, wie viel! Vor Neu-gier hal-te ich mich nicht, vor Neu-gier halt' ich mich
How can we wait, when we've so ma-ny things we want to know! How can we wait, how can we wait, when we've so much we would
 Quan-te do-man-de e qua-i que-stio-ni, qua-i que-stio-ni! Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio-si-tà, qua-le cu-rio-si-

Ach! wie viel hab' ich ihn zu fra-gen!
How can we wait an in-stant long-er!
 Quan-te do-man-de e qua-i que-stio-ni!

Ich hal-te mich vor Neugier
So ma-ny things we want to
 Oh! quanta abbi-am cu-rio-si

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

fr
cresc.

a 2
più, f

a 2
più, f

a 2
f
più, f

f
più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

più, f

Pflicht! Lasst euch nur von der Neu - - gier pla - - gen, vor Al - lem geht an eu - re
do! *Yes, you must wait a* *lit - - tle long - - er,* *yes, you must first your du - ty*
sfar! *Le - ste, al lavor! po - tre - - te po - - i* *ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di -*

nicht! Ich hal - te mich vor Neu - gier nicht, ich hal - - - -
kuom! *So* *ma - ny things we want to know, we* *want*
tà! *Oh!* *quan - ta ab - biam cu - rio - si - tà, cu - rio - - - -*

nicht! Ich hal - te mich vor Neu - gier nicht, ich halt' mich nicht, ich halt', ich hal - - - -
know! How can we wait, how can we *wait! So ma - ny things we want, we* *want*
tà! Oh! quan - ta ab - biam cu - rio - si - tà, oh! quan - ta, quan - ta ab - biam cu - rio - - - -

nicht! Ich hal - te mich vor Neu - - - - gier, vor
know! *How can we wait an* *in - - - - stant, how*
tà! *Oh! qua - le, qual ne* *pun - - - - ge* *cu -*

più, f

più, f

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

cresc. *ff* *ff* *ff*

a 2. *ff* *ff* *ff*

Pflicht, vor Al - lem geht an eu - re Pflicht! Vor Al - lem geht an eu - re Pflicht, vor
do, yes, you must first your du - ty do, yes, you must first your du - ty do, yes, you must first your du - ty do,
 sfar, ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di - sfar, ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di - sfar, ogn'

- - - - te mich nicht! Schon gut! So - bald nur auf - ge - tra - - gen, hält
to know! yes, yes! Than du - ty love is strong - er, But
 - si - tà! Eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi

- - - - te mich nicht! Schon gut! So - bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns
to know! yes, yes! Than du - ty love is strong - er, But first our du - ty
 - si - tà! Eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat - tien? cor -

Neu - - - gier nicht! Schon gut! So - - bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns
can we wait! yes, yes! Than du - ty love is strong - er, But first our du - ty
 rio - - - si - - - tà! Eb - ben! Com - piu - te no - stre cu - re, chi ei rat - tien? chi

ff *ff*

Al - lem geht an eu - - re Pflicht! In Küch' und Kel - ler! Säu - met nicht! Geht an eu - re
you must first your du - - ty do, So to the kit - chen off you go, yes, you all must
 al - tra bra - ma sod - - di - sfar, ogn' al - tra bra - ma sod - di - - sfar, ogn' al - tra

län - ger hier uns kei - ne — Pflicht! Schon gut! So bald nur auf - ge - tra - - - gen, hält
first our du - ty we must do! Yes, Eb - ben! Compiu - te no - stre strong - er, yet
 ci rat - tien? cor - riam, cor - riam! Eb - ben! Compiu - te no - stre cu - - - re, yet chi

kei - ne Pflicht, hält hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! Schon gut! So bald nur auf - ge - tra - gen, hält län - ger hier uns
we must do, our du - ty we must do! Yes, Eb - ben! Compiu - te no - stre strong - er, yet we our du - ty
 ria - mo là, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là! Eb - ben! com - piu - te no - - - stre cu - re, chi ci rat - tien? chi

kei - ne Pflicht, hält hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! Dann hält uns län - ger kei - - ne Pflicht, hält län - ger hier uns
we must do, our du - ty we must do! Yes, we our du - ty first must do, yes we our du - ty
 ci rat - tien? cor riam, cor ria - mo là! Eb - ben! com - piu - te no - - - stre cu - re, chi ci rat - tien? chi

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Pflicht! Säu - - met nicht! Lasst euch nur von der Neu - gier pla - gen! Vor Al - lem geht an eu - - re
go, all must go! Yes you must wait a lit - tle long - er, So to the kit - chen off you
 bra - - ma sod - - di - - far! Al - la cu - ci - na, le - ste, sù, al - la, cu - ci - na, le - - ste,

län - ger hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! So - bald — nur auf - ge - tra - gen hält län - - ger hier uns kei - ne
first our du - ty we must do! Yes, yes! — our love than du - ty is strong - - er, yes! tis ve - ry
 ci rat - tien? cor - riam, cor - riam! Eb ben! — chi ci rat - tie - ne? cor - ria - - mo là, cor - ria - mo

kei - ne Pflicht, hält hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! So - bald — nur auf - ge - tra - gen hält län - - ger hier uns kei - ne
first must do, our du - ty we must do! Yes, yes! — our love than du - ty is strong - - er, yes! tis ve - ry
 ci rat - tien? cor - riam cor - ri - amo là! Eb ben! — chi ci rat - tie - ne? cor - ria - - mo là, cor - ria - mo

kei - ne Pflicht, hält hier uns kei - ne Pflicht! So - bald — nur auf - ge - tra - gen hält län - - ger hier uns kei - ne
first must do our du - ty we must do! Yes, yes! — our love than du - ty is strong - - er, yes! tis ve - ry
 ci rat - tien? cor - riam cor - ri - amo là! Eb ben! — chi ci rat - tie - ne? cor - ria - - mo là, cor - ria - mo

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a prominent rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The vocal line has lyrics in German and English. The second system continues the musical and lyrical progression. The third system shows the vocal line with lyrics and the piano accompaniment. The fourth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The ninth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The tenth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eleventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twelfth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirteenth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fourteenth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifteenth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixteenth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventeenth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighteenth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The nineteenth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twentieth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-first system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-second system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-third system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-fourth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-sixth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-seventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-eighth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The twenty-ninth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirtieth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-first system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-second system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-third system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-fourth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-sixth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-seventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-eighth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The thirty-ninth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fortieth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-first system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-second system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-third system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-fourth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-sixth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-seventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-eighth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The forty-ninth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fiftieth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-first system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-second system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-third system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-fourth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-sixth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-seventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-eighth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The fifty-ninth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixtieth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-first system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-second system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-third system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-fourth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-sixth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-seventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-eighth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The sixty-ninth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventieth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-first system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-second system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-third system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-fourth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-sixth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-seventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-eighth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The seventy-ninth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eightieth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-first system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-second system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-third system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-fourth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-fifth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-sixth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-seventh system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-eighth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The eighty-ninth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The ninetieth system includes a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment. The hundredth system features a vocal line with lyrics and a piano accompaniment.

Plicht, vor Al - lem geht an eu - re Pflicht, an eu - re Pflicht! — Mary hat die Mädchen hinaus.
go! So — to the — kit - chen, to the kit - chen off you go! — getrieben und ist ihnen gefolgt.
sù, or — sù, or — sù, sen - za indu - giar, sen - za indu - giar! — *Mary drives the Maids out,*
and follows them.
Mary spinge fuori le Damigelle
e le segue.

Plicht, hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht, dann hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht! —
true! yet our du - ty we must do, yes, yes, our du - ty we must do! —
là, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là, si, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là! —

Plicht, hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht, dann hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht! —
true! yet our du - ty we must do, yes, yes, our du - ty we must do! —
là, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là, si, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là! —

Plicht, hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht, dann hält uns län - ger kei - ne Pflicht! —
true! yet our du - ty we must do, yes, yes, our du - ty we must do! —
là, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là, si, si, cor - riam, cor - ria - mo là! —

No 5 Duett.

Duet. — Duetto.

Allegro appassionato. $\text{♩} = 76.$

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti.
in A. (La). in B. (Sib).

Corni vent.
in A. (La). muta in F. (Fa).

Corni ord.
in E. (Mi). muta in Es (Mib).

Fagotti.

Trombe vent. in F. (Fa).

Tromboni I. II. III.

Tuba.

Timpani in F. B. (Fa. Sib).

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Senta.

Erik.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

*Senta will ebenfalls fort; Erik hält sie zurück.
Senta is just going when Erik holds her back.
Senta fa per andarsene colle altre, ma è trattenuta da Erik.*

Bleib' Sen-tal	Bleib' nur ei-nen Au-genblick!	Aus meinen
Stay, Sen-ta!	Stay for one short mo-ment!	Ah! bid me
Sen-ta, re-sta	so-lo un istante an-co-ra!	Dà fine a

Allegro appassionato. $\text{♩} = 76.$

p *cresc.*
f *cresc.*
p *cresc.*
f *cresc.*
p *cresc.*

zögernd.
 hesitating.
 esitando.

Was ist? Was soll?
 What dost thou mean?
 Cos' è? che di-ci?

Qua-len reisse mich! Doch willst du, ach! so verdirb mich ganz! O Sen-ta, sprich, was aus mir
 torments end at last! Ah! tell me, tell me must I die? O Sen-ta, speak! what is my
 mie-i tor-mentil! Oh! fam-mi, fammito-sto mo-rir! Ah! Senta, di, ch' emai sa-

Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. in B. (Sib)
 in F. (Fa.)
 in Es. (Mib.)

f *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

p *cresc.* *f* *colla parte* *tempo*

fp *cresc.* *f*

fp *cresc.* *f*

Erik.
 wer - den soll? Dein Va - ter kommt, eh' wieder er ver-reist, wird er voll - bringen, wasschon oft er woll - te...
 fate to be? Thy father's here, and ere he sail a-gain, He will ac - complish what he long hath purposed.
 ra di me? Tuo padre ar - ri-va, e pria di ri-par-tir, ei com-pi - rà qualche da un pezzo bra-ma...

fp *cresc.* *f*

fp *cresc.* *f*

poco ritard.

First system of musical notation. It includes a vocal line at the top and piano accompaniment below. The piano part features several chords with long notes, some marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The vocal line has a few notes, with a *Solo* marking and a piano (*p*) dynamic.

Second system of musical notation. The vocal line is marked *colla parte* and *tempo*. The piano accompaniment continues with chords and moving lines, marked with *f* and *ff* dynamics.

Third system of musical notation. The vocal line begins with the character name *Senta.* and the lyrics: *Und was meinst du? / And what is that? / Che ritendi tu?*

(mit Entschluss und Verzweiflung.)
 (with resolution and despair.)
 (con risoluzione disperata.)

Fourth system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: *Dir ei-nen Gat-ten ge-ben / He'll give thy hand in marriage! / Ei-ti-da-ra u-no spo-sol*

Dir ei-nen Gat-ten ge-ben
 He'll give thy hand in marriage!
 Ei-ti-da-ra u-no spo-sol

Fifth system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: *Dir ei-nen Gat-ten ge-ben / He'll give thy hand in marriage! / Ei-ti-da-ra u-no spo-sol*

poco ritard.

Sixth system of musical notation. The vocal line starts with *dim.* and *a tempo, ma un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 66.* The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes.

Seventh system of musical notation. The piano accompaniment continues with a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

Eighth system of musical notation. The vocal line begins with the character name *Erik.* and the lyrics: *Mein Herz voll Treu-e bis zum Ster-ben, mein dürf-tig Gut, mein / Thoughall I have is thine for ev-er, My guins are few from / Il cor fe-ri-to a mor-te d'a-mor. l'in-cer-ta sor-te*

Mein Herz voll Treu-e bis zum Ster-ben, mein dürf-tig Gut, mein
 Thoughall I have is thine for ev-er, My guins are few from
 Il cor fe-ri-to a mor-te d'a-mor. l'in-cer-ta sor-te

Ninth system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with the lyrics: *Mein Herz voll Treu-e bis zum Ster-ben, mein dürf-tig Gut, mein / Thoughall I have is thine for ev-er, My guins are few from / Il cor fe-ri-to a mor-te d'a-mor. l'in-cer-ta sor-te*

p dolce
a tempo, ma un poco ritenuto. ♩ = 66.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob. *p*

pp *p* *p cresc.*

p *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Erik *sc*

Jä - - ger - glich, darf so um dei - ne Hand ich wer - ben? Stösst mich dein Va - - ter
day to day; To win thy hand should I en - dea - vour Will not thy fa - - ther
di cac - cia - tor per - met - - ter mi po - tran bra - mar e do - mandar di

p *p* *p cresc.* *p cresc.*

Fl. *f*

Ob. *p* *mf* *mf* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

f *p* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

nicht zu - rück? — Wenn dann mein Herz im Jam - - mer bricht, sag, Sen - ta, wer dann
say me nay? — Speak! must I die of mi - - se - ry? Sen - ta, wilt thou not
te la man? — E se il do - lor mi spez - za il cor, Sen - ta, chi fia, che

f *p* *mf* *mf* *dim.* *p*

Ou.
Cl.
Cor. III. IV.
Fg.

aus, den Va - - - ter zu be - grü - ssen! Wenn nicht wie sonst an Bord die Toch - ter kommt,
gone! My fa - - - ther waits my greet - ing. Would he not right - - ly doubt his daughter's love,
dar il pa - - - dre ad in - contrar. Se a bor - do ve - nir ei non mi ve - de,

p *dim.* *p* *dim.* *p* *dim.* *p*

Cor. I. II.

wird er nicht zür - nen müs - sen, wird er nicht zürnen müssen?
Were she not there to meet him, were she not there to meet him?
chi sa qual co - sa ei cre - de, chi sa qual co - sa ei cre - de!

Erik.
Du willst mich
Thou'lt leave me
Fug - gir - mi

cresc. *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.*

Ich muss zum Bord!
I can not stay!
 Lo deb-bo, E-rik!
 Ach, lass mich fort!
I must a-way!
 Nol pos-so, no!
 Ach, lass mich fort!
I can not stay!
 Nol pos-so, no!
 fliehn!
thus?
 vuoi!
 Du weichst mir aus?
Thou wilt not heed!
 M'as-col - ta Sen-tal
 Du weichst mir aus?
Thou'lt leave me thus?
 M'as-col - ta, Senta!
 Du willst mich
Thou wilt not
 Fug-gir - mi

Ich muss zum Bord!
I must a-way!
 Lo deb-bo, E-rik!
 Ach, lass mich fort!
I must a-way!
 Nol, pos-so, no!
 fliehn!
heed!
 vuoi?
 Du weichst mir aus!
Thou wilt not heed!
 M'as-col - ta tul
 Du willst mich fliehn!
Thou'lt leave me thus?
 Fug-gir - mi vuoi?
 ritard.

a tempo

p *pp* *p*

Erik.

Fliest du zu - rück vor die - ser Wun - de, die du mir schlugst im Lie - bes - wahn? Ach,
Have pi - ty on this heart, neigh - bor - ken, On wounds that thou a - lone canst heal! By
 Fuggir, fug - gir per - ch'è in me s'a - pre d'a - mor fa - tal, fa - tal fe - ri - ta? Ah!

p *pp* *p*

a tempo

pp *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

p *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

hö - - - remich zu die - - ser Stun - de, hör' mei - ne letz - - te Fra - - ge an!
all the rows we tro - have spo - ken, Think, ere thou scorn my lust up - peal!
 m'o - - di. m'o - di, ri - spon - di - mi an - co - ra, un' ul - ti - ma vol - - ta, m'o - - di tu!

p *cresc.* *cresc.*

p *mf* *dim.* *pp*
p *mf* *dim.*
p *mf* *dim.*
p *cresc.* *mf* *dim.* *p*
p *cresc.* *mf* *dim.* *p*
p *cresc.* *mf* *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*

Wenn die - ses Herz im Jam - mer bricht, wird's Sen - ta sein, die für mich spricht?
 Say, must I die of mi - se - ry? Sen - - ta! wilt thou not plead for me?
 E seil do-lor mi spez - za il cor, Sen - ta, par - le-rai di me in fa - vor?

Fl. *tempo*
 Ob. *colla parte* *pdolce*
 Cl. *p* *cresc.* *colla parte* *pdolce*
 Corni in F. (Fa) *cresc.* *f* *colla parte* *pdolce*
p cresc. *f* *colla parte* *tempo*
p cresc. *f* *colla parte* *tempo*
p cresc. *f* *colla parte* *tempo*
p cresc. *f* *colla parte* *tempo*
ad lib. *in Verzweiflung. in despair. disperato.*

Wenn die - ses Herz im Jammer bricht, wenn die - ses Herz im Jammer bricht, wird's Sen - ta sein, die für mich spricht?
 Ah! must I die of mi - se - ry! Ah! must I die of mi - se - ry! Ah, Sen - ta! Say thou't plead for me!
 Se il duol mi spez - za il cor, mi spezza il cor, tu par - le - rai, ah! Sen - - ta, in mio fa - vor?

tempo

colla parte

ad lib.

Erik.
 Dein Va-ter, ach! nach Schä-tzen geizt er nur!
 Thy fa-ther what cares he for aught but gold!
 Tuo padre... ahi - - mè! sete ha di gioje e d'oro!

Und Senta Du, wie dürft' auf dich ich
 And Senta, thou. How can I whol-ly
 E Senta, tu... co-me con-tar su

tempo

colla parte

ad lib.

zäh-len?
 trust thee?
 te?

Erfüll-test du 'nur ei - ne meiner Bitten?
 Say, hast thou hearken'd once to my en - treaties?
 Quando es - au - di-stiun' u - ni-ca mia pre-ce?

Kränkst du mein Herz nicht
 Dost thou not dai - ly
 E o - gni gi-or-no mi

p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.

p cresc.
p cresc.
p *cresc.* *f*

Dein Herz?
 Thy heart!
 Il cor?

Das Bild?
 The portrait!
 Il quadro?

je - den Tag?
 wound my heart!
 stra - zii il cor.

Was soll ich den-ken? Je-nes Bild—
 Then, the por-trait! Is it true?
 E che de - vo pen - sar? Quel quadro...

Lasst du von dei-ner Schwärmerei wohl
 Why wilt thou ne-ver leave this i - die
 Deh! sfuggi a quel fa - ta - le esal - ta

p *cresc.* *f*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

Kann mei-nem Blick Theil - nah-me ich ver-weh - ren?
 Must I then close my eyes to all a-round me?
 E chi po-tria vie - - tar lo sguardo agli oc - chi?

ab?
 dreaming?
 mento.

Und die Bal-la - de?
 And then, the le - gend-
 E la bal-la - - ta...

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

p *cresc.* *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

Soll mich des Aerm - - sten Schre - ckenloos nicht rüh - ren?
 Must I not feel com - pas - sion for his sor - rows?
 Chi fia cui del mi - - se - ro non muo - va il fa - to?

soll-te ich's nicht fürch-ten?
 am I not right-ly jea-lous?
 che ne ho ti - mo-re!

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

cresc. *f* *più cresc.*

f *colla parte* *fp* *f* *fp* *f*

Oh, prah-le nicht!
 Ah! say no more!
 Non ti van-tar!

Mein Lei-den, Sen - ta, rührt es dich nicht mehr?
 My sor-row, Sen - ta, is it nought to thee?
 Oh! Sen-ta, Senta, di me non hai pie - tà?

Vcl. e Bass. *f*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Recit.

pp

p

trem.

pp

tr

pp

schreckt dich so?
frights thee so?
ma - i?

Sen-ta; lass dir ver-trauh! Ein Traum ist's, hör' ihn zur War-nung an!
Sen-ta, be warned in time! Now hear me; this was the dream I dreamed.
Sen-ta, or m'o - di tu! È'un so-gno, l'o-di... pos-sa gio-var-ti an-cor!

Recit.

Sostenuto. ♩ = 96.

Cor. *pp*

Fag. *pp*

Timp. *pp*

trem. *pp*

trem. *pp*

trem. *pp*

Senta setzt sich erschöpft in den Lehnstuhl nieder; bei dem Beginn von Erik's Erzählung versinkt sie wie in magnetischen Schlaf, so dass es scheint als träume sie den von ihm erzählten Traum ebenfalls. — Erik steht an den Stuhl gelehnt zur Seite.
Senta sinks exhausted into the arm-chair. As Erik begins his story, she passes into a magnetic trance, and seems herself to be dreaming the dream that Erik relates to her. — Erik stands, leaning over the side of the chair.
 Senta si siede affranta dall'emozione al principio del racconto di Erik; ella è presa come da un sonno magnetico e sembra sognar essa stessa quanto le vien narrato. — Erik è al suo fianco appoggiato alla sedia.

mit gedämpfter Stimme.
in a suppressed tone.
 con voce velata.

Auf ho - hem Fel - sen lag ich träumend, sah un - ter
Up - on the cliffs I fell a - dreaming, The mighty
 Sull' al - ta ru - pe gia - cea dor - men - te, sotto a' miei

pizz. *pp*

Sostenuto. ♩ = 96.

Cor.

Fag.

mir des Mee - res Fluth; die Bran - dung hört' ich, wie sich schäumend am U - fer brach der Wo - gen
deep be - neath me lay; I heard the sea - tides shore - ward streaming, The air was dark with fly - ing
 pie - di l'on - da del mar, av - vol - to - tan - do - si fosca e fre - men - te, la sal - da ri - va ve - nia a spruz -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Clar.

Cor. 1. u. 2.

Fag.

pp

pp

pp

trem.

pp

trem.

pp

pp

p 2^o Solo

Wuth! Ein fremdes Schiff am na - hen Stran - de erblickt' ich, seltsam, wun - der - bar; zwei
spray. *With-in the bay a ship had an-cho-red, Mys-te-rious,* *si-lent, full of awe;* *Two*
 zar. Quan - do al mio fian - co ve - do anco - rar - si ig - no - to e bel - lo na - vil stra - nier, e duenoc -

pizz.

p

pp

pp

pp

p

cresc.

dim.

pp

divisi in 3 parti

divisi in 3 parti

p

p

p

p

mit geschlossenen Augen.
 with closed eyes.
 con gli occhi chiusi.

Der And-re?
 The o - ther?
 Nell' al - tro?

Män - ner nah - ten sich dem Lan - de, der Ein, ich sah's, dein Va - ter war. Wohl erkannt' ich ihn...
men up - on the shore were land - ing, In one your fa - ther's face I saw! *Ah! too well I know*
 chie - ri da quelsbar - car - si; nell' un tuo pa - dre mi par ve - der. Ben lo rav - vi - so...

pizz.

p

cresc.

dim.

Oboi. a 2
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 3 Tromb.

mf dim. p
 mf dim. p
 mf dim. pp dolce
 mf dim. pp

divisi in 2 parti
 mf dim. pp
 mf dim. pp

divisi in 3 parti
 pp pp pp

(wie zuvor.)
 (as before.)
 (come prima.)

und düstrem Blick...
 That near-ry look...
 lo sguardo o - scu - ro...

(auf das Bild deutend.)
 (pointing to the picture.)
 (mostrando il ritratto.)

Und ich?
 And I?
 Ed io?

mit schwarzem Wams - und blei - cher Mien...
 that dus - ky cloak, that face so pale -
 la giub - ba - ne - ra, pal - lido il vi - so...

der See - mann er. Du kamst vom
 'Twas he! the same! Forth from the
 quel l'uo - mo lui! An - dar ti

pizz.
 pizz.
 mf dim. mf dim.

Fl.
 Oboi.
 Clar.
 Cor.
 Fag.
 3 Tromb.

pp
 p cresc.
 pp
 cresc.
 in Es
 cresc.
 cresc.
 cresc.

accelerando

3 f. cresc.

arco
 cresc.

Hau - se her; du flogst, den Va - ter zu be - grü - ssen...
 house you came; thou flew to give your father greet - ing
 veg - gio - da - ca - sa il padre in con - trar.

Doch kaum noch sah ich an dich langen, du
 But scarce - ly was there time for meeting, When,
 Ma quando lor presso tu giun - gi, ti

accelerando

accelerando

(mit steigender Spannung)
(with rising excitement.)
(con più emozione.)

Er hub mich auf...
He raised me up!
Ei mi sol-le-va...

stürztest zu des Frem - den Fü - ssen, ich sah dich sei - ne Kneumfangen... An sei - ne Brust, - voll
loud-ly on the stran - ger call - ing, Down at his feet I saw you falling! Close to his breast, And
git-ti a' piedi del-lo stra - nie - ro, le sue gi - noc - - chia stringendo al core... Stretta al suo se-no di baci ar-

Cello. arco
Basso. *f*

accelerando *f*

Lento.

in 3 parti

Und dann?
And then?
E poi? (Senta mit unheimlicher Verwunderung anblickend.)
(pauses a moment, watching Senta with amazement.)
(guardandolo con sorpresa.)

Inbrunst hingst du dich an ihn, du küsstest ihn mit hei-sser Lust... sah'ich aufs Meer euch fliehn.
breath-less in his arms you lay! Warm kis-ses on his cheek you pressed, And then you sailed a - way!
den-ti gli co-pri il viso, con improv - vi-sa pie - na d'a - mor... Sul mar vi scorgo fug - gir.

Lento.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Allegro con fuoco. $\text{♩} = 84$.
Piccolo.

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Tromb. vent F. (Fa)
Tromboni
Tuba
Timpani

in C.

ff

Schnell erwachend, in höchster Begeisterung.
waking suddenly, with exaltation.
-vegliandosi nell'eccezzo dell'esaltazione

Er sucht mich auf! — Ich muss ihn sehn!
My hour has come! — To him I go!
E - gli mi cer - ca! Tro - var lo vo!

Ent - setz - - - - lich!
Ah' dread - - - ful thought!
O cru - da sor - te!

ff

Allegro con fuoco. $\text{♩} = 84$.

11.2.

Timpani muta in D.A. (Ré e La)

This system contains the vocal lines and the beginning of the orchestral accompaniment. The vocal parts are in the upper staves, and the orchestra is in the lower staves. The music is in a minor key and features complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings such as *ff* and *p*.

divisi

Erik stürzt voll Verzweiflung und Entsetzen ab.
Erik rushes out in horror and despair.
Erik fugge pieno di raccapriccio.

This system continues the musical score. The vocal lines are marked *divisi*, indicating that the vocalists are to sing in different parts. The orchestral accompaniment is dense and features a variety of instruments. The text below the score describes Erik's dramatic exit.

Flauti *ff*

Ob.

Cl.

Cor. *ff*

Fg.

Trmb. *ff*

Celli. *ff*

Vello u Bass

Senta, nach dem Ausbruche ihrer Begeisterung in stummes Sinnen versunken, verbleibt in ihrer Senta, after this outbreak, seems lost in thought. She remains still in the same position, with Senta dopo questo eccesso di esaltamento resta in una muta contemplazione, e sempre nella

This system features the woodwind and string sections of the orchestra. The woodwinds include Flutes, Oboe, Clarinet, and Cor Anglais, all marked *ff*. The strings include Trombones and Celli (Cellists), also marked *ff*. The music is characterized by long, sustained notes and a somber atmosphere. The text describes Senta's state of mind after Erik's departure.

Fl. ritenuto Più lento. Andante.

Ob.

Cl.

piu p

p

pp

pizz.

arco

divisi tremolo

Stellung, den Blick auf das Bild geheftet.
her eyes fixed on the Portrait.
stessa positura cogli occhi fissi al quadro.

Leise, aber tief ergriffen.
softly, but with deep emotion.
sotto voce, ma con profonda emozione.

Ach, müch-test
Ah, pul - tid
Ah, quan - do, o

ritenuto Più lento. Andante.

pp

Die Thüre geht auf, Daland und der Holländer zeigen sich.
The door opens, and the Dutchman and Daland appear.
Sapre la porta, e vi si vedono Dalando e l'Olandese.

du blei-cher See-mann, sie fin-den! Be-tet zum Him-mel, dass bald ein Weib Treu-e ihm...
wan - d'rer, when wilt thou find her! Raise we our prayers that heu-ven may guide thee to her...
pal - li-do noc-chier, la tro - ve - ra - i? Che pre-sto in - con - tri don - na fe - del, pre - ghia - mo...

Nº 6. Finale Arie Duett und Terzett.

Aria, Duet and Trio.

Aria, Duetto e Terzetto.

Der Holländer ist sogleich eingetreten; Senta's Blick streift von dem Bilde auf ihn, sie stösst einen gewaltigen Schrei der Ueberraschung aus, und bleibt wie festgebaut stehen, ohne ihr Auge vom Holländer abzuwenden. Der Holländer schreitet, die Augen auf Senta geheftet, langsam in den Vordergrund.

The Dutchman has just entered. Senta turns her gaze from the picture to him; she gives a loud cry of surprise, and stands spell-bound, without taking her eyes off the Dutchman. The Dutchman, his eyes fixed on Senta, advances slowly to the front of the stage.

Lo sguardo di Senta passa dal quadro all'Olandese. Ella manda un grido di sorpresa, e resta immobile come soggiogata da una potenza magica, senza distogliere i suoi occhi dall'Olandese. L'Ola, de-se osservando Senta, s'avanza lentamente sulla-scena.

Moderato. ♩ = 80.

Piccolo.
Flauti.
Oboi.
Clarinetti in A. (La.)
Corni vent. in G. (Sol.)
Corni ord. in D. (Ré.)
Fagotti.
Timpani in D, A. (Ré, La.)
Violini I.
Violini II.
Viola.
Senta.
Holländer.
Daland.
Violoncello.
Contrabasso.

Ha!
Ah!
Ah!

Solo
 p
 tr
 pizz.
 p
 arco
 pp
 arco
 pp

Moderato. ♩ = 80.

Oboi
Clar.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp.

mf cresc.
p

f *cresc.*

Senta

als Daland bei ihr anlangt, ergreift sie seine Hand.
as Daland comes up to her, she takes his hand.
allorchè Dalando giunge presso di lei, ella gli prende la mano.

Gott dir zum
God keep thee
Io ti sa-

Stel - le?
meet me?
la?

Ver - dien' ich,
Was e - - cer
Per - chè, per - chè,

Sen - ta, sol - chen Gruss?
wel - come cold as this!
Sen - ta, ta - le accoglien - za?

mf cresc.
mf cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
f

Ihn näher an sich ziehend.
drawing him close to her.
traendolo più vicino a sé.

Gruss! Mein Va - ter, sprich, wer ist der Frem - de?
safe! But, fa - ther, say, Who is the stran - ger?
lu - to! O pad - re, dim - mi, chi è quel stra - nie - ro?

Daland lächelnd.
Daland, smiling.
Dalando sorridendo.

Drängst du mich?
Pa - tience, pray!
Saperlo bra - - mi?

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.

Mögest du, mein Kind, dem Manne freundlich dich er - wei - sen, von dei - nem Her - zen auch spricht
 Sen - ta, my child! if thou wilt greet the stranger kind - ly, I doubt not thou wilt find his
 Dol - ci ma - nie - re al fo - re - stie - re u - sa, mia fi - glia, e pro - va an - cor do - nar - gli il

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.

hol - de Gab' er an, reich' ihm die Hand, denn Bräu - ti - gam sollst du ihn hei - ssen! Stimmst du dem
 wish - es meet with mine; Reach him thy hand! Thy fa - ther gives you both his bless - ing! Child, to ad -
 pal - pi - to del tuo cor! Tuo fi - dan - za - to qui l'ho gui - da - to; e fia tuo spo - so, se gli of - fri a -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Solo espress.

Ob.
Cor.
Fag.

f *a 2* *p* *a 2* *p*

trem. *f* *p* *dolce* *pizz.* *p* *pizz.*

Senta macht eine zuckende, schmerzliche Bewegung.

er zieht einen Schmuck hervor und zeigt ihn Senta.
he takes out some ornaments and shows them to Senta.
leva un monile e lo mostra a Senta.

Va - ter bei, ist mor - gen er dein Mann. *Senta shudders, as if in pain.* ist mor - gen er dein Mann. *See here these*
rised by me! to - mor - row he is thine! *To - mor - row he is thine!* *See here these*
mor ap - pa - ghi il vo - to del ge - ni - tor, Senta fa un movimento di dolore. se gli of - fri a - mor. Questo mo -

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
Tr.

p *a 2* *a 2* *p* *arco* *p*

Band, sieh die - se Span - gen! Was er be - sitzt, macht dies ge - ring. Muss, theures Kind, dich nicht verlan - gen?
rings! look at this neck - lace! His wealth is bound - less, as I said. Sen - ta, do these not move thy en - vy?
ni - - le splen - di - do de' suoi non è il più bel, e tut - ti, e tut - ti a te apparten - gon,

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
Timp.

Dein ist es, wechselst du den Ring!
All shall be thine when you are wed!
si scambi a lui fa-nel!

Senta ohne Daland zu beachten, wendet ihren Blick nicht vom Holländer ab, so wie auch dieser nur in Sentas Anblick versunken ist. Daland betrachtet sie.

Doch... Keines spricht?
Yet nei-ther speaks!
Ma... niun ri-sponde? Sa-

Senta takes no notice of him, and does not take her gaze off the Dutchman, who seems lost in contemplation of her.

Senta senza prestargli attenzione, tiene lo sguardo fisso sull'Olandese come questo sembra assorto a contemplar Senta.

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
3 Tromb.
Tuba.
Timp.

Sollt' ich hier lä - stig sein? So ist's am Be - sten lass' ich sie al - lein.
Would they be left a - lone? Well, well! 'twere best per-haps, that I were gone!
re - i già im - por - tu-no? Eb-ben! pru-den - za vuol che re - stin so-li.

er betrachtet den Holländer und Senta aufmerksam, und wendet sich dann zu dieser.
looks earnestly at the Dutchman and Senta, then turns to the latter.
osserva attentamente l'Olandese e Senta, e volgendosi a questa.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cor. III. IV. in E. (Mi)

Timp. *pp* *tr* *pp* *tr* *pp*

trem. *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp*

trem. *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp*

pp *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp*

spricht dieses Mäd-chens Bild zu mir; wie ich's ge-träumt seit ban-gen E-wig-kei-ten, vor mei-nen Au-gen seh' ich's hier.
Her gentle presence speaks to me! All that my dreamshave writ on mem'ry's pu-ges, All that I longed for, here I see!
 Pi-magin sua ri-de-stain me; quel-la che o-gnor so-gnai ca-ra sem-bian-za m'è da-to al-fine con-tem-plar.

pp

Clar. *pp*

Cor. III. IV. *pp sempre*

Fag. *pp*

sempre pp

sempre pp

sempre pp

p *arco*

pizz. *p* *arco*

pizz. *p* *arco*

Wohl hub auch ich voll Sehnsucht mei-ne Bli-cke aus tie-fer Nacht em-
Oft through the gloom therebroke up-on my ri-sion One ru-diant form, a
 Del fon-do del-la mia not-te in-fi-ni-ta mi ri-chia-ma - va un

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cor

poco riten.

un poco riten.

por — zu ei - nem Weib; ein schla-gend Herz liess, ach! mir Sa - tan's Tü - - cke, dass ein - ge-
 wo - - - man sweet and fair; But e - - cer more 't would prove some fiend's de - ri - - sion, Soon fled the
 an - - ge-lo all' a - mor, eil cor, pia - ga - - - to da cru - del fe - ri - - - ta d'a - - mor, d'a-

trem.

pp *cresc.*

trem. *pp* *cresc.*

trem. *pp* *cresc.*

pp *cresc.*

denk ich mei - ner Qua - len bleib'! Die dü - st're Gluth, die hier ich füh - le bren - nen,
 dream, and left me to de - spair. In this dull glow that in my heart is burn - ing
 mor, ri - po - so no non ha... Al tri - ste fo-co che m'av - vam - pa in se - no,

p *cresc.*

fz p

hier. Die Schmer - - zen, die in mei-nem Bu - - - sen bren - - nen, — ach! Dies Ver - lan - gen,
f *flow!* But what is this new fire with - in me burn - ing? Ah! can my pi - ty
 lor? Ah! mil - - le vol - - telo so - gnai, si lo vi - di qua - - le or lo ve - do:

hier. Die dü - stre Gluth, die hier ich füh - le bren - - nen, sollt' ich Un - - sel' - - ger,
see! In this dull glow that in my heart is burn - - ing, Dare I be - - lieve - the
 plar. Al tri - ste fo - - - co che m'avvam - pa in se - - no poss'io in - fe - li - ce, dar

fp *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Fl.
Ob.
Clar.
Cor.

wie soll ich es nen-nen? Wo-nach mit Sehnsucht es dich treibt, das Heil, — würd' es, du Aermster, dir durch
in-to love be turning? Re-joice, poor wand-rer, for thy pain is past! Through me re-demption shall be
 qual io lo ve-do! Or la sa - lu - te, che tro - var tu vuoi col - la mia fe, vo' gua - da -

Lie - be sie nen - nen? Ach, nein! Die Sehnsucht ist es nach dem Heil! Würd' — es durch sol - - - chen
fires of love re - turn - ing? Ah no! re-demption now is all I crave! Has — this dear an - - - gel
 no - me d'a - mo - re? Ah no! spe-ran-za è di sa - lu - te al - men, al - me - - no co - stei mi fos - - - se

pp *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Heil, o Aermster, dir durch mich zu Theil,
demption shall be thine, shall be thine,
 quel-la sa-lu-te gua-da-gnar,
 würd' es, du Aermster, dir durch
through me re-demption shall be
 col-la mia fe-de gua-da-
più ritenuto

sol-chen En-gel, würd' es durch solchen En-gel mir zu Theil, würd' es durch solchen En-gel
un-gel suce me? Has this dear angel come my soul to save, Has this dear an-gel come my
 fos-se al-me-no, co-stei mi fos-sè al-men, co-stei mi fos-se l'an-gel
più ritenuto

Solo.
p dolce
Solo.
p dolce
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
 mich zu Theil!
thine at last!
 gna-re a te!
 mir zu Theil!
soul to suce?
 re-den-tori!

Cello

Un poco meno sostenuto. ♩ = 80.

Oboi
Cor.
Tromb.

Holländer: sich Senta etwas nähernd.
Dutchman: coming nearer to Senta.
E'olandese: avvicinandosi di più a Senta.

Wirst du des Va - ters Wahl nicht schelten? Was er versprach,
Sen-ta, thou heard'st thy fu - ther's promise. Wilt thou consent?
Del ge - ni - tor la scel-ta ap - pro-vi? Vor-rai te-ner

Un poco meno sostenuto. ♩ = 80.

Cor.
Fg.

wie? dürt' es gel - ten?
Speuk'dare I hope it?
la sua promes - sa?

Du könn - test dich für e - wig mir er -
Art thou re - signed to fol - low me for
Puoi tu vo - ta - - re a me tut - ta la

♩ = 88.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cl.

Cor.

Fg.

Tromb.

ge - ben, und dei - ne Hand dem Fremdling reichtest Du? Soll fin - denich, nach qua - len - vol - lem
 e - rer, Leon thy young head up - on a stranger's breast? Ah! of - ter all these years of vain en -
 vi - ta e sten - de - re la man, la ma - no al - lo stra - nier? Da questa vi - ta di tor - tu - ree -

Tromb.

Le - ben, in dei - ner Treu' die lang' erseh - te Ruh, in deiner Treu', in deiner Treu' die lang' er - sehn - - te
 deu - cour: Will thy true love now lead me to my rest? Will thy true love, will thy true love now lead me to my
 ter - ne poss'io ri - po - - so da tua fè spe - rar? possio spe - rar, poss'io spe - rar dal - la tua fè ri - po -

ad lib ritenuto

colla parte

Un poco più animato. $\text{♩} = 56.$

Ruh? Wer du auch seist und wel - ches das Ver - der -
 rest? Who - - c'er thou art. What - e'er the con - dem - nu -
 so? Qua - - le tu si - - a e qual pur sia il sup - pli -

Un poco più animato. $\text{♩} = 56.$

ben, dem grau - sam dich dein Schicksal komm - te weihn; was auch das
 - tion That, by ma - lig - nant fate, pur - sues thee still. Thy lot be
 - zio. — Cui ti vo - tò cru - de - le e rio de - stin, e qual sia an -

Fl. *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f dim.* *p* *pp*
 Ob. *f* *dim.* *p* *pp* *f dim.* *p* *pp*
 Cl. *f dim.* *p* *pp* *f dim.* *p* *pp*
 Bassoon *f dim.* *p* *pp* *f dim.* *p* *pp*
 Bass *f dim.* *p* *pp* *f dim.* *p* *pp*
 Cello *f dim.* *p* *pp* *f dim.* *p* *pp*
 Double Bass *f dim.* *p* *pp* *f dim.* *p* *pp*

Loos, das ich mir sollt er - wer - - - ben, ge - hor - sam stets werd' ich dem
 mine! I yield with re - sig - nu - - - tion O - be - dient e - ver to my
 cor la sor - te che ne at - ten - - - de, ob - be - di - - rò al pa - dre

Sempre più animato.

Cl. *pp* *pp sempre*
 Fl. *pp* *pp sempre*
 Tromb. *pp* *pp sempre*
 Bass *p*
 Cello *p*
 Double Bass *p*

Va - ter sein.
 fu - ther's will.
 mi - o.

Holländer. So un - bedingt, wie? könn - tedich durch - drin - gen für mei - ne Lei - - den
 Dutchman. Art thou so brave! Ah, sure - ly thou must feel them, These might - y throes that
 L'Olandese. Si fer - ma sei? Ah! for - se pie - ta - de de' miei do - lo - ri pie -

Sempre più animato.

Cor. I. II.

En - gels Lie - be Ver-worf' - ne selbst zu trö - - sten weiss! Ach, wenn Er - lö - sung
 un - gels pi - ty In hell it - self would bright - - ly shine! If wo - man's love can
 be - - ne - di - ce chi ma - le - det - - - to or - - è! Se la sa - lu - te an -

rall. poco ritenuto a tempo

Ach, wenn Er - lö - sung ihm zu hoffen blie - be, All
 If wo - man's love can purchase his re - demp - tion, May
 Se la sa - lu - te an - cor spe - rar ti li - ce,
 mir zu hoffen blie - be, All - e - wi - ger, durch Die - se sei's! All - e - - - wi - ger, durch
 purchase my re - demp - tion, May hea - ven grant that love be thine! May hea - - - ven grant that
 cor spe - rar mi li - ce, — el - la, sì, ver - rà — per te, la sa - lu - - - te

rall. poco ritenuto a tempo

ritard. Agitato. $\text{♩} = 72$.

e - - wt-ger, durch mich — nur sei's!
 heu - ven grant that love — be mine!
 ah! ver - rä, ver - rä — per me!
 Die - - se durch Die - - se sei's! Ach!
 love, — that love — be thine! Ah,
 a — me ver - rä — per te! Ah!

ritard. Agitato. $\text{♩} = 72$.

könn - test das — Geschick Du ah - nen, dem dann mit mir — Du an - ge - hörst,
 didst thou know — the fear - - ful dan - ger Which thou with me — hence forth must share,
 se - - tu po - tes - si spin - ge - re, spin - gere lo sguar - do nell' av - ve - nir,

Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fg.
Tromb.
Timp.

Dich würd es an das O - - pfer mahnen, das Du mir bringst, wenn Treu' du schwörst!
Thy tim - id heart would shrink in terror from thal dread outh which thou must swear!
e là il - de - sti - no che at - ten - de - ti spi - ar quan - to du - ro sia!

Fl.
Fg.

Es flö - he schau - dernd dei - ne Ju - gend dem Loo - se, dem Du sie willst weih'n, —
Oh hear my warn - ing, ere thou swear it! Ask what thy heart within thee saith!
La fè giu - ra - - ta, la fè giu - ra - - ta al mi - se - ro al - lor di - nie - ghe - re - - sti la

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Pflich - - - ten;
 du - - - ties!
 vin - - - co - li

sei drum ge-trost,
 Thou needst not fear!
 vo - lu - ti, vo - lu -

un - sel'-ger Mann!
 faith - ful am I!
 - - - ti dall' a - mo - re: or

Lass ü - ber die — das Schick - sal rich - ten,
 Ner - er for me — can fate — have ter - rors,
 dun - que, or dun - que ti — ras - si - cu - ra

die sei-nem Spru - che tro - tzen kann!
 Her sternest judg - ment I — de - fy!
 tut - toè il mio cor, il mio cor — di te.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

In mei - nes Her - zens höch - ster Rei - ne kenn' ich der Treu - e Hoch - ge -
 My heart — beats high with wild — e - mo - tion. I must o - bey — the words — it
 Per quan - ti, per quan - ti sian — gli stra - zii, cui mi da - rà, da - rà — la

bot. Wenn ich sie weih, schenk ich die Ei - ne, die Treu - e bis zum
 saith! Then hear me swear! My true de - vo - tion is con - stant un - to
 sor - te. sem - pre fe - del fi - no allá mor - te, fe - de - le a te sa -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Allegro molto. $\text{♩} = 96.$

pp cresc. pp cresc. pp cresc. pp cresc. p dolce pp pp cresc. mf p cresc. pp cresc. pp cresc.

Trombe ord. in H. (S₁) Solo

Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timp.

p cresc. trem. pp cresc. trem. pp cresc.

Tod!
death!
rö.

Mit Erhebung.
with enthusiasm.
con entusiasmo.

Ein heil'-ger Bal-sam mei-nen
A heal-ing balm thou shedst up-
So - a - ve ar - ca - no, un

trem. pp cresc. trem. pp cresc.

Allegro molto. $\text{♩} = 96.$

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cl. *p cresc.* *mf* *p*

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *mf* *pp dolce*

Fg. *p cresc.* *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

Von mäch't - - gem Zau - - ber ü - ber - wun - den,
 My ar - - dent hope of his re - demp - tion.
 Ti vo - sal - var, sal - var ed es - se - re,

Wun - - den, dem Schwur, dem ho - hen Wort ent -
 ou that dear oath thy lips have
 bal - - sa - mo tu por - gi al - la mia fe -

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *p*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

reißt mich's zu sei - ner Ret - tung fort. Hier
 A ou - drous spell hath o'er me cast: Here
 a' tuoi do - lor, a' tuoi do - lor con - for - to. Ec -

fließt. Hörst es, mein Heil,
 ri - ta. Hear's at last.
 Dai lun - - ghi cep -

p cresc. *mf* *p*

p cresc. *mf* *pp*

01

ha - be Hei - math er ge - fun - - den!
 shall the wan - d'rer find a ha - ve!
 co il tuo tet - to: sia - ti o - ma - i

mein Heil hab ich ge - fun - - den! Mäch - - te, ihr
 hear'ds grace thy love hath won me! Hear this, ye
 dai lau - ghi cep - pi li - - be - ro, ri - na - - sco, ye ri -

cresc. *mf*

Hier ruh' sein Schiff in sich' - - rem Port!
 Here shall he rest, safe at home at last!
 se - - cu - ro e - ter - no, e - ter - - no por - - to!

Mäch - - te, die ihr zu - rück mich stiesst!
 fiends! ye fiends whose wrath I scorn!
 na - - sco a nuo - va, a nuo - va vi - - tal Hört es, ihr
 Hear this, ye
 Da! lun - ghi

sempre cresc. *cresc.* *f*

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment with dynamic markings such as *cresc.*, *mf*, *ff*, and *p*. The second system features piano accompaniment with *piu f* markings and rhythmic patterns. The third system contains the vocal line with lyrics in German, English, and Italian. The fourth system continues the piano accompaniment. The fifth system shows the vocal line with further lyrics. The sixth system continues the piano accompaniment. The seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics. The eighth system continues the piano accompaniment. The ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics. The tenth system continues the piano accompaniment.

cresc.
mf
mf
mf
Timp.

piu f
piu f
piu f
piu f

Was ist's, das mäch - - tig
Why do I thrill - with
Que - sta che in sep, - in

ihr zu - rück mich stiesst, ihr Mäch - - te, die ihr zu - rück mich stiesst!
fiends, whose wrath I scorn! Now hear - me, ye fiends, whose wrath I scorn!
nuo - va vi - ta, ri - na - sco a nuo - va vi - ta!

piu f
piu f
piu f
piu f

in mir le - bet, das mäch - tig in mir le - bet?
strange e - la - tion! I thrill with strange e - la - tion, Was schliesst be - rauscht mein
sen - mi - de - sta a nuo - vi sen - si il co - re, è fe - del - tà, - all è

Du Stern des Un - heils - sollst - er - bla - ssen!
Plan - et of e - vil, - pale - be - fore me!
Où - ne - so - ra - bi - le e cru - do fa - to!

3 Tromb.
Timp.

p
pp
p
pp
p

Bu - sen ein, was schliesst mein Bu - sen ein? All - mäch't'
earth - ly joys a - bore, *all earth - ly joys a - bore?* *Al - might*
 fe - del-tà d'a - mo - re, che vien - mi ad a - ni - mar, e

Licht mei - ner Hoff - - nung, leuch - - te neu! Ihr
Shine, star of hope, once more a - bore! *Good*
 O stel - la a me, a me fa - tal, la

p
cresc.
p
cresc.
f

ger, was so hoch mich er - he - - bet, lass' es die
ly God, Who see'st my ex - al - ta - tion, Grant it be
 fe - del - tà d'a - mo - re, che vien - mi, che

En - - gel, die mich einst ver - las sen, stärkt jetzt dies
an - gels, to your grace re - store me! Strength en her
 mia - con - dan - na an - ti - ca e pres - so, her e

fp
fp

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of several systems. The first system shows the orchestral accompaniment with multiple staves for strings and woodwinds, marked with *ff* (fortissimo). The second system continues the orchestration with similar dynamics. The third system introduces the vocal line, with lyrics in German and English. The vocal line is marked with *f* and includes trills (*tr*). The fourth system shows the vocal line continuing with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The tenth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eleventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twelfth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirteenth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fourteenth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifteenth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixteenth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventeenth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighteenth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The nineteenth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twentieth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-first system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-second system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-third system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-fourth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The twenty-ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirtieth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-first system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-second system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-third system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-fourth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The thirty-ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fortieth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-first system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-second system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-third system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-fourth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The forty-ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fiftieth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-first system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-second system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-third system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-fourth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The fifty-ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixtieth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-first system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-second system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-third system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-fourth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The sixty-ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventieth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-first system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-second system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-third system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-fourth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The seventy-ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eightieth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-first system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-second system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-third system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-fourth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The eighty-ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninetieth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-first system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-second system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-third system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-fourth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-fifth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-seventh system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The ninety-ninth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*. The hundredth system shows the vocal line with lyrics, marked with *f*.

All - mäch - - - ti - ger!
Al - might - - - y God!
il co - - - re

Was so hoch mich er - he - - bet,
Thou that see'st my ex - - al - tu - - tion
la - - fe - - del - tà d'a - mo - - re

jetzt dies Herz in sei - ner Treu!
en her heart in con - stant love!
pres - so a ter - - mi - - nar!

Ihr - - En - - gel, die mich einst ver - las - - sen,
Ye - - an - - gels, to your grace re - store - me
La - - mia con - dan - - na an - ti - - ca è

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. At the top, the woodwinds (flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons) and strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses) are shown with various dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The brass section includes a Trumpet in E (Trombe in E. (Mi)), Trombones (Tromboni), and a Tuba, with dynamics ranging from *p* (piano) to *ff*. The percussion part (Timp.) features timpani rolls and trills, marked with *tr* and *cresc.* (crescendo). The vocal parts are written in both treble and bass clefs, with lyrics in German and English. The German lyrics are: "lass' es die Kraft der Treu - e sein, lass es die Kraft der Treu - - e Grant - - it he born of con - stant love! Grant it be born of con - - stant che - vienmi ad a - ni - mar, che vien - mi ad a - ni - - mar, ad a - ni - -". The English lyrics are: "strength - en her heart in con - stant love, in con - stant love, in con - - stant pres - - so, e pres - so a ter - mi - nar, a - ter - mi - nar, a ter - - mi - -". The score concludes with a *ad lib.* (ad libitum) marking and a final *ff* dynamic.

Oh. *p* *tr*

Cl. *p*

Cor. *p*

Fag. *p*

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

p Daland.

zeit!
give me,
sate!

Mein Volk hält draussen sich nicht mehr.
if I your ten-der talk de-stroy!

La miacurma è là impa-zien - te

nach je - der Rückkunft, wi - sset, giebt's ein
My men have spread the feast, and wait me

le fe - ste del ri - tor-no ad a - spet-

pizz.

pizz.

p

p dolce

p

p

p dolce

p

arco

p dolce

arco

p dolce

arco *tr*

p

p

p

p

Fest. Ver - schö - nern möcht' ichs, kom - me des - halb her, ob mit Ver - lo - bung sich's verei - nen
there, I come to ask you, shall I crown their joy? May we not toast the new - ly plight-ed
tar! Per ac - cre - scer la gio - ja io vor - rei dar la nuo - va dell' i - men che or or si com - pie-

p

arco

p

p

zum Holländer.
to the Dutchman.
all' Olandese.

zu Senta.
to Senta.
a Senta.

lässt?
pair?
rä.
Celli
Bass

Ich denk', — ihr habt nach Herzenswunsch ge-freit?
Me-thinks — the woo-er's suit right well hath sped!
Spe - ro che già ben vi sia-te in-tesi.

Sen - ta, mein Kind!
Sen - ta, my child,
Sen - ta, mia figlia!

Non troppo allegro. $\text{♩} = 58.$

mit feierlicher Entschlossenheit.
with solemn resolution.
con risolutezza solenne.

Hier meine Hand, und oh - ne Ren' bis in den
Here is my hand! I plight my faith! To him will
Qui a te-sti-mon io chia-mo il ciel che vò mo-

Sie reicht die Hand!
She gives her hand!
Pla - ca - to al - fin

Sag' bist auch du be - reit?
speak! has the word been said?
di: sei tu con-ten-ta as-sai?

Euch soll dies Bünd-niss nicht ge - reun!
The bond is sealed! Oh joy - ful day!
Al gau-dio o-gnun! che un di più bel

arco
arco
arco

Non troppo allegro. $\text{♩} = 58.$

Più stretto. $\text{♩} = 104$.

Piccolo.

Tod ge-lob' ich Treu', bis in den Tod, bis in den Tod ge-lob' ich Treu! Ja,
 I be true till death! yea, true till death! To him will I be true till death! Yea,
 rir a lui fe-del! che vo' mo-rir a lui fe-del, a lui fe-del! A

Gespro-chen sei Hohn, Hölle, dir! Hohn. Höl-le, dir durch ih-re Treu! Sie reicht die
 Thy dir - est hate. Hell. I de-fy! I here de-fy! Love rules my fate! She gives her
 con me, fia il ciel or che tro-vai don-na fe-del, don - - - na fe-del! Pla-ca - toal

Es soll euch nicht ge-rein, es soll euch nicht ge-rein! Zum Fest! Zum Fest!
 Oh joy-ful, joy-ful day! Oh joy-ful, joy-ful day! Vow to the feast
 ma-i non ne die di questo il ciel, il ciel! A! gau-dio o-gnun!

Più stretto. $\text{♩} = 104$.

— oh - ne Reu' bis in den Tod ge - lob' ich Treu', Ja! oh - ne
 — with my hand I plight my faith! I will be true, I will be
 — te - sti - mon io chia - mo il ciel che vo' mo - rir a lui fe -

Hand! Ge - spro - chen sei Hohn, Höl - le, dir durch ih - re Treu' Ge - spro - chen
 hand! Thy dir - est hate, Hell! I de - fy! Love rules my fate! Thy dir - est
 fin con me, fia il ciel or che tro - vai don - na fe - dell! Pla - ca - to al -

Heut' soll sich Al - les freu'n! Heut' soll sich Al - les freu'n! Euch soll das
 all come a - way! come all! Now to the feast a - way! The bond is
 che un di più bel, che un di più bel, mai non ne

Reu' bis in den Tod, gelob' ich Treu', ge-lob' ich Treu', bis in den Tod, bis in den
true, true un-to death! *I will be true, be true till death!* *I will be true, true un-to*
 del, a lui fe-del. chevo' mo-rir a lui fe-del, a lui fe-del, a lui fe-del, a lui fe-

sei Hohn, Höl-le, dir durch ih-re Treu! Gesprochen sei Hohn, dir, Hohn durch ih-re
hate, Hell. I de- fy! Love rules my fate Thy dir-est hate I de- fy! Thy hate I de-
 fin con me. fia il ciel or-che tro-vai, or che tro-vai, tro-vai don-na a-me fe-

Bündniss nicht ge-reu'n! Zum Fest! Heut' soll sich Al-les freu'n, heut' soll sich Al-les freu'n, heut' soll sich Al-les
sealed! Oh joy-ful day! Now come, come to the feast a-way! Now come, come all a-way! Now come, come all a-
 diè di que-sto il ciel! Al gaudiu-gnun! che un di più bel, il ciel no, mai non diè, il ciel no, mai non

Più presto. $\text{♩} = 112$.

The first system of the score consists of eight staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, while the remaining six are instrumental. The music is in a major key with three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a 2/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Più presto' with a metronome marking of 112. The dynamic is 'ff' (fortissimo). The instrumental parts feature intricate rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various rests.

The second system continues the instrumental accompaniment from the first system. It features the same eight-staff structure with complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings. The tempo and key signature remain consistent.

Tod, _____ bis in den Tod _____ ge - lob' _____ ich
death! _____ *I* *will* *be true,* _____ *be true* _____ *till*
 del! _____ io vo' mo-rir _____ a lui fe -

Treu', _____ durch ih - - re Treu', _____ durch ih - - - re
fy! _____ *Love* *rules* *my fate!* _____ *Love* *rules* _____ *my*
 del! _____ or che tro-vai _____ don - na _____ fe -

fren', _____ heut' soll sich Al - - - les, Al - - - les
way! _____ *Now* *come* *a - way!* _____ *Come* *all* _____ *a -*
 die, _____ mai non ne diè _____ di que - - - sto il

The third system contains the vocal lines with lyrics and the instrumental accompaniment. The vocal lines are on the top two staves, and the instrumental accompaniment is on the bottom six staves. The lyrics are in Italian, German, and French. The tempo and key signature remain consistent.

Più presto. $\text{♩} = 112$.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Treu!
death!
dell

Sie gehen ab; der Vorhang fällt.
exeunt; curtain.

Tutti escono; cala la tela.

Treu!
fate!
dell

freu'n!
way!
ciel!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ende des 2^{ten} Aufzugs.
End of Act II.
Fine dell' Atto II?

Musical score for woodwinds and strings, measures 1-10. The score includes parts for Clarinet in C (Ut), Cor Anglais in F (Fa), Cor Anglais in C (Ut), Trombone in C (Ut), and strings. The woodwinds play a melodic line with dynamic markings of *ff* and *f*. The strings play a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes.

Musical score for strings, measures 1-10. The strings play a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *f dim.* and *f*.

Musical score for woodwinds and percussion, measures 1-10. The score includes parts for Flute, Oboe, Cor Anglais in C (Ut), Bassoon, 3 Trombones, and Timpani in C.G. (UtSol). The woodwinds play a melodic line with dynamic markings of *pp* and *p*. The timpani play a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes with dynamic markings of *pp* and *tr*.

Musical score for strings, measures 1-10. The strings play a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *pp*, *pp trem.*, and *pp*.

No. 7. Chor der Norwegischen Matrosen und Ensemble.

Chorus of Norwegian Sailors. — Coro di Marinai Norvegi.

Animato, ma non troppo allegro. ♩ = 80.

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti in C (Ut).

Corni vent. in F (Fa).

Corni ord. in C (Ut).

Fagotti.

Trombe ord. in C (Ut).

Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timpani in C.G. (Ut.Sol).

Tenori I.

Tenori II.

Bassi I.

Bassi II.

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viola.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Animato, ma non troppo allegro. ♩ = 80.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is divided into two systems. The first system contains a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line begins with a trill (tr) and a dynamic marking of *dim.*, followed by *meno f*. The piano accompaniment includes multiple staves with dynamic markings of *dim.* and *meno f*. A second dynamic marking *p* appears in the lower staves. The second system features piano accompaniment with dynamic markings of *dim.*, *p*, and *p cresc.*. The score includes various musical notations such as trills, slurs, and dynamic markings.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page features two systems of music. The first system consists of ten staves: five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor 1, Tenor 2, Bass) and five piano accompaniment staves (Right Hand Treble, Left Hand Bass, and three grand staff staves). The second system consists of five piano accompaniment staves. The music is written in a key signature of two flats and a 4/4 time signature. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) and *più f* (pianissimo forte), with some instances of *tr* (trill). The tempo or performance instruction *a 2.* (allegretto) is indicated in several measures. The score is densely packed with notes, including many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and rests.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. From top to bottom: the first staff is the vocal line for the Dutchman, marked *ff*; the next two staves are the first and second violins, also marked *ff*; the next two staves are the first and second violas, marked *ff*; the fifth staff is the first and second cellos, marked *ff*; the sixth staff is the first and second basses, marked *ff*; the seventh staff is the double bass, marked *ff*; the eighth staff is the piano, marked *ff*; the ninth staff is the harp, marked *ff*; and the tenth staff is the bassoon, marked *ff*. The music is in 3/4 time and features a complex, rhythmic texture with many triplets and sixteenth notes.

Der Vorhang geht auf.

The curtain rises.

Salza la tela.

Seebucht mit felsigem Gestade; das Haus Dalands zur Seite im Vordergrund. Den Hintergrund nehmen, ziemlich nah bei einander liegend, die beiden Schiffe, das des Norwegers und das des Holländer's, ein. Helle Nacht: Das norwegische Schiff ist erleuchtet; die Matrosen desselben sind auf dem Verdeck. Jubel und Freude. Die Haltung des holländischen Schiffes bietet einen unheimlichen Contrast: eine unnatürliche Finsterniss ist über dasselbe ausgebreitet; es herrscht Todtenstille auf ihm.

A bay, with rocky shores. In the foreground, at the side, is Daland's house; in the background, near together, the two ships, Norwegian and Dutchman. It is a clear night. The Norwegian ship is lit up, and the sailors are on deck, feasting and singing. The Dutchman's ship presents a strange contrast; an unnatural darkness broods over it, and a deathlike silence reigns.

Una rada circondata da roccie; da un lato, sul davanti della scena, la casa di Dalando. Il fondo è occupato dai vascelli del Norvegio e dell' Olandese assai vicini l'uno all'altro. È notte chiara: il naviglio Norvegio è illuminato: i marinaiche sono sulla coperta danno segni di gioja. L'aspetto della nave Olandese forma un contrasto sinistro con questa allegria: una oscurità soprannaturale la circonda: vi regna un silenzio di morte.

The second system of the musical score continues the ten-staff arrangement from the first system. The vocal line (top staff) and piano part (eighth staff) are marked *piu f*. The other instruments remain marked *ff*. The musical texture continues with complex rhythmic patterns and triplets.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is presented in two systems. The first system contains ten staves, and the second system contains five staves. The notation includes various rhythmic values, including triplets and sixteenth-note runs, and dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *tr* (trill). The score is arranged for a full orchestra and includes various woodwind and string parts.

pp

Ten. I.
 Chorus of Norwegian Sailors, *Steersman, leave the watch! Steersman, come away! Yo - ho! yo - ho! make the*
 Ten. II. *auf ihrem Schiffe.*
 Chorus of Norwegian Sailors, *Steersman, leave the watch! Steersman, come away! Yo - ho! yo - ho! make the*
 Bass I.
 Coro di Marinai Norvegi, *Mari-nar, qui con noi! Vie-ni alfin a go-der! Già nel fon - do po - sa*
 Bass II. *bevendo sul loro bastimento.*

Komm! lass' die Wacht!
 Come, leave the watch!
 Vien! qui con noi!

Komm' her zu uns!
 come, come away!
 Vie - ni a goder!

pizz.
 p
 pizz.
 p
 pizz.
 p
 pizz.
 p

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *pp*

Segel auf! Anker fest! Steuermann, her! Fürchten weder Wind noch bösen Strand,
anchor fast! Fast the sails! Steersman, come! *What care we for wind or tide?*
 Fanco-ra! Ma-ri-nar, vie-ni qui vien! Non c'è ven-to, non c'è sco-gli,
Non care we c'è ven-to, non c'è sco-gli,

Fürch - - - ten nicht bö - sen Strand,
What care we for wind or tide?
 Non c'è ven - to,

pizz. *mf* *dim.* *p*
mf *dim.* *p*
pizz. *mf* *dim.* *p*
pizz. *mf* *dim.* *p*

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The first system of the score consists of six staves of piano accompaniment. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. It features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Dynamics are marked with 'p' (piano) in several places.

The second system of the score contains vocal parts with lyrics in three languages: German, English, and Italian. The lyrics are arranged in four lines of text, each corresponding to a vocal line. The lyrics describe a scene of social enjoyment and list items like tobacco and wine.

German lyrics:
 wollen heute'mal recht lu-stig sein! Jeder hat sein Mä-del auf dem Land, herr-li-chen Ta-bak und gu-ten Branntwein!
 Here we'll sit and sing so fine, With our sweethearts by our side, Good to - bac-co, and fie - ry wine!
 que - sto gior - no è del pia - cer! Trove-rem le no-stre bel - le. Ta-bak und gu-ten Branntwein!
 woll'u 'mal recht lu - stig sein! Mä - del ist auf dem Land, und gu-ten Branntwein!
 Here we'll sit and sing so fine, With our sweethearts by our side, and fie - ry wine!
 que - sto gior - no è del pia - cer! Tro - ve-rem le bel - le. un buon bic - chier!

English lyrics:
 wollen heute'mal recht lu-stig sein! Jeder hat sein Mä-del auf dem Land, herr-li-chen Ta-bak und gu-ten Branntwein!
 Here we'll sit and sing so fine, With our sweethearts by our side, Good to - bac-co, and fie - ry wine!
 que - sto gior - no è del pia - cer! Trove-rem le no-stre bel - le. Ta-bak und gu-ten Branntwein!
 woll'u 'mal recht lu - stig sein! Mä - del ist auf dem Land, und gu-ten Branntwein!
 Here we'll sit and sing so fine, With our sweethearts by our side, and fie - ry wine!
 que - sto gior - no è del pia - cer! Tro - ve-rem le bel - le. un buon bic - chier!

Italian lyrics:
 wollen heute'mal recht lu-stig sein! Jeder hat sein Mä-del auf dem Land, herr-li-chen Ta-bak und gu-ten Branntwein!
 Here we'll sit and sing so fine, With our sweethearts by our side, Good to - bac-co, and fie - ry wine!
 que - sto gior - no è del pia - cer! Trove-rem le no-stre bel - le. Ta-bak und gu-ten Branntwein!
 woll'u 'mal recht lu - stig sein! Mä - del ist auf dem Land, und gu-ten Branntwein!
 Here we'll sit and sing so fine, With our sweethearts by our side, and fie - ry wine!
 que - sto gior - no è del pia - cer! Tro - ve-rem le bel - le. un buon bic - chier!

The third system of the score continues the piano accompaniment. It features four staves with 'arco' markings and a dynamic of 'p' (piano). The music is more sparse than the first system, with longer rests and fewer notes.

The musical score consists of two systems. The first system includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The second system includes a vocal line with lyrics in three languages (German, English, and Italian) and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *mf* and *cresc.*

System 1:

- Vocal line: *mf* (mezzo-forte)
- Piano accompaniment: *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc.* (crescendo)

System 2:

- Vocal line: *mf* (mezzo-forte)
- Piano accompaniment: *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc.* (crescendo)

Lyrics:

Hussassa, he!	Klipp' und Sturm draus,	Jol-lo-ho-he!	la-chen wir aus!	Hussassa, he!	Se-gel ein! An-ker fest!
Ha-ha-ha hey!	Foul or fair,	Yo-holla-hey!	What do we care!	Ha-ha-ha hey!	Anchor fast! Furl the sails!
Hu-sa-sa-hè!	L'u-ra-gan. si'	Jol-lo-ho-hè!	noi sfi-diam. sì!	Hu sa-sa-hè!	questo è il dì del piacer!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. It includes staves for the first and second violins, first and second violas, first and second cellos, first and second double basses, woodwinds (flutes, oboes, bassoons, and clarinets), and a full brass section (trumpets, trombones, and tubas). The vocal parts are for the Dutchman (Soprano), the Steermann (Tenor), and the Seemannschor (Chorus). The score is marked with dynamic instructions such as *mf*, *cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*. The vocal lines include German, English, and French lyrics. The orchestration is dense and dramatic, typical of Wagner's style.

Klipp'und Sturm la-chen wir

aus!

Steuermann, lass' dieWacht!

Foul or fair, What do we

care!

Steers-man, leave the watch!

Ma-ri-nar, vie-ni a ber.

vien!

Ma-ri-nar, qui con noi!

Komm, lass' dieWacht!
Come, leave the watch!
Vien, qui con noi!

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The first system contains the orchestral accompaniment, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The second system features three vocal parts: Soprano (Steuermann), Alto (Steuersman), and Bass (Vienialfin). The lyrics are in German and include the following text:

Steuermann, her zu uns! Ho! Ho! Jol Ha! Steuermann, her! trink' mit uns. Ho! Ho!

Steuersman, come a-way! Yo - - ho! Yo - - ho! Steersman, come drink with us! Yo - - ho!

Vienialfin a goder! Que - sto è il gior - no del piacer, sì! del pia-cer! Vien pi -

Komm her zu uns!
Come, come a-way!
Vie - ni a goder!

The musical score consists of several systems. The top system includes woodwinds (flutes, oboes, bassoons, clarinets) and strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses). The woodwinds play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, while the strings provide a steady accompaniment. The vocal soloists enter with the lyrics: "Yo - ho! lo - ta! Her! Komm' und trink mit uns! Come and drink with us! Vie - ni a ber, vie - ni a ber!". The score is marked with *ff* (fortissimo) and includes a *ten.* (tutti) marking. The bottom system features a vocal soloist and a bass line, with the lyrics: "Her! Komm' und trink mit uns! Come and drink with us! Vie - ni a ber, vie - ni a ber!".

Sie tanzen auf dem Verdeck, indem sie den Niederschlag jedes Taktes mit starkem Aufstampfen der Füße begleiten.
The sailors dance on deck, beating time with their feet.
 Si mettono a ballare sulla coperta.

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera *Der Fliegende Holländer*. The score is arranged in two systems. The first system consists of 11 staves: five vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor 1, Tenor 2, Bass) and six piano accompaniment staves (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Violoncello, Double Bass, and Contrabass). The second system consists of 11 staves: five vocal staves and six piano accompaniment staves. The music is written in a key signature of one flat and a 3/4 time signature. The vocal parts feature complex melodic lines with many slurs and accents. The piano accompaniment is highly rhythmic, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. In the center of the page, there is a text block with the following lyrics in German, English, and Italian. Below the text block, there are two more staves of music, which appear to be the beginning of a new section or a continuation of the previous one.

Die Mädchen kommen aus dem Hause, sie tragen
Körbe mit Speisen und Getränken.
*The maids come out of the house, carrying
baskets of food and drink.*
Giungono le damigelle portando sporte di cibi
e di bevande.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of several systems of staves. The top system contains ten staves for the orchestra, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The second system contains three staves for the vocal ensemble: Soprano I & II, Soprano III & IV, and Bass. The third system contains three staves for the orchestra, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The fourth system contains two staves for the vocal ensemble: Soprano I & II and Soprano III & IV. The fifth system contains two staves for the orchestra: strings and woodwinds/brass.

Chor der Mädchen.
 Chorus of maids.
 Coro di Damigelle.

Sopr. I. II.

Mein, seht doch an!	Mein, seht doch an!	Seht doch an!
Now, on - ly look!	Now, on - ly look!	On - ly look!
Oh, guar - da là!	Oh, guar - da là!	guar - da là!

Sopr. III. IV.

p
p
p
p
a 2
p

p
p
p

Sie tan-zen gar! Der Mäd-chen be-darfs da nicht für-wahr! Sie gehen auf das bollandische Schiff zu.
They're dancing there! *No need for us, I do de-clare!* *They go towards the Dutchman's ship.*
 dan-zan-do stan! Di da-me, di da-me uo-po non han! Vanno sulla nave Olandese.

Tenori.
 Chor der Matrosen.
 Chorus of Sailors.
 Coro di Marinai.

He! Ma-del! Halt! Wo geht ihr
Hey! Maidens! Here! this is the
 Ehi! bel-le! eh! fer-ma-te

Bassi.

p
p

The musical score is arranged in systems. The top system contains the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The third system contains the vocal line with German and English lyrics. The fourth system contains the piano accompaniment for strings and woodwinds.

Lyrics:

Steht	leuch nach	fri - schem	Wein	der	Sinn?	Eu'r Nach-bar	dort	soll
How now!	Would you	like some	wine	to -	day?	But you must	leave	some
Fer-mar -	si? e	per - ché	mai?	per -	ché?	Do - nan-do	an - cor	a -

Additional lyrics in the bottom system:

hin?	way!	vil!
------	------	------

Performance markings include *pizz.*, *arco*, *p*, and *cresc.* throughout the score.

p cresc. f
a 2 p cresc. f
p cresc. f
p cresc. f
p cresc. f
cresc.
p cresc. f p

tr mf dim. > p cresc. p
tr mf dim. > p cresc. f p
mf cresc. p

Steuermann. Steersman. Il Pilota

Far-wahr! Trag't's hin den ar-men Kna-ben!
It's true! *They're tired* *with all their la-bours,*
 Si! di-te ben, que-i mi-se-ri

mf p cresc. f p p
mf p cresc. f p p

auch 'was ha-ben! Ist Trank und Speis' für euch al-lein?
for your neighbours, Pray do not think 'tis all for you!
 gli o-spi-ti per voi qui a-van-za as-sa-i!

Vor Durst, vor Durst sie schei-nen matt zu sein. Ei seht doch nur! Kein Licht, von der
Like us, like us they must be thirst-y too! *A gloom pro-found! No light, no*
 la se-te, la se - te lan-guir li fa. *Al-cun non v'ha nè un lu-me, nè un*

Matrosen. Man hört sie nicht.
Sailors. *How still they keep!*
Marinai. Chi li o - de mai?

Allegretto, non troppo presto. $\text{♩} = 63$.

(gestopft)
ppp

ppp

p

p

p

p

p

p

Ant-wor-tet doch!
An-swer our call!
Ehi! ma - ri - nar!

Grosse Stille.
Silence
Profondo silencio.

spöttisch, mit affectirter Traurigkeit.
jestingly, with an affectation of seriousness.
affectando serietà.

Ha - ha! Wahr - haf - tig, sie sind todt, sie ha - ben Speis' und Trank
Ha - ha! Why tru - ly, they are dead! No need have they of wine
Ah! ah! Son mor - ti, si, son mor - ti è vo - glia non han - no

p

p

p

Allegretto, non troppo presto. $\text{♩} = 63$.

Musical score for the first system, featuring piano accompaniment for strings and woodwinds. The score is written in G major and 3/4 time. It includes staves for Violins I and II, Violas, Cellos, Double Basses, Flutes, Clarinets, Bassoons, and Horns. The music is marked with a forte (f) dynamic.

Musical score for the second system, featuring piano accompaniment for strings and woodwinds. The score continues from the first system, maintaining the forte (f) dynamic.

wie zuvor. Ei, See-leu-te, liegt ihr so faul schon im Nest? ist heu-te für euch denn nicht auch ein Fest?
as before *H.y. Sail-ors! why are you so la-zy to-day? Is this not the sea-son for feast-ing and play?*
come sopra. *Per-chè o ma-ri-nar. dor-mi-re co-sì? Per vo-i di fe-sta non è que-sto di?*

Musical score for the third system, featuring vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The vocal lines are in G major and 3/4 time, with lyrics in German, English, and Italian. The piano accompaniment is marked with a forte (f) dynamic.

Ist heu-te denn nicht für euch auch ein Fest?
Is not the sea-son for feast-ing and play?
 Non è di fe-sta per voi que-sto di?

nicht noth!
or bread!
 di man-giar!

wie vorher
as before.
come sopra.

Sie
They
 Im-

Musical score for the fourth system, featuring vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The vocal lines are in G major and 3/4 time, with lyrics in German, English, and Italian. The piano accompaniment is marked with a forte (f) dynamic.

Musical score for the fifth system, featuring piano accompaniment for strings and woodwinds. The score continues from the fourth system, maintaining the forte (f) dynamic.

He!	See-leu-te,	wollt ihr	nicht fri-schen
Ho!	ma-ri-ners!	Here is fresh	wine for
Ve-	ni-te, del	vi-no	squi-si-to è

He! See - leut', wollt ihr nicht
 Ho! Sail - ors! Here is fresh
 Ehi! ma - ri - nar, qui c'è il

Wein? — Ihr müs-set wahr-lich doch dur-stig auch sein!
you! — Are you not tired and thirst - y too?
 qui, — la vostra se - te am-mor-ze - rà!
wine! — Are you not tired and thirst - y too?
 vin. — La se - te am-mor-ze - rà!
 Sie trin-ken nicht, sie sin-gen nicht, in ih-rem Schif-fe
They sing no song, they drink no wine; O'er all their ship no
 Non be-vo-no, non can-ta-no, im-mo-ti al bu-jo

The musical score consists of multiple staves. The vocal parts include:

- First Voice (Soprano):** Lyrics: "Wacht doch auf! Wir bringen euch Speis' und Trank zu Hauf! See - - - leut! See - - -", "slecp no more! We bring you meat and drink galore! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - -", "su le - - sti qui c'è da man - giar da ber! Ehi! ma - - ri - ri -".
- Second Voice (Alto):** Lyrics: "Den Ruf der Mädchen verstärkend. He! See - - - leut! See - - - leut! See - - -", "Calling loudly together with the girls Hey! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - - ors! See - - -", "Gridando insieme colle damigelle. Ehi! ma - ri - nar! Ehi! ma - - - ri - ri -".
- Third Voice (Bass):** Lyrics: "He! See - - - leut! See - - - leut! See - - -", "Hey! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - - ors! Sail - - -", "Ehi! ma - - - ri - nar! Ehi! ma - - - ri - ri -".

The piano accompaniment includes various dynamics such as *più f*, *a2*, and *mf*. The score is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature.

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The upper systems are for instruments, with dynamic markings such as *ff*, *più f*, and *ppp*. A specific instruction *gestopft* (stopped) is noted above one of the staves. The lower systems include a vocal line with lyrics in German and English. The lyrics are:

leut! ors! nar!	Wacht doch Sleep no Le - sti	auf! more! su,	Wacht doch Sleep no le - sti	auf! more! su!	See - leut! Sail - ors! Ehi!	See - leut! Sail - ors! ma - ri - nar!	Wacht doch auf! Sleep no more! Le - sti su!
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The bottom system shows the bass line with dynamic markings *ff* and *ppp*.

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment with dynamic markings such as *f*, *p*, and *pp*. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The third system features the vocal line with German and English lyrics. The fourth system shows the vocal line with further lyrics and dynamic markings. The fifth system includes the piano accompaniment with dynamic markings.

schei-nen todt! Sie ha-ben Speis' und Trank nicht noth.
 men are dead! They have no need of wine or bread.
 mor-tiin ver! Non vo-glio-no ne ber, ne man-giar.

mit steigender Ausgelassenheit. Vom flie-genden Hol-län-der wisst ihr ja, sein
 with rising merriment. Of the Fly-ing Dutchman you all have heard! Will!
 scherzando. LÖ-lan-de-se vo-lan-te co no-sce - te? sua

The musical score is arranged in systems. The top system contains piano accompaniment for the right hand (treble clef) and left hand (bass clef). The second system contains the vocal line for the Dutchman (treble clef) with lyrics in German, English, and Italian. The third system contains the vocal line for the crew (bass clef) with lyrics in German, English, and Italian. The bottom system contains the piano accompaniment for the left hand (bass clef). Dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *p* (piano) are placed throughout the score. The lyrics are written in three languages: German, English, and Italian.

Lyrics:

German:
 drauf!
 true!
 mil
 Sie
 They
 Non
 trin - ken
 sing no
 be - vo -

English:
 Now tell us, how
 long since you
 last saw the
 land?
 Right
 well can your
 tempest with -
 stand!

Italian:
 Quant' an - ni e
 quan - to sol
 ca - ste il
 sco - gli tre -
 mar non vi
 fan?

German (Dutchman):
 Wie viel hun - dert
 Jah - re schon
 seid ihr zur
 See?
 Euch
 thut ja der Sturm und die
 Klip - pe nicht
 weh!

German (Crew):
 Wie viel hun - dert
 Jah - re schon
 seid ihr zur
 See?
 Euch
 thut ja der Sturm und die
 Klip - pe nicht
 weh!

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system shows the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The third system includes the vocal line with lyrics in German and English, and the piano accompaniment. The fourth system continues the vocal line and piano accompaniment.

Lyrics:

nicht, sie	sin - gen	nicht, in	ih - rem Schut - fe	brennt	kein Licht.
song, they	drink no	wine, Or	all their ship no	light	doth shine!
no, non	can - ta	no, al	bu - jo im - mo - ti	re -	sta no.

Lyrics:

Habt	ihr kei - ne	Brief kei - ne	Auftrag für's	Land? Unsern
And	have you no	message, no	let - ter for	home? To the
Sea -	ve - ste	let - te - re	qui da por	tar ai bi -

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The first system includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The third system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, English, and Italian, and a piano accompaniment. The fourth system continues the piano accompaniment.

Lyrics:

Sie sind schon alt und bleich, statt roth, und ih - re Lieb - sten, ach!
 Those a - ged cheeks have lost their red, And all their dear ones long
 Son es - si vec - chie li - vi - di, le bel - le già mo - ri -

Ur - gross vä - tern wir bringen's zur Hand!
 hands of our grandsires it safe - ly shall come!
 sa - vo - li noi le po - trem, po - trem dar.

sind todt!
 are dead!
 ro - no!

lärmend Hei, See-leu - te, spannt eu - re Se - - gel doch auf und zeigt uns des flie - gen - den Hol -
 noisily. Hey! seu-men! Come set your sails for a race, And show us the Fly - ing Dutch -
 con ischerzo. Ehi, ehi! ma - ri - na - ri, le ve - - le spie - ga - te e fa - te ci ve - der quan - to fi - la -

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line and multiple piano accompaniment staves. The second system continues the piano accompaniment. The third system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The fourth system continues the piano accompaniment.

p *cresc. poco a poco*

p *cresc. poco a poco*

p *cresc. poco a poco*

p *cresc. poco a poco*

p *cresc. poco a poco*

p *cresc. poco a poco*

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

Ihr Mä - del, lasst die Tod - ten ruh'n! — Lasst's uns Le - bend' - gen
 Oh maid - ens, let the dead men rest! — We who are liv - ing will
 Glie - stin - ti in pa - ce o - mai la - sciam, E i vi - vi far — con -

Lasst sie ruh'n!
 Let them rest!
 lasciar con - vien!

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

Den Matrosen ihre Körbe über Bord reichend.
handing their baskets to the sailors.
 porgendo ai marinai che stanno a bordo le loro sporte.

Wie? kommt ihr denn nicht selbst — an
What! must you now be hast' - ning
 Come? voi stes-se non ve - ni - - tea

So nehmt, der Nach - bar hat's verschmäht.
Then take the gifts your neigh-bours spurn.
 Pren - de - - te ciò che quei ri-cu - sar!

güt - lich thun!
thank you best!
 ten - ti ap - pien!

First system of musical notation, including vocal line and piano accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *cresc.* and *f*.

Second system of musical notation. Dynamic markings include *cresc.*, *f*, and *p*.

bald, jetzt trinkt nur fort! Und wenn ihr wollt, — so tanzt da-zu, — nur gönnt dem mü- - den Nach-bar
 wine! Drink till we come! Now make you mer-ry with song and jest, — And let your near- - y neigh-bours
 desso, bal-la-te voi! Sol mi-ti-ga - - te tan-to gar-rir, — cheil buon vi - ein or vuol dor-

Und wenn ihr wollt, so tanzt da-zu,
 Now make you mer-ry with song and jest,
 Sol mi-ti-ga - - te tan-to gar-rir,

Third system of musical notation, including piano accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *cresc.*, *f*, and *p*.

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a vocal line and multiple piano accompaniment staves. The second system continues the piano accompaniment. The third system features the vocal line with lyrics in three languages: German, English, and Italian. The fourth system shows the piano accompaniment for the vocal line. The fifth system continues the piano accompaniment. The sixth system shows the vocal line with lyrics. The seventh system shows the piano accompaniment. The eighth system shows the vocal line with lyrics. The ninth system shows the piano accompaniment.

Vocal Lyrics:

Ruh', rest! mir,	nur gönnt dem Yes, let your cheil buon vi-	mü - den wear - y - cin or	Nach - bar neigh - bours vuol - dor -	Ruh! lasst ihm rest, let them mir, vuol dor-	Ruh', lasst ihm rest! let them mir, il vi-	Ruh', lasst ihm rest! let them rest! let them rest! let them rest!	Ruh! sie gehen ab. excunt. partono.
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Stage Directions:

Die Matrosen öffnen und
leeren die Körbe.
Sailors, opening the baskets.
Marinai vuotando le corbe.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Molto vivace. $\text{♩} = 100.$

The score consists of multiple staves for the orchestra and two vocal parts. The tempo is marked 'Molto vivace' with a quarter note equal to 100 beats per minute. The music is in a key with one flat (B-flat major or D minor) and a 2/4 time signature. The vocal parts enter with the lyrics: 'Juch - he! da giebt's die Fül - le! Lieb' Nach - bar, ha - be' and 'Hur - rah! Here's wine in plenty! Good neighbour, thanksto'. The second line of lyrics is 'Vi - va il pia - cer e l'ab - bon - dan - za! Gratia vi - cin di cuor noi'.

Molto vivace. $\text{♩} = 100.$

The score consists of multiple staves. The upper section is an orchestral arrangement with various instruments, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The lower section features vocal parts with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The lyrics are as follows:

Trank!
you!
tiam!

Halloho ho ho!
Holla ho ho ho!
Jalloho ho ho!

Hallo ho ho ho!
Holla ho!Ho'ho!
Jallo ho ho ho!

Lieb Nachbarn, habt ihr Stimm' und Sprach,
If voi - ces still to you be long,
O buon vi - cin se pur lo puo - - i

Lieb Nachbarn, habt ihr Stimm' und Sprach,
If voi - ces still to you be long,
O buon vi - cin se pur lo puo - - i

Trombe vent in E. (Mi)

Musical score for the orchestra, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. It features dynamic markings such as *ff*, *p*, *mf*, and *cresc.* The score is in a key with one flat and a common time signature.

Von hier an beginnt es sich auf dem holländischen Schiffe zu regen.
 The crew of the "Dutchman" begins to stir.
 Qui i marinai olandesi cominciano di dare segni di vita.

Sie trinken aus und stampfen die Becher heftig auf.
 drinking their glasses together as they drink.
 bevono cozzando vivamente le coppe.

lachend laughing, ridendo.

so wa- chet auf und macht's uns nach!	Wachet auf, wachet auf!	Auf, macht's uns nach!	Hus-
Good neighbours, wake and join our song!	Join our song! join our song!	Come, join our song!	Hur-
ti sveglia al- fin fa co- me no- i!	Buon vi- cin! sorgial- fin!	Fa co- me noi!	Hus-
			<i>ff</i>

Musical score for the vocal parts, including tenors and basses. It features dynamic markings such as *ff*, *meno f*, and *più p*. The score includes the lyrics in German, Italian, and English.

Tempo I, un poco più mosso. ♩ = 84.

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment with dynamics like *f* and *p*. The second system features a piano introduction with *f* and *più f* markings. The third system contains the vocal entry with lyrics in Italian, German, and English. The fourth system continues the vocal and piano parts with *sempre f* dynamics. The fifth system shows the vocal lines with lyrics and piano accompaniment.

sa! —————
rah! —————
sà! —————

Steuermann! Lass' die Wacht! Steu-ermann, her zu uns!
Steers-man, leave the watch! Steers-man, come a-way!
Ma-ri-nar, qui con noi! Vien al-fin a go-der!

sa! —————
rah! —————
sà! —————

Steuermann! Lass' die Wacht! Steu-ermann, her zu uns!
Steers-man, leave the watch! Steers-man, come a-way!
Ma-ri-nar, qui con noi! Vien al-fin a go-der!

Auf! lass die Wacht! Komm' her zu uns!
Come, leave the watch! Come here to us!
Vien, qui con noi! Vie-ni a go-der!

Tempo I, un poco più mosso. ♩ = 84.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes five staves for woodwinds and strings, with dynamics ranging from *mf* to *f dim.*. The middle system features a piano part with *p* and *marcato* markings, and a solo section marked *Imo Solo. p marcato*. The bottom system contains vocal parts with lyrics in German, Italian, and English, and a bass line with *pizz.* and *arco* markings.

Lyrics:

Ho,	he,	je,	ha!	Hisst die	Se-gel auf!	An-ker fest!	Steu-ermann, her!
Yo	ho!	Yo	ho!	Make the	an-chor fast!	Furl the sails!	Steers-man, come!
Già	nel	fon-	-do	po-sa	l'an-co-ra!	Ma-ri-nar,	vie-ni qui, vien!

The musical score consists of two systems. The first system includes vocal lines for Soprano and Bass, and piano accompaniment for Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Cello/Double Bass. The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The lyrics are provided in German and English.

Lyrics:

heu - te wa - chen wir bei Saus und Schmaus, bes - se - res Ge - tränk giebt Mä - del uns vom Fass!
Now we sit and sing so fine, Pret - ty maidens come and bring us jol - ly wine!
 or ve - gliam vuo - tan - do i ca - li - ci. che le bel - le a noi le bel - le qui appres - tar!
 Ge - tränk giebt Mä - del uns vom Fass!
While mai - dens bring us jol - ly wine!
 si, che le bel - le qui appres - tar!
 heut' wa - chen wir beim Schmaus, sing so fine,
Now we sit and sing so fine,
 or vuo - tia - mo i ca - li - ci,

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of multiple staves. The vocal parts include:

- First Voice (Soprano/Alto):** Lyrics: "Se - gel ein! An - ker fest! Klipp' und Sturm la - chen wir. aus! care! vien!"
- Second Voice (Tenor/Bass):** Lyrics: "Se - gel ein! An - ker fest! Klipp' und Sturm la - chen wir. aus! care! vien!"

The piano accompaniment includes:

- Violin I:** *cresc. poco a poco*
- Violin II:** *cresc. poco a poco*
- Viola:** *cresc. poco a poco*
- Violoncello:** *cresc. poco a poco*
- Double Bass:** *cresc. poco a poco*

Other markings include *tr*, *a. 2*, *in E. (Mi)*, *11do Solo.*, *p*, *p marcato*, *marcato*, *cresc.*, and *più f*.

mf
mf
a 2
mf
mf
mf
 Timpani muta in H. Fis. (Si. Fa[♯].)

sempre f
mf *f*

Steu-er-mann, lass'	die Wacht!	Steu-ermann, her	zu uns!
Steers - man, leave	the watch!	Steers - man, come	a - way!
Ma - ri - nar, qui	con noi!	Vie-ni alfin a	go - der!

Steu-er-mann, lass'	die Wacht!	Steu-ermann, her	zu uns!
Steers - man, leave	the watch!	Steers - man, come	a - way!
Ma - ri - nar, qui	con noi!	Vie-ni alfin a	go - der!

Auf.	lass' die Wacht!	Komm' her zu uns!
Come.	leave the watch!	Come here to us!
Vien,	qui con noi!	Vie - ni a go - der!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score consists of several systems of music. The top system includes vocal lines for Soprano (Soprano I and II) and Bass (Bass I and II), along with piano accompaniment for strings and woodwinds. The vocal lines are marked *piu f* and feature triplet rhythms. The piano accompaniment includes a prominent triplet figure in the strings and woodwinds, and a melodic line in the bass.

The second system continues the vocal and piano parts, with the vocal lines marked *piu f* and *a 2*. The piano accompaniment includes a melodic line in the bass marked *mf*.

The third system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, French, and English, and a piano accompaniment with a melodic line in the bass marked *mf*. The lyrics are:

Ho!	He!	Je!	Ha!	Klipp und Sturm, ha!	sind vor-bei! He!
Ho!	Hey!	Ho!	Ha!	Foul — or fair,	What do we care!
Vien,	pi	lo	ta,	vieni a ber, si!	vie - ni a ber, -si!

The fourth system continues the vocal and piano parts, with the vocal lines marked *piu cresc.* and the piano accompaniment marked *piu cresc.*.

The fifth system continues the vocal and piano parts, with the vocal lines marked *piu cresc.* and the piano accompaniment marked *piu cresc.*.

The sixth system continues the vocal and piano parts, with the vocal lines marked *piu cresc.* and the piano accompaniment marked *piu cresc.*.

Allegro. ♩ = 84.

Cor ord. in H (Sopr.)

Cor vent mut in A. (La.)

Timp H. Fis (Si Fa#)

3 Piccoli *

Windschleuder

Tamtam

Tenori.

Bassi.

Chor der Mannschaft
des fliegenden Hollän.
(durch Sprachrohre)

The crew of the Fly-
ing Dutchman.
Olandesi.

Jo ho-hoe! Jo ho-ho-hoe! Ho-jo-ho hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Yo ho-hoe! Yo ho-ho-hoe! Yo-ho-ho hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Jo ho-hoe! Jo ho-ho-hoe! Ho-jo-ho hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Das Meer, welches sonst überall ruhig bleibt, hat sich im Umkreis des holländischen Schiffes zu heben begonnen; eine dunkel-
bläuliche Flamme lodert in diesem als Wachtfeuer auf, heftiger Sturmwind pfeift durch die Tauen; die Mannschaft, von der
man zuvor nichts sah, hat sich beim Leuchten der Flamme belebt.
The sea, which otherwise is quite calm, now begins to heave around the Dutchman's ship and a violent wind whistles through the
yards. A blue flame burns on the mast and lights up the crew, who have hitherto been invisible.
Il mare che dappertutto rimane tranquillo, ha incominciato ad agitarsi dattorno alla nave Olandese; una fiamma oscura,
giallognola, vi si scorge come fanale di guardia. Vento fortissimo fischia fra i cordami, e l'equipaggio, che fino ad ora
era silenzioso, incomincia a muoversi.

trem.

ff

p

cresc.

molto cresc.

Allegro. ♩ = 84.

* Sobald sich Musiker genug vorfinden, um die 3 Piccoli mehrfach zu besetzen, so sind sie auf der Bühne und zwar in der Nähe des holländischen Schiffes zu placieren; kann man sie jedoch nur einfach besetzen, so sind sie in das Orchester zu stellen.
* If more than one piccolo can be got for each of the 3 parts, they should be placed on the stage, near the Dutchman's ship; if however there be only one player to each part, they must sit in the orchestra.
* Se ci sono musicisti abbastanza, per rimpiazzare alcune volte i 3 Piccoli, devono postarsi sulla scena, vicino al vascello olandese, se no, bisogna metterli nell' orchestra.

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes multiple staves for instrumental accompaniment, with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f*. The bottom system features vocal lines with lyrics in three languages: German, English, and Italian. The lyrics are as follows:

German: *ssa! In die Bucht laufet ein! In die Bucht laufet ein!*
 English: *ssa! Make her fast in the bay! Make her fast in the bay!*
 Italian: *ssa! Or le ve - le spieghiam! Or le ve - le spieghiam!*

German: *Schwarzer Hauptmann, geh' an's Land,*
 English: *Gloom - y cap - tain, haste to land!*
 Italian: *Scen - dia ter - ra, o ca - pi - tan.*

The score also includes various musical notations such as *trem.* (trémolo), *p cresc.* (piano crescendo), and *tr.* (trill).

This system contains the first six measures of the score. It includes vocal staves for the soprano and tenor, and orchestral staves for the strings, woodwinds, and percussion. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. Dynamics include *p cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*. The percussion parts include 3 Piccoli, Windschleuder, and Tamtam.

This system contains the next six measures of the score, including the vocal lines with lyrics. The lyrics are in German and English. The orchestral accompaniment continues with similar dynamics and instrumentation as the first system.

sie - ben Jah - re Now the seven long years are o'er; che sett' an - ni cor-ser già,	sind vor-bei!	Frei um blon-den Woo and win a dau - na bion-da a-	Mädchens Hand, maid-en's hand! ver la man,	blon-des Mädchen Maid, be faith-ful cer - ca eassiem la	sei ihm treu! e - ver more! fe-del - tà!	Lu - - - stig heut'! Feast - - - we to - Le - - - ve - le,
sie - ben Jah - re Now the seven long years are o'er; che sett' an - ni cor-ser già,	sind vor-bei!	Frei um blon-den Woo and win a dau - na bion-da a-	Mädchens Hand, maid-en's hand! ver la man,	blon-des Mädchen Maid, be faith-ful cer - ca eassiem la	sei ihm treu! e - ver more! fe-del - tà!	Lu - - - stig heut'! Feast - - - we to - Le - - - ve - le,

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. The score is arranged in two systems. The upper system consists of ten staves of instrumental music, including a full orchestra and a solo voice part. The lower system features vocal parts with lyrics in both Italian and German. The music is marked with a forte dynamic (*ff*) and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and slurs. The lyrics are as follows:

Hui! day, hui!	Bräu - - ti - gam! Brüde - - groom so -pie - - - ghia - mo!	Hui! gay! Hui!	Sturm - - wind heult Wind, - - - sing a suon di noz - ze è	Braut - mu - sik. bri - dal song! lu - ra - gan.
Hui! day, hui!	Brau - - ti - gam! Brüde - - groom so -pie - - - ghia - mo!	Hui! gay! Hui!	Sturm - - wind heult Wind, - - - sing a suon di noz - ze è	Braut - mu - sik. bri - dal song! lu - ra - gan.

The score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a wind ensemble (Piccolo I & II, Piccolo III, and Windschleuder). The bottom system features a vocal soloist and a piano accompaniment. The music is in the key of D major and 3/4 time. Dynamics include *p cresc.*, *f*, *sp*, *ff*, *trem.*, and *ba.* (basso continuo).

Vocal Lyrics:

Hui! — Se-gel auf! Dei-ne Braut,	sag, wo sie blieb?	Hui! — Auf in See! Ca-pi-tän! Ca-pi-
Hui! — hast die salls! But the bride!	say, where is she?	Hui! — then a way! Off to sea! For the
Hui! — sal-pa, hui! La tua spo - sa	do - ve - stà?	Hui! — via sul mar! Ca-pi-tan, ca-pi-

Second System Lyrics:

Hui! — Se-zel auf! Dei-ne Braut,	sag, wo sie blieb?	Hui! — Auf in See! Ca-pi-tän! Ca-pi-
Hui! — hast die salls! But the bride!	say, where is she?	Hui! — then a way! Off to sea! For the
Hui! — sal-pa, hui! La tua spo - sa	do - ve - stà?	Hui! — via sul mar! Ca-pi-tan, ca-pi-

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes five staves for the orchestra (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos/Double Basses, and Basses) and two staves for the vocal parts (Soprano and Bass). The middle system continues the orchestral and vocal parts. The bottom system features the vocal parts with lyrics in German and English, and the bass line. The score is marked with dynamic indications such as *ff*, *f*, *p*, and *tr*.

Lyrics:

tän, hast kein Glück in der Lieb!	Ha-ha-ha!	Sau-se Sturinwind, heu-le zu!	un-tern Se-geln lässt du Ruh!	Sa-tan hat sie
bride, she is not for thee!	Ha ha ha!	Vain thy hoort-ing; an-gry storm!	Sail of ours thou canst not harm!	Sa-tan's art hath
tan, non hai sor-te in a-mar!	Ah ah ah!	Ur-li in-va-no, ven-to i-ra-to,	al-le ve-le re-queie da!	L'ha tes-su-te or-

The musical score is arranged in two systems. The first system contains the vocal line and piano accompaniment for strings and woodwinds. The second system contains the vocal line with lyrics and piano accompaniment for strings and woodwinds.

Lyrics:

uns ge-feit, <i>sewn them fast.</i>	reis-sen nicht in <i>Till the day of</i>	E - - - wig-keit! <i>doom - - - in past!</i>	Ho - - hoe! <i>Ho - - hoe!</i>	Hoe! <i>Hoe!</i>	nicht in E-wig- <i>till the day of</i>
ri - bil fa - to	per sfi-dar le-	ter - - - ni-ta!	Ho - - he!	He!	si l'e-ter-ni-

The score consists of several systems of staves. The upper systems are for instruments, with dynamics like *f dim.* and *p*. The lower systems are for voices, with lyrics in German, French, and Italian. The lyrics are as follows:

Spuk? fiends? siou?	Singet laut! Louder yet! In-tuo-niam!	Steuermann. Ma-ri-nar,	lass' leave qui	die die tir watch! con noi!	Steuermann, Vie-ni alfin	her come a
Un-ser Loud-er Can-to an-cor!	Singet laut! Louder yet! In-tuo-niam!	Steuermann. Steersman. Ma-ri-nar,	lass' leave qui	die die the watch! con noi!	Steuermann, Steersman, Vie-ni alfin	her come a
Stimmet an! Let us sing! Il mi-glior	singet laut! Louder yet! In-tuo-niam!	Steuermann, Steersman, Ma-ri-nar,	lass' leave qui	die die the watch! con noi!	Steuermann, Steersman, Vie-ni alfin	her Come Vien

zu uns! Ho! He! Je! Ha! Singet laut!
 to us! Yo - ho! Yo - ho! Louder yet!
 go - der! Ho! He! Je! Ha! for-te assai!

zu uns! Ho! He! Singet laut!
 to us! Yo! He! Louder yet!
 go - der! Ho! He! Su can-tiam!

zu uns! Ho Singet laut!
 to us! Ho! Louder yet!
 go - der! Vien! for-te assai!

her zu uns! Singet laut!
 here to us! Louder yet!
 a go - der! Su can-tiam!

Die Mannschaft d. Holländers. Hui - - - ssa! Jo-ho-hoe! Jo-ho-hoe!
 Dutchmen. Hui - - - ssa! Yo-ho-hoe! Yo-ho-hoe!
 Olandesi. Huis - - - sa! Jo-ho-hè! Jo-ho-hè!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The score is arranged in a standard orchestral format with vocal soloists. The top section consists of a woodwind and brass ensemble, including flutes, oboes, clarinets, bassoons, horns, and trumpets. The bottom section features a string ensemble and vocal soloists. The vocal soloists include Tenors I and II, Basses I and II, and a Chorus. The music is in 3/4 time and the key signature has one sharp (F#).

Vocal Lyrics:

Ten I II	Steuermann, lass' die Wacht!	Steuermann!	Ho! He!
Bass I II	Ma-ri-nar, qui cou noi.	vi-ni qui!	ssa! Jo-ho-hoe!
			ssa! Yo-ho-hoe!
			sa! Jo-ho-he!

The score consists of several systems of music. The top system includes a vocal line and multiple orchestral staves (strings, woodwinds, brass, and percussion). The middle system features a piano accompaniment with complex rhythmic patterns. The bottom system contains vocal lines with lyrics in German and French.

Lyrics:

Je! Ha!	Steuermann, her zu uns!	Singet laut!
Hey! Ha!	Steersman. come a - way!	Louder yet!
Je! Ha!	Ma-ri-nar. vie - ni al-fin!	Su cantiam!

Chorus Lyrics:

Jo-ho-hoe!	Hui - - - - - ssa!	Jo-ho-hoe!	Jo-ho-hoe!	Jo - ho - he! Jo-
Yo-ho-hoe!	Hui - - - - - ssa!	Yo-ho-hoe!	Yo-ho-hoe!	Yo - ho - hoe! Yo-
Jo-ho-hè!	Hui - - - - - ssa!	Jo-ho-hè!	Jo-ho-hè!	Jo - ho - he! Jo-

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of three systems of staves. The top system is an orchestral arrangement with multiple staves for various instruments, including strings, woodwinds, and brass. The middle system features vocal parts with lyrics in both German and English. The bottom system continues the orchestral accompaniment. The score is marked with dynamic indications such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The lyrics are as follows:

heu - le zu, an - gry storm, ven - to in - van,	un - sern Se - geln Sail of ours thou al - le ve - le	lässt du Ruh! canst not harm! re - quie dà!	Sau - se, Sturmwind, Vain thy how - ling Ur - li in - va - no, o	heu - le zu, an - gry storm! ven - to in - van,	un - sern Se - geln Sail of ours thou al - le ve - le	lässt du Ruh! canst not harm! re - quie dà!
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The score consists of two systems of music. The first system includes a vocal line and several instrumental staves. The second system continues the instrumental accompaniment. The vocal line includes lyrics in three languages: German, English, and Dutch.

Lyrics:

Sa - tan hat sie selbst ge - feit,	reis - sen nicht in E - - wig - keit,	reis - sen nicht in
Sa - tan's art hath sewn them fast,	Till the day of doom be past,	Till the day of
Lha tes - su - te or - ri - - bil fa - to	per sfi - dar l'e - ter - - ni - ta,	per sfi - dar l'e -

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of two systems of staves. The top system includes a full orchestral score with woodwinds, strings, and percussion, along with vocal lines. The bottom system features vocal lines with German lyrics. The score is marked with various dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo), *più f* (più forte), and *trém.* (trémolo). The lyrics are:
E - wig - keit! Jo - hoe! Jo - hoe! Jo - hohohoe! Hui -
doom - be - past! Yo - hoe! Yo - hoe! Yo - hohohoe! Hui -
ter - ni - tà! Jo - hè! Jo - hohè! Jo - hohohè! Hui -
E - wig - keit! Jo - hoe! Jo - hoe! Jo - hohohoe! Ho!
doom - br - past! Yo - hoe! Yo - hoe! Yo - hohohoe! Ho!
ter - ni - tà! Jo - hè! Jo - hohè! Jo - hohohè! Ho!

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera "Der Fliegende Holländer". It consists of multiple staves of music, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The score is written in G major and 2/4 time. The lyrics are in German and include the following lines:

ssa! Hui - ssa! Hui - ssa! Jo - hoe! Ha ha ha ha ha ha!
ssa! Hui - ssa! Hui - ssa! Yo - hoe! Ha ha ha ha ha ha!
ssa! Hui - ssa! Hui - ssa! Jo - he! Ah ah ah ah ah ah!

He! Jo - ho! Ho! He! Jo - ho! Ho! Ho - hoho! Jo - hoe! Ha ha ha ha ha ha!
Hey! Yo - ho! Ho! Hey! Yo - kol! Ho! Ho - hoho! Yo - hoe! Ha ha ha ha ha ha!
He! Jo - ho! Ho! He! Jo - ho! Ho! Ho - hoho! Jo - he! Ah ah ah ah ah ah!

The score includes various musical markings such as *sempre più f*, *fff*, *tr*, *unis*, and *lachend. laughing. ridendo.* The page number 357 is located at the bottom center.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Cl. $\text{♩} = 120.$

Cor. *p* *più p* *pp*

Fag. *pp*

Timp. *tr* *pp*

sempre più p

Solo *pp*

Viol.

Die norwegischen Matrosen, durch den Sturm und das Toben des immer wilder gewordenen Spukes zum Schweigen gebracht, verlassen von Grauen übermannt ihr Verdeck, indem sie das Zeichen des Kreuzes schlagen; die Mannschaft des Holländers, als sie diess gewahrt, schlägt ein gellendes Hohngelächter auf: sogleich herrscht auf ihrem Schiffe die frühere Totenstille, — dichte Finsterniss ist wieder über dasselbe ausgebreitet; Luft und Meer sind ruhig wie zuvor.

The Norwegian Sailors, silenced by the rising storm and the increasing frenzy of the song from the crew of the Dutchman, are overcome with horror, and go below, making the sign of the Cross. When they see this the crew of the Dutchman burst into a wild laugh of scorn. Immediately death-like silence reigns in their ship; a thick darkness spreads over it, and sea and sky become perfectly calm again.

I Norvegi tentano invano col loro canto di soverchiare quello degli Olandesi. Il tumulto del mare, le grida, gli urli, il fischiare della bufera li riducono al silenzio. Nel colmo dello spavento fuggono dalla coperta facendosi il segno della croce. Gli Olandesi che li vedono fuggire mandano un stridulo grido di scherno. Tutto ad un tratto un silenzio profondo ricomincia a regnare sulla loro nave. L'aria ed il mare ridivengono perfettamente tranquilli.

$\text{♩} = 120.$

Cor. *gestopft* *ppp*

Fag. *ppp*

Timp. *tr* *pp*

Tam. *pp*

Viol. *ppp*

ppp

ppp

ppp

ppp

ppp

Nº 8. Finale.

A. Duett.

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 80.$

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti in B.(Si \flat).

Corni vent. in F.(Fa).

Corni ordin. in C.(Ut).

Fagotti.

Trombe vent. in F.(Fa).

3 Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timpani in F C.(Fa.Ut).

Tamtam.

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viola.

Senta.

Mary.

Erik.

Holländer.

Daland.

Chor der Mädchen und Matrosen.

Chorus of Maids and Sailors.

Coro di Damigelle e Marinai.

Violoncello.

Contrabasso.

Senta, kommt bewegten Schrittes aus dem Hause; Ihr folgt Erik in der höchsten Aufregung.

Senta comes hurriedly out of the house, Erik following her in great agitation.

Senta esce di casa a passi concitati, la segue Erik nella massima costernazione.

Allegro agitato. $\text{♩} = 80.$

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Cor.
Fag.
Viol.
mf Erik.

Was musstich hö-ren! Gott, was musst ich seh'n! Ist's Täuschung? Wahrheit? ist es That?
 What hast thou told me! Heavens! what do I see! Am I dreaming? Waking? Is it true?
 A che, mio Di-o! a che son mai ri-dotto! È illu-sio-ne? è sog-no? è real-tà?

Senta.
Erik.

O fra-ge nicht! Ant-wort darf ich nicht ge-ben!
 Oh, ask me not! I have no an-swer to give thee!
 Nol chie-der, no! Nul-la ri-spon-der-ti non pos-so!

Gerech-ter
 Almight-y
 O giu-sto

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

treu - ste Herz! Dein Va - ter, ha! den Bräut - gam bracht' er mit, wohl kenn' ich ihn, mir ahn - te, was ge -
 faith - ful heart! Thy fa - ther! Ha! 'twas he that brought him here! Ha! 'tis too plain! The sea - man of my
 ro mio cor? Tuo pa - dre. ahimè! qui ti guidò lo sposo, io lo co - nobbi, presen - ti il fu -

schieht! Doch du Ist's möglich! rei - chest dei - ne Hand dem Mann, der dei - ne
 dream! But thou! Ah, Sen - ta! wilt thou give thy hand to one Whom till to -
 turol Ma - tu fia ma - i? Stender po - trai la man a un tal che oggi ap -

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

a tempo

a tempo

Senta.

Erik.

	in heftig-m innerem Kampfe.	Nicht weiter!	Schweig!	Ich muss!	ich muss!
	<i>struggling with herself.</i>	Be silent!	E - rik!	I must!	I must!
	in preda ad interna lotta.	Deh, ta - ci!	Ta - ci!	Lo devo!	Lo devo!

Schwel - le kaum be - trat!
day thine eyes had never seen?
 pena no - to ti fu?

Erik.

Oh, _____	des Ge-horsam's.	blind wie dei-ne	That!	Den Wink des	Va - ters nann-test du will -
Oh, _____	<i>weak o - bi - dience!</i>	Canst thou be so	blind!	Hast thou no	thought he - yond thy fa - ther's
Ah!	l'ob - be dien - za	trop - po ti fa	cieca!	Del ge - ni - tor	con gio - ja adempi il

kommen, mit ei - - - nem Stoss ver - nich - test du mein Herz!
hid-ding? Canst thou he - hold, un - moved, my breaking heart?
 cen-no, e a me - - - d'un col - po tu - - - distruggi il cor!

Nicht mehr! nicht mehr! Ich
 No more! No more! Wo
 Non più! Non più! Ve -

darf dich nicht mehr seh'n, nicht an dich den - ken, ho - - he Pflicht ge-beut's!
must not meet a - gain! I must for - get thee! 'Tis a ho - ly vow!
 der - ti piu non deggio, non più pen-sa-re a te, sa - - - cro ho un do-ver!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Ob
Cl.

Welch ho - he Pflicht? Ist's höh'-re nicht, zu hal - ten was du mir einst ge - lo - bet, e - wi - ge Treu - e?
A ho - ly vow! And were it not more ho - ly To keep the vow you swore. — to love me for e - ver?
 Sa - croondo-ver? Non e - ra sa - cro dun - que ser - bar la fe - del - tà — che mi hai pro - mes - sa?

Fl.

fp heftig erschrocken.
terrified. spaventato.

Wie? Ew'-ge Treu-e hätt' ich dir ge - lobt? *schmerzlich.*
What! Did I swear to love thee e - ver more! *in anguish.*
 Che? Fe - del - tà? te l'ho giu - ra - to io mai? *con dolore.*

ad lib.

Sen - ta! oh Sen - ta, lung - nest du?
 Sen - ta! Oh Sen - ta! Willt thou de - ny it?
 Sen - ta! O Sen - ta, vorrai men - tir?

B. Cavatine.

Andante. ♩ = 50.

Ob. Solo

Clar. *p espressivo*

Cor III.

Fag. *dim. p*

Viol. I. *pp p*

Viol. II. *pp p*

Viola. *pp p*

Erik.

Vcl. *pp p*

Cb. *pp p*

Andante. ♩ = 50.

Willst je - nes Tag's du nicht dich mehr ent - sin - nen, als du zu
 Dost thou no more re - mem - ber that sweet hour When in the
 Quelgiornohai for - se nell' ob - blio se - pol - to che dal - la

Cor. *pp*

Fag. *pp*

dir mich rie - fest in das Thal? Als, dir des Hoch - lands Blu - me zu ge - win - nen, muth - voll ich trug Be - schwer - den oh - ne
 vale to - ge - ther we did rest, And I, — to cull for thee some cho - sen flow - er, Scaled, un - dis - mayed, the rug - ged mountain -
 ru - pe mi chia - ma - stia te? Quan - do il fio - re del picco io t'ho rac - col - to sfi - dan - do ar - di - to il pe - - ri - gli - o - so

più animato

an, mei-nem Schutz — ver-trau-te er dich an. Als sich dein Arm um mei-nen Na-cken schlang, ge-stan-dest
me, - at the last — *commend-ed thee to me!* *Ah! when thine arms a - bout my neck were thrown, And from - my*
 sor, la fi - - - glia mia con-fi-do a te. Quan-do la te - - sta sul mio sen chi - na-vi giu-ran - do

più animato

rallent. a tempo

du mir Lie-be nicht auf's Neu? Was bei der Hän-de Druck mich hehr durch drang, sag! war's nicht die Ver-sich-rung dei-ner
side thou didst not ask to move, Whilst thy dear hand lay clasped with-in mine own, Didst thou not seal the pledge, the pledge of con-stant
 che fe-del sa-re-sti a me? Quan-do le mie nel - le tue man ser-ra-vi, non era io cer-to del tuo co-stante af-

rallent. a tempo

C. Finale.

Feroce. $\frac{2}{4} = 96$.

Picc.

entsetzt zurücktretend.
shrinking back in dread.
indietreggiando spaventato.

Erik.

Der Holländer hat ungesehen den vorigen Auftritt belauscht, in furchtbarer Aufregung tritt er jetzt hervor.
The Dutchman has overheard; he now comes forward, in fearful agitation.
L'Olandese che ha udito queste parole si precipita in preda ad una agitazione terribile.

Was seh ich! Gott!
Oh, hor-ror! Help!
Che veg-go? O ciel!

Holländer.

Ver - lo - ren!	Ach!	ver - lo - ren!	E - - wig-ver-lor'nes Heil!
Ah! false one!	Lost.	for e - ver!	Lost — is my hope of heav'n!
Per - du - to!	Ahi-mè!	per - du - to!	Ahi - - mè! per-du-to io son!

Feroce. $\frac{2}{4} = 96$.

The score consists of multiple staves. The top section is an orchestral introduction with a dynamic marking of *ff*. The vocal parts enter with the Dutchman's line: "Un - sel' - ger! zu Senta." followed by Senta's response: "Halt' ein! Stay Mo - di". The Dutchman then asks "Was beginnst du?" and Senta replies "Sen - ta, leb' wohl!". The Dutchman's final line is "In See! To sea! Sul mar," and Senta's final line is "Sen - ta, ad - dio!". The score concludes with a dynamic marking of *ff*.

sich dem Holländer in den Weg werfend.
throwing herself in the Dutchman's path.
gettandosi d'avanti l'Olandese.

Senta.

Halt' ein! Un - sel' - ger! zu Senta.
Stay I command thee! to Senta.
 Mo - di in - fe - li - ee! a Senta.

Was beginnst du?
Art thou rav-ing?
 Sen-ta, che fa - i?

Sen - ta, leb' wohl! In See! in See! in See für ew' - ge
Sen - ta, fare-well! To sea! To sea! to wan - der through the
 Sen - ta, ad - dio! Sul mar, sul mar! mi vuol l'e - ter - ni.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top three staves are vocal lines. The next four staves are piano accompaniment, with dynamics ranging from *f* to *ff*. The bottom three staves are additional piano accompaniment. The music is in a minor key and features complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic contrasts.

The second system continues the musical score. It features piano accompaniment on the top three staves and a vocal line on the bottom staff. The piano part includes dynamics such as *f*, *ff*, and *f mf*. The vocal line includes the following lyrics:

zu Senta.
to Senta.
a Senta.

Zeiten.
a-ges!
täl

Um dei-ne Treu-e ist's ge-than! um dei-ne Treu - e, um mein Heill
Thy faith is brok-en! Fare thee well! Thy faith is brok - en! I am lost.
Per quel-la fe-de-che non po - te-vi, che non po - te - - vi giu-ra-re a me!

The third system continues the piano accompaniment. It features two staves with dynamics ranging from *f* to *ff*. The music maintains the complex rhythmic and dynamic structure established in the previous systems.

colla parte a tempo

Senta.
 sich dem Holländer entgegen werfend.
throwing herself in the Dutchman's path.
 gettandosi d'avanti l'Olandese.

Erik.
 Halt ein! Von dan - nen sollst du
Ah stay! a-way from me thou
 Ah, no! Non fug - gi - rai di

Holl.
ad lib.
 Ent-setz-lich! die-ser Blick!
O hor-ror! What a look!
 Qual vi-sta! or - ror!

Leb' wohl! — Ich — will dich nicht ver - der - ben!
Fare - well! — Thou — shalt not pe - rish with me!
 Ad - di - - ol! Ad - di - ol vi - vi fe - li - cel!

ff colla parte a tempo

Orchestral score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with various instruments and dynamic markings like *ff* and *f*.

Orchestral score for the second system, showing more complex musical notation with sixteenth notes and dynamic markings.

nim - mer flichnt
shalt not go!
qui giam - mail

Der Holländer giebt ein gellendes Zeichen auf seiner Pfeife und ruft der Mannschaft des Schiffes zu.
The Dutchman signals to his crew.
L'Olandese dà un segnale a - noi marinai con un fischio.

Se - gel auf!
Spread the sails!
Su par - tiam

Anker los!
Off to sea!
fi - di miei!

Sagt Le - be - wohl auf
Now say fare - well to
Di - te alla ter - -

Orchestral score for the third system, continuing the musical notation with dynamic markings.

Molto agitato. $\text{♩} = 84.$

The musical score consists of several systems. The top system shows the instrumental introduction with dynamic markings *f* and *ff*. The second system introduces the vocal parts for Senta and Erik. Senta's part begins with the lyrics: "Ha! zweifelst du an mei-ner Treu-e? Un-Ha! dost thou fear I do not love thee? Thy Qual dubbiohaitu di tan-ta fe-de? Me-". Erik's part follows with: "Was hör' ich? Gott! was muss ich se-hen! What words are these! Can I be-lieve it! Che sen-to, o Dio! che vegg'io ma-i?". The bottom system continues the instrumental accompaniment and includes the lyrics: "E-wigkeit dem Lan-de! all on earth for e-ver! ra per sem-pre ad-di-o! Fort auf das Meer A-gain to sea! Sull'on-de ancor treibt's mich auf's Neu-e, Lost now for e-ver! an-drò va-gan-do,". The score concludes with the tempo marking "Molto agitato. $\text{♩} = 84.$ " and a *cresc.* marking.

The musical score consists of several staves. The vocal line (Soprano) has the following lyrics:

sel - - ger was verblen-det dich? Halt' ein! halt' ein!
 cru - - el wos how-made thee blind! Ah stay! Ah stay!
 schin! chi cie - - - co mai ti fà? Ah sì, ah sì,

Muss ich dem Ohr, muss ich dem Au-ge trau'n? Was hör' - - - ich?
 Is it a dream that now my sense be-guiles? What words - - - are
 A sen-si mie - - i cre-de-re po-trò? Che sen - - - to,

fort, auf das Meer treibt's mich auf's Neu-ø! Ich zweifl'an dir! Ich zweifl'an Gott! Ich zweifl' an dir, - - - ich zweifl'an
 Once more to sea! Lost now for e-ver! No faith in thee! No faith in heav'n! No faith in thee! - - - No faith in
 sull'onde an-cor an-drò va-gan-do! Non cre-do a te, non cre-do a Dio! Non cre - do a te, - - - non cre-do a

The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings such as *fp*, *f*, and *p*, and includes the instruction *più f* in several places.

halt' ein! das Bünd - niss nicht be - reu - e! Was ich ge - lob - - - te, hal - te ich. Halt
 I swear by all the powers a - bove thee, The pledge I give thee still shall bind! Ah
 ve - ra - ce (il ciel, il ciel mi ve - de) è la giu - ra - - - ta fe - del - tà. Ah

Gott! Sen - ta! Willst du zu Grunde gehen? Zu mir! zu mir! Du bist in Satans Klau'n! Zu
 these? Sen - ta! 'Tis not too late to sure thee! A - way to me! Thou'rt caught in Satans wiles! To
 Dio! Sen - ta! seascol - ta an - cor gli da - i... sei del di - mon, del di - mon che ti avvin - ghiò, del di -

Gott! Dahin, da - hin ist al - le Treu - e, was du ge - lobtest, war dir Spott! Was du gelobt,
 hear'n? In vain, in vain my last en - deu - cour! Thine oath to me was falsely given! Thine oath to me
 Dio! La pa - ce che vi - ve - - a spe - ran - do, la pa - ce mi - a or tol - ta mè dal destin rio,

ein! halt' ein! Ha! zwei - felst du an meiner Treu -
 stay! Ah stay! Ha! Dost thou fear I do not love
 si ah si! Qual dub - biohai tu di tan-tu fe -

mir! zu mir! Du bist in Satans Klau'n! Was hör'ich? Gott! Muss ich dem Ohr,
 me! To me! Thou'rt caught in Satan's wiles! What words were those! Is it a dream
 mon, del di-mon! che tut-ta'tav-vin-ghiò! Chesen-to, Dio! che veggio mai?

war dir nur Spott, es war dir Spott! Fort auf das Meer treibt's mich auf's Neu-e! Fort auf das
 was falsely given, was false - -ly given! Once more to sea! Lost now for e-ver! Once more to
 or tol-ta miè, or tol - - tan-è! Sull' on - de-an-cor! an - drò va - gan-do! Sull' on - de-an-

e? Un - sel - - - ger, was ver - blen - - det dich? Un - sel' - - - ger, Un - sel' - - ger,
 thee? Un - hap - - - py! What hath made thee blind! Un - hap - - - py! Un - hap - - py!
 de? Me - schi - - - no! chi cie - co ti fa? Me - schi - - - no, me - schi - no, chi

dem Au - ge traü'n! muss ich dem Ohr, dem Au - - ge traü'n, muss ich dem Ohr, dem Au - ge traü'n? O Gott!
 mysense be - guiles? Is it a dream my sense be - guiles? Is it a dream mysense be - guiles? O heaven!
 A' sen - si miei, a' sensi mie - - i cre - der po - trò a' sen - si mie - i cre - de - rò? O Dio!

Meer treibt es mich aufs Neu - e! Ich zweiff' an dir, ——— ich zweiff' an dir, ich zweiff' an Gott, ich zweiff' an
 sea! Lost now for e - ver! No faith in thee! ——— No faith in heav'n! No faith in thee! No faith in
 cor an - drò va - gan - do! Non cre - do a te, ——— non cre - do a te, non cre - do a Dio, non cre - do a

was ver-blen-det dich? Halt' ein, halt' ein! Das Bündniss nicht be-reu-e, wa-ich ge-lob-te
What hath made thee blind? Ah stay! I swear by all the powers a-bove thee, All that I pro-mised
 cie-co ti fa? Ah si, ah si! ve-ra-ceil ciel mi ve-de) è la giu-ra-ta mia

O Gott! Sen-ta! willst du zu Grunde ge-hen? Sen-ta! Sen-ta! willst du zu
O heaven! Sen-ta! 'Tis not too late to sure thee! Sen-ta! Sen-ta! Sen-ta! come
 O Dio! Sen-ta! sea-scol-toan-cor gli da-i, Sen-ta! Sen-ta! sea-scol-toan-

dir, ich zweifl'an Gott! Da-hin, da-hin ist al-le Treu-e! Was du ge-lob-test, war dir Spott,
thee! No faith in heaven! In vain! In vain my last en-dea-our! Thine oath to me was falsely gi'en, -
 te, non cre-do a Dio! La pa-ce che vi-vea spe-ran-do, or tol-ta m'è dal rio de-stin, -

hal - - - te ich! Halt ein! halt ein! Was ich ge - lob - - - te hal - -
 still shall bind! Ah stay! Ah stay! All that I pro - - - mised still
 fe - - - del - ta. Ah si, ah si! è la giu - ra - - - ta mia fe - -

Grun - - de gehn? Zu mir! Zu mir! Sen - - - ta zu mir! Du bist in Sa - -
 here to me! to me! to me! Come here to me! Thou art in Su - -
 cor gli dai, ahimè! ahimè! sei del di - mon che ti av - -

es war dir Spott! Was du ge - lob - - - test, was du ge - lob - - - test, war
 was falsely giv'n! Thine oath to me, thine oath to me was false - -
 or tol-ta mè, si, tol-ta mè, la pa - - - ce, la pa - - - ce tol - -

- - te ich; was ich ge - lob - te, hal - te ich, was ich ge - lob - te, hal - te ich! Halt' ein! ——— halt' ein! ———
 - - shall bind, it still shall bind, it still shall bind! All that I promised still shall bind! Ah stay! ——— Ah stay! ———
 - - del - - tà, ah sì! ve - ra - ce è la mia fe, è la giu - ra - ta mia fe - del - tà! Ah sì, ——— ve - ra - -

- - tan's Klau'n! Zumir! Willst du zu Grun - de geh'n? Zu mir! Du bist in Sa - tan's Klau'n! Zu mir, zu
 - - tan's wiles! Ah come! Wilt thou not come to me? Ah come! Thou art in Sa - tan's wiles! Ah come! Ah
 - - vin - ghiò! Ahimè! seas - col - toan - cor gli dai, ahimè! sei del di - mon! ahimè, ahimè

- - dir Spott! Da - hin, da - hin ist al - le 'Trene! Was du ge - lob - test, war dir Spott, was du ge - lobt, war dir
 - - ly giòn! In vain in vain my lust en - deavour! Thine oath to me was false - ly giòn, false - ly
 - - ta mè! Non cre - doa te, non cre - doa Di - o, la pace mia or tol - ta mè dal destin ri - o ah

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The middle system features a string quartet (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Cello/Double Bass). The bottom system includes a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The score is marked with dynamic indications such as *f*, *ff*, and *ff* *as.*. The lyrics are provided in German and English.

— Was ich ge - lob - - te, hal - te ich! Un - - - sel'ger! - halt' ein!
 — The oath I gave — thee still shall bind! Ah, hear me! Ah, stay!
 — ce è la giu - ra - - ta fe - del - tà! Me - - - schi - no! me - - - schin!

mir! Du bist in Sa - tan's Klau'n! Willst du zu Grunde geh'n? Du bist in Satan's Klau'n!
 come! Thou art in Sa - tan's wiles! Wilt thou not come to me? Thou'rt caught in Sa - tan's wiles!
 mè! se - i del di - - mon! se - i del di - mon! che ti av - vin - ghiò!

Spott, was du ge - lo - bet, war dir Spott! Da - hin, da - hin! E - - wig da - hin!
 gi'e! Thine oath to me, was false - ly gi'e! A - way! a - way! Lost e - ver - more!
 sì dal de - stin ri - o tol - ta mè, la pa - - - ce tol - - ta or mè!

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The upper systems feature piano accompaniment with various instruments, including strings and woodwinds, marked with a forte (*ff*) dynamic. The lower systems include a vocal line with lyrics in three languages: German, Italian, and French. The lyrics are as follows:

wahr:
 time!
 me!
 Verdammt bin ich zumgrässlichstender Loo-se, zehnfacher Tod war mir erwünschte Lust!
 Condemned am I to tor-ture un-re-lenting! Death were a boon for which I long in vain!
 Dan-na-to io son al più crudel mar-ti-ro, die-ci mor-ti sa-rien per me un fa-vor!

Lento.

Lento

trem.

Vom Fluch ein Weib al-lein kann mich er-lö-sen, ein Weib, das Treu-bis in den Tod mir hält. Wohl hast du Treue mir ge-
 My fate a woman's love a-lone can al-ter, A love that un-to death shall still be true. Such is the love thou'st to
 U-na don-na sal-var - mi — an-cor po-treb-be che a me fos-se fe-del fi-no al-la mor - te. Fe - den-thai tu giu-rata è

Lento.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Allegro.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are vocal lines, mostly containing rests. The next four staves are for the piano, with dynamic markings of *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The bottom two staves are for the bass, also containing rests.

The second system continues the piano accompaniment. It features four staves with dynamic markings of *ff* and *f*. The music is in 6/8 time and shows a progression of chords and melodic lines.

lobt, doch — vor dem E - wi-gennoch nicht: dies ret - tet dich! Denn wiss', Un-sel'ge, welches das Ge-
 me! But — by the Ho-ly Name thou hast not sworn! Thou still art free! For know, un-happy girl, the awful
 ver... ma — non da - van - ti all' E - terno... e ciò ti sal - va! Pe - rò tu dei sa-per qual sia la

The third system includes the vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is on a single staff with lyrics. The piano accompaniment consists of two staves with dynamic markings of *f* and *ff*. The tempo marking "Allegro." is repeated at the beginning of this system.

Tempo I.

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are empty. The third and fourth staves contain notes with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The fifth and sixth staves also contain notes with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The seventh and eighth staves contain notes with a pianissimo (*pp*) dynamic marking. The ninth and tenth staves contain notes with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking.

fp

dim.

riten.

fp

dim.

f

ff

ff

fp

dim.

f

ff

ff

fp

dim.

pp

f

ff

ff

ritard. portamento

Zahl-lo-se O - pfer fie - lendie-sem Spruch durch mich!
 Countless the victims that thus have met their doom through me!
 Fu - ro in - nu - me - ri vit - ti - me dan - na - te per mè!

Du — a - ber sollst ge - ret - tet sein! Leb wohl!
 Thou — shalt not! Thou shalt still be saved! Fare well!
 Ma — sal - va, sal - va tu sa - rai! Ad - dio!

fp

dim.

pp

f

ff

ff

fp

dim.

f

ff

ff

Tempo I.

Orchestral score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and dynamic markings like 'f'.

Orchestral score for the second system, including dynamic markings such as 'colla parte tempo', 'f', and 'fp'.

Senta, *den Holländer aufhaltend.*
holding the Dutchman back.
nella più viva agitazione.

Wohl kenn' ich dich! wohl kenn'ich dein Ge-schick; ich kann-te dich, als ich zu-erst dich
Ah! do not go! *Long have I known thy doom!* *Well knew I thee. ere I had seen thy*
Ben ti co-no - - sco, co-no - - sco la tua i-sto-ria, ti co-no-sce - - va pri-ma che ti ve-

Orchestral score for the third system, including dynamic markings like 'f'.

The musical score consists of several systems. The top system is an orchestral arrangement with multiple staves for strings and woodwinds. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) and *ff* (fortissimo). The second system continues the orchestral part, with dynamic markings *f* and *ff*. The third system introduces vocal parts with the instruction *tempo colla parte* and dynamic markings *f* and *ff*. The fourth system contains the lyrics in three languages: Italian, German, and English. The fifth system continues the vocal parts with dynamic markings *f* and *ff*.

Auf Eriks Hilferuf sind Daland, Mary und die Mädchen aus dem Hause, die Matrosen von dem Schiffe herbeigeeilt.
 At Erik's cry, Daland, Mary and the maids rush out of the house, and the Sailors come from the ship.
 Alle grida di Erik sono accorsi Dalando, Mary le Dainigelle, Marinai discesi dalla nave.

sah! Das En-de dei-ner Qual ist da!
 face! Thy bit-ter torments now shall end!
 des-si! Qui fi - ne hail tuo ca - sti- go:

Ich bin's durch de-ren Treu dein Heil du finden
 I am she whose faithful love shall save thy soul at
 Ah! son i - o, son i - o che sal-vo ti fa-

p cresc.
cresc.
Solo.
a2 p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
f mf
f mf

Senta.
sollst.
last.
rà!
Mary.

Was erblick' ich!
Heaven help us!
Chevegg' i - o?

Erik.
Helft ihr! — Sie ist ver - lo - ren!
Ah, help! — Help me to save her!
Soe - cor - so! Ell' è per - du - ta!

Holländer.
zu Senta.
to Senta.
a Senta.

Daland.
Du — kennst mich nicht, du ahn'st
Thou — dost not know, thou canst —
Non — mi co - nosci! Non sai —

Was er - blick' — ich!
Heaven help — us!
Chevegg' i - - - - o?

Gott!
Help!
Dio!

Soprani.
Was er - blick' — ich!
Heaven help — us!
Chevegg' i - - - - o?

Tenori.
Was er - blick' — ich!
Hea - - ven help — us!
Che - vegg' i - - - - o?

Bassi.
Was er - blick' — ich!
Hea - ven help — us!
Chevegg' i - - - - o?

p cresc.
p cresc.

in G. (Sol.)

in D. (Ré)

Er deutet auf sein Schiff, dessen blutrothe Segel aufgespannt werden und dessen Mannschaft in gespenstischer Regsamkeit die Abfahrt vorbereitet.
He points to his ship, where the blood-red sails are set and the spectral crew are busy preparing for departure.
 Egli mostra la sua nave, di cui sono spiegate le vele rosse, e l'equipaggio è intento a prepararsi alacramente per la partenza.

Holländer.

— nicht wer ich bin!	Be-frag' die Mee- Go ask the waves	re al-ler Zo-nen, in cud-less mo-tion,	be-frag' den Seemann, der den Go ask the sai-lor whose
— not know my name!	Lo chie-diai	mar del mondo in-te-ro,	il chiedi al noc-chie-ro che
— chi io mi sia!			

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The first system of the score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for the vocal line, and the bottom five are for the piano accompaniment. The music is in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The vocal line begins with a rest, followed by a melodic phrase starting on the fourth measure. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines.

The second system continues the musical score with ten staves. It features a similar structure to the first system, with vocal and piano parts. The vocal line has a rest in the first measure, followed by a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment continues with harmonic support.

The third system consists of a single staff of music, likely representing a specific instrument or a vocal line. It contains a melodic phrase with various note values and rests.

O - ce - an durch - strich! Er kennt dies Schiff; das Schrecken al - ler Frommen: den flie - gen - den Hol - län - der
home is on the sea! *Woll' doth he know this ter - ror of the o - cean, "The Fly - ing Dutchman!"*
 l'o - ce - an sol - cò, questa nave ei co - no - sce e n'ha ter - ro - re: L'O - lan - de - se vo - lan - te

The fourth system consists of two staves, likely representing a specific instrument or a vocal line. It contains a melodic phrase with various note values and rests.

The score consists of multiple staves. The top section is an orchestral introduction with various instruments including strings, woodwinds, and brass. Key markings include 'in G (Sol) a2', 'a2', 'f', 'p', and 'in D (Ré)'. The vocal parts enter with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The Dutch crew's part features a rhythmic chant of 'Hoe! Hoe!'.

Mary.

Erik. Der Holländer gelangt mit Blitzesschnelle an Bord seines Schiffes, welches augenblicklich die Küste verlässt und in See geht. Senta will dem Holländer nacheilen. Daland, Erik und Mary halten sie zurück. *Sen - ta! Sen - ta! Sen - ta!*

Daland. *Swift as lightning the Dutchman springs on board his ship, which immediately puts to sea. Senta rushes towards the Dutchman, but is held back by Daland, Erik and Mary.* *Sen-ta! Sen-tal Sen-tal*

Holl. *Colla celerità del lampo sale a bordo del suo vascello, che s'allontana nello stesso momento fra le grida dell' equipaggio. Tutti rimangono immobili, e presi di spavento. Senta si sforza di sfuggire dalle mani di Dalando e di Erik che la trattengono.* *Sen - ta! Sen - ta! Sen - ta!*

nennt man mich.
I am he!
quel io son.

Die Mannschaft des Holländers. Jo - ho - hoe! Jo - ho - ho - hoe! Ho - jo - ho - hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!
The Dutchmen. Yo - ho - hoe! Yo - ho - ho - hoe! Ho - jo - ho - hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!
L'Equipaggio dell' Olandese. Jo - ho - hoe! Jo - ho - ho - hoe! Ho - jo - ho - hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe!

Sen - ta! Sen - ta! Sen - ta!
Sen - ta! Sen - ta! Sen - ta!

colla parte

The score consists of multiple staves of music. The upper staves are instrumental, with dynamics such as *cresc.*, *ff*, and *più f*. The lower staves feature vocal lines for Senta, with lyrics in German, Italian, and English. The lyrics describe Senta tearing herself away from the Dutchman and calling to him from a cliff. The score includes performance instructions like *colla parte* and *ad lib*.

Lyrics:

Senta hat sich mit wütender Gewalt losgerissen und erreicht ein in das Meer vorstehendes Felsenriff; von da ruft sie mit aller Kraft dem absegelnden Holländer nach. Preis deinen Engel und sein Gebot! Preise thou that an-gel throned on high! Si av-ve-ri quan-to pro-mi-se il ciel!

Sen - ta! Was willst du thun? With frenzied strength Senta tears herself away and rushes to the top of a cliff overhanging the sea; with all her force she calls after the Dutchman as he sails away.

Sen - ta! What wouldst thou do?

Sen - ta! Che far vuoi tu?

Senta si è liberata alla fine: sale sulla punta di una roccia che isorge sull mare: di là grida con tutta la forza possibile all' Olandese che si allontana.

Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hui - - - ssa!
 Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hui - - - ssa!
 Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hoe! Hui - - - ssa!

The musical score consists of several systems. The first system includes a Timp (Tympani) part and a Tantom (Tantam) part, both marked *ff* (fortissimo). The second system features a vocal line with lyrics in German, Italian, and English, and an accompanying instrumental line. The lyrics are: "Hier steh ich, treu — dir bis zum Tod! Sie stürzt sich in das Meer; sogleich versinkt das Schiff des Holländers mit aller Mannschaft. Das Meer schwillt hoch auf und sinkt dann in einem Wirbel wieder zurück. She throws herself into the sea; immediately the Dutchman's ship disappears in the waves. The sea rises high, and is then drawn down in a whirlpool. Si precipita nel mare; nello stesso momento la nave dell'Olandese sprofonda e sparisce." The score is marked with dynamic levels *f* (forte) and *fff* (fortississimo).

Clarinetten in C. (Ut)
 in G. (Sol)
 in D. (Ré)
 in D. (Ré)

Timp.

Arpa.

Im Glührot der aufgehenden Sonne sieht man über den Trümmern des Schiffes die verklärten Gestalten Senta's und des Holländer's sich umschlungen haltend dem Meere entsteigen und aufwärts schweben.
In the red light of the rising sun, the glorified forms of Senta and the Dutchman are seen, in a close embrace, rising from the wreck of the vessel and soaring upwards.

In lontananza, si vedono elevarsi dall' onde l'Olandese e Senta abbracciati e trasfigurati in mezzo a raggi di una luce vivissima.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page features a complex arrangement of staves. The top section includes vocal lines with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *sempre ff*, and piano accompaniment with *cresc.* markings. The middle section shows a grand staff with piano accompaniment, including a bass line with *tr* (trills) and *ff* dynamics. The bottom section continues the piano accompaniment with various dynamic markings like *p*, *ff*, and *sempre ff*. The score is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image displays a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera "Der Fliegende Holländer". The page is numbered 401 at the bottom center. The score is arranged in two systems of staves. The first system includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. The vocal lines are written in treble and bass clefs, with dynamic markings such as *f* and *ff*. The piano accompaniment is written in treble and bass clefs, featuring complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings like *f*, *ff*, and *molto marcato*. The second system continues the piano accompaniment, with dynamic markings like *ff* and *molto marcato*. The score is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 2/4. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

This musical score page contains two systems of staves. The first system consists of ten staves, with the top two staves for vocal parts and the remaining eight for the orchestra. The second system consists of five staves, primarily for the orchestra. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamic marking *ff* (fortissimo) is used in several places, and *sempre ff* (sempre fortissimo) is used in the lower staves of the second system. The notation includes slurs, ties, and other standard musical symbols.

Un poco ritenuto.

Un poco ritenuto.

Eine blendende Glorie erleuchtet die Gruppe im Hintergrunde; Senta erhebt den Holländer, drückt ihn an die Brust und deutet mit der Hand wie mit ihrem Blicke himmelwärts. Das leise immer höher gerückte Felsenriff nimmt unmerklich die Gestalt einer Wolke an.

A dazzling radiance illuminates the group in the background. Senta raises the Dutchman, presses him to her breast, and points upwards, with her eyes raised to heaven. The cliff-line is gradually raised higher and higher and imperceptibly assumes the form of a cloud.

Una aureola, abbagliante illumina il gruppo nello sfondo; Senta rialza l'Olandese, lo stringe al seno e gli addita colla mano e collo sguardo il cielo.

Il sottostante banco di scogli, che si innalza sempre più, assume insensibilmente la forma di una nuvola.

Un poco ritenuto.

Anhang.

Supplement for p. 384, measure 6 to p. 390, measure 4

♩ = 104. Recit.

Piccolo.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinetti in B (Si).

Corni ventil in F (Fa).

Corni ordin. in C (Ut).

Fagotti.

Trombe ventil in F (Fa).

3 Tromboni.

Tuba.

Timpani F u. C (Fa Ut).

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viola.

Holländer.

Violoncellò.

Contrabasso.

Er - fah-re das Geschick, vor dem ich dich be - wahr:
Now learn my awful fate, and thou, be warned in time!
Ap - prendi qual de-stin ti le-ga a-des-so a me!

♩ = 104. Recit.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top seven staves (treble clefs) contain rests. The eighth staff (treble clef) has a melodic line starting with a *Lento* marking and a *pp* dynamic. The ninth staff (bass clef) has a corresponding accompaniment line. The tenth staff (bass clef) contains rests.

The second system consists of three staves. The top staff (treble clef) has a tremolo accompaniment marked *Lento trem.* and *pp*. The middle staff (treble clef) has a tremolo accompaniment marked *trem.* and *pp*. The bottom staff (bass clef) has a tremolo accompaniment marked *trem.* and *pp*.

The third system features a vocal line in the bass clef, marked *Lento*. The melody is written in a single line with various note values and rests.

Vom Fluch ein Weib al - lein — kann mich er - lö - sen, ein Weib, das Tren' bis in den Tod mir hält. Wohl -
 My fate a wo - man's love — a - lone can al - ter, A love that un - to death shall still be true. Such -
 U - na don - na sal - var - mi — an - cor po - treb - be chea me fos - se fe - del fi - no al - la mor - te. Fe -

The fourth system consists of two staves, both containing rests.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

The image shows a page of a musical score for Wagner's opera 'Der Fliegende Holländer'. It consists of two systems of staves. The first system has ten staves, and the second system has three staves. The music is in 6/8 time and features various instruments and a vocal line. The lyrics are provided in German, English, and Italian.

Lyrics:

— hast du Treue mir ge - lobt,	doch — vor dem E - wi - gen noch nicht:	dies ret - tet
— is the love thou swor'st to me!	But — by the Ho - ly Name thou hast not sworn!	Thou still art
- de m'hai tu giu - rata è ver,....	ma — non , da - van - ti all' E - ter - no....	e ciò ti

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top four staves are for vocal parts, with dynamics starting at *f* and moving to *ff* in the final measure. The next four staves are for piano accompaniment, with dynamics starting at *f* and moving to *ff*. The bottom two staves are for bass instruments, also starting at *f* and moving to *ff*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic markings.

The second system of the musical score consists of three staves, primarily for piano accompaniment. The dynamics are marked as *f mf*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs and accents.

dich! Denn wiss', Unsel'ge, welches das Ge-schick, das Je - ne trifft die mir die Treu-e bre - chen: Ew' - ge Ver -
free! For know, unhappy girl, the awful doom That waits for those that once that oath have bro - ken! End - less per -
 sal - val! Pe - rò tu dei sa - per qual sia la sorte di quel - le don - ne che la fè m'han rot - ta: e - ter - na danna.

The third system of the musical score consists of two staves for bass instruments. The dynamics are marked as *f*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs and accents.

Wagner — Der Fliegende Holländer

Tempo I.

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The top system includes a vocal line and multiple instrumental staves. The vocal line begins with the lyrics: "sollst ge-ret - tet sein! Leb' wohl! Fahr' hin, mein Heil, in E - - wig-keit!" followed by "Thou shalt still be - saved! Fare - - well! Fare - well foud hope! for e - - ver - more!" and "sal - va tu sa - rai! Ad - - dio! Ri - tor - no al - la mia pe - na e - ter - - na!". The score includes dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f*, and performance instructions like "(zum Abgang gewandt.) (turning to go.) (per fuggire.)" and *ad libitum*. The key signature changes to D major, indicated by "in D".

Tempo I.